The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

Adjournment of the Zollverein Diet and Speech of King William.

Progress of the Evacuation of Abyssinia by the British Forces.

Recovery of Prince Alfred and Execution of His Assailant.

GERMANY.

Adjournment of the Zollverein—Closing Speech of King William of Prussia.

BERLIN, Saturday, May 23.

The Zollverein Diet has adjourned. The session was closed by King WILLIAM of Prussia, who made the customary speech, in which he said that he "hoped the results of the session would strengthen the sentiments of mutual trust between the peoples of the various States of the Confederation; destroy the prejudices which have existed in some portions of the country; and prove that the Germans, though apart in some interests, were one people in warm brotherly feeling." The King closed by saying that "the rights intrusted to him by Germany would be sacredly exercised as his highest rule of action."

SWEDEN.

Protest Against an United States Supreme Court Decision.

STOCKHOLM, Saturday, May 23.

The Swedish *Aftonbladet*, an official newspaper published in this city, says in its issue of yesterday, that the Government of Sweden must protest against the judgment in the case of the British bark *Springbok* by the Supreme Court of the United States, as a bad precedent in maratime law.

ABYSSINIA.

Progress of the Evacuation—The British Advance Corps at Zoula.

LONDON, Saturday, May 23.

Sir STAFFORD NORTHCOTE, Secretary of State for India, received to-day an official dispatch from Gen. Sir ROBERT NAPIER, commander of the Abyssinian expedition, dated at Ashange on the 5th of May.

The General had just arrived at that point with the rear guard of the returning British forces.

The advance had reached Zoula, and the Fifth and Eighth native infantry had already embarked for Bombay.

The remainder of the troops and the stores, which were being hastened forward, would be shipped from Zoula as rapidly as possible, and the evacuation of the country would soon be effected.

The wounded men were doing well, and rapidly becoming convalescent.

The troops generally were in good health.

AUSTRALIA.

Recovery of Prince Alfred—Execution of his Assailant.

LONDON, Saturday, May 23—Evening.

Telegrams from Sydney, received this evening in anticipation of the overland mail, say that Prince ALFRED left for England in command of his ship, the steam frigate *Galatea*. He was quite well. FARRELL, the attempted assassin of the Prince, was executed on the 22d of April.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Prove an Alibi in the Case of Barrett.

LONDON, Sunday, May 24.

The efforts to prove an *alibi* in the case of BARRETT, the Clerkenwell conspirator, have failed, and his execution will take place at the expiration of the week for which he was respited.

JAPAN.

The Accident to the Great Republic—Yeddo Still Closed to Foreigners.

LONDON, Sunday, May 24.

Dispatches from Yokohama, Japan, to the 10th of April, *via* Hong Kong and Calcutta, have just been received here.

The Pacific mail steamship *Great Republic* had arrived at Yokohoma from San Francisco disabled.

Yeddo was still closed against foreigners on account of the civil trouble in Japan.

NOTE.—The above Japanese news received in London was anticipated in New-York by the arrival of the Pacific Mail steamer *New-York* at San Francisco on the 18th inst. She brought dates to the 28th ult. from Yokohama. A full report of her news, which was eighteen days later than that received to-day in London, was published last Tuesday morning in the New-York papers, having been telegraphed from San Francisco. New-York has thus anticipated London by nearly three weeks in the receipt of intelligence from Japan.—ED. TIMES.

MEXICO.

Disturbances at La Paz—Affairs at Mazatlan—Misery and Disorder Prevailing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, May 23.

The steamer *Sierra Nevada*, from Mexican ports, brings advices to the 11th instant, from Lower California.

The Ex-Collector of La Paz had returned with a force of 200 troops under Gen. DAVALOS, who took possession of the Custom House and Government archives, and seized and imprisoned the acting Governor, who is accused of conspiracy to transfer the country to the Americans; but the cause of this action is not clear. A correspondent suggests that it may be on account of admitting cargoes of European goods at a reduction from the regular duties.

The general news from Mexico is unimportant, and has been anticipated from the East by telegraph.

The steamship *Montana*, from Panama, brings Mazatlan dates of May 14. Order has reigned in that city since the reinstatement of Gov. RUBI. Gen. CORONA had arrived with 1,800 men, increasing the garrison to 3,000 men.

At Mazatlan feasting and public enjoyment ruled the day; but the news from the interior was gloomy. Great misery and disorder still prevailed; nevertheless many plans of public improvement were talked of, and new railroads and telegraph lines were projected.

The United States steamer *Resaca* was at Mazatlan, having arrived there from Guaymas.

At Tepic Gen. TOLEDO and several others had been imprisoned by order of the Federal Government.

Laborers' Strike at West Rutland, Vt.

RUTLAND, Vt., Sunday, May 24.

The Irish laborers at the West Rutland (Vt.) marble quarries to the number of several hundred, having struck for higher wages, the owners of the quarries, instead of acceding to their demands, sent agents to Canada and engaged about 500 Frenchmen to work the quarries. This has caused much ill feeling among the Irish, who threaten destruction to the place. The authorities are on the alert and will promptly quell any disturbances that may occur.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

The Recent Volcanic Eruption—Its Effects at Kakuka—Aid for the Sufferers—Reduction of Interest on Unspecified Contracts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, May 23.

The steamship *Idaho* brings Sandwich Island dates to May 9.

The Honolulu *Gazette* says: "Accounts up to April 29 have been received of the volcanic action in the Island of Hawaii. The earthquakes were less violent and frequent, although the whole island was still agitated with light vibrations, and two strong shocks were felt as far as Honolulu. There were reports that lava had again broken out, but they were not credited."

Full details of the eruption at Mauna Loa confirm the accounts previously received.

At Kakuka, on the 7th of April, the lava again burst forth through a fissure nearly three miles long, and ran in a few hours twelve miles from a height of 3,800 feet to the sea, forming a solid projection one half a mile in length.

The Hawaiian Assembly was considering a proposition to offer a subsidy equal to that given by the United States, to induce the running of a second steamer to and from San Francisco.

Collections of money were being taken up for the relief of the sufferers by the earthquakes. At Honolulu $3,000 had been raised in response to a personal appeal from Queen EMMA.

The Legislature has passed an act reducing the total interest to 9 per cent. on all unspecified contracts. The savings banks at once reduced the interest on deposits to 6 per cent.

The steamship *Idaho* brings a full return cargo, consisting mostly of sugars.

CRETE.

Victories of the Cretans—Misery of Refugees in Greece.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 24.

According to the latest Cretan accounts just received here, a battle was fought on the 4th of April, on the plain of Heraclion, in which 3,000 Cretans repulsed a vastly superior number of Turks, who were supported by the regular Circassian cavalry. The English man-of-war *Trinculo* witnessed this battle. On the 6th of April the Cretans achieved another victory at Rhetymus. Other battles took place at Setino and at Velondaki. In the latter the Turks had four hundred men killed and wounded.

The sixty thousand refugee Cretan families in Greece were exposed to great misery. The Greek Government has so far spent $3,000,000 to save them from starvation.

GRANT AND COLFAX.

Republican Ratification Meeting at Pittsburg, Penn.

PITTSBURG, Sunday, May 24.

A very large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held in this city last night, to ratify the nomination of GRANT and COLFAX. Several distinguished speakers were present. Resolutions were adopted heartily approving the principles contained in the platform adopted by the Chicago Convention as worthy the support of all the loyal men of the Union; recognizing Gen. GRANT and SCHUYLER COLFAX candidates worthy the support of the people who desire peace and harmony among the States of the Union; heartily responding to the pledge made by the Alleghany County delegates at Chicago, to give in November next a loyal majority of ten thousand votes for GRANT and COLFAX and the Union.

California Indorsement of the Action of the Chicago Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, May 23.

The steamship *Sierra Nevada* brought $1,000,000 in Mexican coin.

The steamship *Colorado* has been substituted for the *New-York* for the next trip to China, and will sail on June 3.

The Republican journals of California and Nevada all express their hearty approval of the Chicago nominees and the platform. Some of the Democratic journals admit the great popularity of Gen. GRANT. The Union journals which opposed GORHAM last Fall, all sustain GRANT and COLFAX.

Legislative Acts Disapproved by Gov. Fenton.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sunday, May 24.

The following acts, passed by the last Legislature, were sent from the Executive chamber to the office of the Secretary of State yesterday evening, without the signature of the Governor, and are therefore dead:

Incorporating the Rhinebeck and Rondout Ice Bridge and Passenger Company.

To aid in the construction of the New-York Northern Railroad, and to facilitate the improvement of the wilderness through which it is projected.

To aid in the construction of the Buffalo and Washington Railway.

To provide for the completion of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad.

The Presbyterian General Assembly at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, May 24.

In the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church yesterday, the report of the Board of Directors of the Columbian Theological Seminary were presented. The Committee on Finance, the Treasurer of the Publication Board, the Board of Trustees of the Assembly, and the Committee on Evangelical Labors, all presented reports, which were read and adopted. No other business of importance was transacted.

Drowned Man at Bay Ridge, L. I.

FORT HAMILTON, Sunday, May 24.

The body of a man was found at Bay Ridge to-day. His age was about 25 years, and he had light hair, red moustache, and was dressed in red flannel undershirt, striped woolen shirt, white overshirt, woolen pants, striped socks, and calfskin boots. An inquest was held by Justice BENNETT, and a verdict of "found drowned" rendered.

Arrest in Boston of an Alleged Thief.

BOSTON, Sunday, May 24.

THOMAS CLARK, *alias* Dublin Joe, charged with being a thief and pickpocket, was arrested last night by State Constables MOONEY and MAGUIRE, after a severe tussel, during which he attempted to wrest a revolver from MAGUIRE, when it exploded, lodging a bullet in the officer's leg. The wound is not serious. CLARK was locked up.

Progress of the Union Pacific Railroad.

OMAHA, Nebraska, Sunday, May 24

The Union Pacific Railroad has been completed and opened to business six hundred miles west from Omaha. Sixty miles have been built this Spring. The company have a larger force of laborers at work than ever before.

Quarantine at New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sunday, May 24.

Quarantine has been established against all the ports of Nicaragua, Central America and Vera Cruz.

Base Ball Contest at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, May 23.

The contest for the Western championship between the Cincinnati and Buckeye Base Ball Clubs, took place to-day, and resulted in the defeat of the Buckeyes, the score standing—Cincinnati 28, Buckeye 10.

Rise in the Connecticut River—President Johnson and the Knights Templar of Springfield, Mass.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sunday, May 24.

The recent excessive rains have raised the Connecticut River to a point higher than before this year, and considerable damage has been done to the crops on the meadows. The rain still continues.

Dr. J. G. HOLLAND, of this city, sails on Wednesday for a two years' residence in Europe.

The Knights Templar of this city received an autograph letter from President JOHNSON to-day declining their invitation to the grand celebration of St. John's Day, June 24, in which Encampments from all the New-England States will participate.

The Robbery of an Adams Express Car.

LOUISVILLE, Sunday, May 24.

The total amount abstracted from the safes of Adams Express Company in their car on the Jeffersonville Road night before last, reached $56,000 25; of which $13,000 were from Nashville, and the remainder was from Louisville.

Shooting Affray at Memphis, Tenn.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sunday, May 24.

A burglar named CURLIN, who was under bonds for cattle stealing, was shot and killed to-day. A negro constable shot and mortally wounded another negro who tried to escape after being arrested this evening.

WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 24.

IMPEACHMENT.

It is not yet at all certain what will be done about impeachment on Tuesday. Three at least of the Managers hope it will then be finally disposed of in some way, and many Members of Congress have received letters expressing the same desire. These three Managers say that, so far as they know, the Committee does not contemplate any action looking to further postponement. Several Senators, including both impeachment and anti-impeachment men, believe it will be for the best interests of all concerned to finish up the matter on that day.

Messrs. BUTLER, WILLIAMS and STEVENS are the active members of the Managers, and Gen. BUTLER is understood to be spending the evening in getting up a preliminary report on the subject of their investigation. He says in private conversation that the evidence they have taken is highly important, but two or three of his associates add that it is not important enough to affect the question of impeachment. Mr. STEVENS bases his new article on the President's use of public patronage, and his friends say he will have the document in presentable shape by to-morrow morning. Mr. WILLIAMS stated today that he and Mr. STEVENS would lay three additional articles before the Managers to-morrow, and urge their adoption, and if defeated there, they will appeal to the House. Messrs. BOUTWELL and WILSON regard impeachment as dead, and want it buried as quietly and as decently as possible. Mr. BINGHAM don't know much about the investigation, as he has been unwell most of the time since it began. Gen. LOGAN has been out of the city for ten days, but is expected back in the morning. The Managers will then hold a meeting to decide what shall be done about presenting new articles and adopting preliminary reports. Mr. BINGHAM, the Chairman, says this evening that he has no idea any further article will be taken to the Senate at present. Some of the Radical Senators are to have a consultation to-morrow evening, to decide what shall be done on Tuesday.

Messrs. FESSENDEN, GRIMES, TRUMBULL, HENDERSON, FOWLER and VAN WINKLE, of the Republicans who voted against the eleventh article, have filed their opinions, from which it appears that they are all against every article. Mr. ROSS has not yet presented his opinion, and some of the more sanguine impeachers profess to believe that he will vote for the second and third articles. This view is not, however, shared by Republicans generally. His colleague states that he has sent a letter to some of his constituents asking them to suspend judgment in his case till the final vote has been taken, from which some persons jump to a conclusion that he is going to declare for conviction on some of the articles.

The Managers will have to deal with Mr. WOOLEY's affair to-morrow. He is now out of the city, and if he does not return to-night they propose to ask an order for his arrest. If he appears, and still refuses to testify, they will bring the matter in and ask that he be compelled to give evidence. There is also a report among Democrats that POMEROY is to be overhauled in the Senate for his alleged attempt at bribery, and some of his friends say that he himself may make a statement and ask an investigation.

Senator SUMNER will to-morrow file an elaborate opinion in support of the conviction of ANDREW JOHNSON.

The Managers of Impeachment have made another requisition upon the Western Union Telegraph Office for telegrams passing between certain parties named by the Managers, but the Company has declined to make any further exhibit of private telegrams unless they should be compelled to do so by due process of law.

RECONSTRUCTION.

The general question of bringing in the Southern States has been a good deal debated among Republicans for the last three or four days. Gen. GRANT and Mr. COLFAX both favor the speedy admission of such as have complied with the Reconstruction acts and can present acceptable Constitutions. There are some persons, however, who profess to believe that the true interest of the Republican Party will best be subserved by deliberate action in this matter.

The unanimity with which restoration bills have been put through the House may, it is believed, be taken as a general indication of the feeling in the Senate, and an effort will probably be made in that body to-morrow to get up the Arkansas bill. It seems pretty certain that the Senate will finally agree with the House in ordering a new election in Alabama, but that the other reconstructed States will be admitted before July.

THE NEW INTERNAL TAX BILL.

The new Internal Tax bill is now in the hands of Commissioner ROLLINS, who, with several of his leading assistants, is going carefully through it for the purpose of correcting errors and suggesting changes. If the bill is not brought up in the House for some days these amendments will be laid before the Ways and Means Committee for their consideration, otherwise they will be put into the hands of the Chairman to be moved in the House at the proper time. A Sub-Committee of Ways and Means, consisting of Messrs. SCHENCK, HOOPER and ALLISON, is also going over the bill in conjunction with special Commissioner WELLS, and will probably present several amendments, some of them being of an important character.

When the measure is taken up for action the question of reducing the tax on whisky may possibly be voted on again in committee, though the chances are that a determination on this matter will be left for the House. It can be stated, however, that notwithstanding the fact that the Committee has twice voted to report the tax at the present figure of $2, a majority of members is in favor of a reduction to at least one-half this amount. Mr. ALLISON has voted for $2 on both occasions, because he thinks a proposition for reduction should come from the House; but he has repeatedly declared, in and out of committee, that he is in favor of 75 cents or $1, and will probably advocate a reduction if it is urged in the House.

The sentiment of Congress on this question it is not possible to learn with certainty, but many gentlemen believe the House, at least, will agree to some reduction, though a motion will be opposed by the Revenue Bureau. Gen. SCHENCK says to-night that it is the purpose of the Committee to report the bill to the House again on Wednesday, and ask its immediate consideration. He expects two or three weeks to be occupied in getting it through that body. Some members believe it would be better to let it go over to next Winter, but this view is not likely to prevail with the majority.

THE CITY ELECTION.

The election in this city is to come off within a fortnight, when the Mayor, members of the Common Council and Assessors are to be chosen. The Republicans have nominated one colored man for the upper branch of the Council, and the majority in his ward is so great that he is tolerably certain of election. He is a man of property, character and intelligence, and has been a prominent school teacher among colored people here for some years.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 24.

DUPLICATE BOUNTY CHECKS.

The following circular instructions concerning duplicate bounty checks has just been promulgated:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, May 15, 1868.

In compliance with the third section of the act entitled "An act to facilitate the payment of soldiers' bounties," approved March 19, 1868, the following regulations are established in regard to the payment of duplicate checks of Paymasters for bounties under the act aforsaid, by the Assistant Treasurers of the United States in the cities of New-York and San Francisco:

Immediately upon the loss of a check, the owner, to protect his interests, must immediately notify the Assistant-Treasurer upon whom it was drawn, of the fact of such loss, describing the check, and requesting that payment of the same be stopped. In order to procure the issue of a duplicate of the check, an affidavit in duplicate will be required by the Paymaster-General, or the Paymaster acting under him who issued the original check, from the party in interest, showing his interest, describing the check, setting forth the circumstances attending its loss, and that it was not indorsed in blank, or to bearer, either by the payee or any other person entitled to receive pay therefor. The bond hereinafter referred to, and the original affidavit, are to be countersigned by the paymaster as having been submitted to him and being the proof and security upon which he has acted, and are then to be delivered to the party to whom the duplicate check is issued, and by said party forwarded to the Second Comptroller of the Treasury. The duplicate of the affidavit will be retained by the Paymaster as his evidence upon which he has issued the check. In executing the affidavits, the first, second and fifth of the instructions appended to the bond must be observed.

No duplicate check shall be issued prior to the execution of a bond, in the form and according to the instructions as shown and embraced in printed forms, which will be delivered to the Paymaster-General for distribution to the Paymasters authorized to issue checks in payment of bounties, nor shall such duplicate check be issued, unless it is an exact transcript of the original check, especial pains being taken that the number and date correspond with the original check.

The original affidavit, the bond and the duplicate check, having been received by the Second Comptroller, he will advise the Assistant Treasurer that an application for a certain duplicate check is pending; on receipt of which advice the Assistant Treasurer will inform the Second Comptroller whether a request has been made to stop payment of the original thereof, and whether the said original has been paid or not. If the reply of the Assistant Treasurer is satisfactory, the Second Comptroller will then decide on the sufficiency of the reason, and the proof for the issue of the duplicate check; and if he approves of the same and the accompanying bond, he will certify such approval in writing on the papers, also certifying upon the duplicate check the fact of such approval, filing the affidavit and the bond in his office, and returning the check to the person from whom it was received. All duplicate checks issued in pursuance of these instructions, bearing such certificate of the Second Comptroller, may, if properly indorsed, be paid on presentation at either of the two offices named, but only at the one on which the original check was drawn, if sufficient funds to pay the duplicate shall, on its presentation, remain standing to the credit of the officer who made the check; but no such duplicate check shall be paid if the original shall already have been paid.

As these regulations, and the law under which they are promulgated, apply only to checks given for a specific purpose exclusively, it is indispensable that all Paymasters who give such duplicate checks should certify, either on the face or back of such check, that it is a "duplicate for bounty under the act of July 28, 1866," and in no event will duplicate checks be paid without such indorsement.

HUGH McCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury.

THE OSAGE TRUST LANDS.

Commissioner WILSON, of the General Land Office, has just received the returns of the survey of the Ossage Trust Lands, west of the Arkansas River, in the State of Kansas, executed by COL. SAM. S. SMOOT, United States Surveyor. The report embraces the following facts:

This track is twenty miles wide from north to south, extending one hundred and fifty miles west to the one hundredth meridian of the west longitude from Greenwich, embracing about two million acres.

The character of the country is rolling prairie, and the soil first, second and third rates; is watered on the east by the Ne-ne-squaw and Chikaskie Rivers, and on the west by Medicine Lodge and Mulberry Creeks, together with a large number of smaller streams flowing into the Arkansas River.

A large portion of these lands are very fertile, the bottom lands being covered with a luxuriant growth of very tall grass, while the higher land, except in a few localities, are thickly clothed with fine buffalo grass.

The country is well adapted to stock-growing, and a good portion to agricultural purposes. Indications of coal are reported to exist in numerous localities. Salt is also reported in some portions on the surface from one to two inches in depth, and of a fine quality. One spring in particular yields a continual flow of strong brine, and is believed in future will prove of great value. Many of the small streams are so thoroughly impregnated with salt that it is impossible to use the water when they are low.

In Township No. 29, South, Range 16, West, a white sulphur spring is reported, with a deposit of pure white sulphur from one-half inch to an inch in thickness.

Large deposits of mica of fine quality is reported to have been discovered on the tract.

Timber is scarce, only to be found on the streams, consisting chiefly of oak, walnut, hackberry, cottonwood and pecan.

Fort Dodge is located on the north bank of the Arkansas River, in Section 3, Township No. 27, South, Range 24, West, near the Western limit of the tract.

CONSUL OF URUGUAY.

The President has recognized EDWIN C. B. GARCIA as Consul of Uruguay for the United States.

A Relic from Vicksburg.

From the Columbus (Ohio) Journal, May 23.

The nomination of Gen. GRANT for President reminded one of his old soldiers, yesterday, of a relic of the old Vicksburg campaign which he brought to this office. It is copy of the last edition of the Vicksburg *Daily Citizen*, run off before the fall of that stronghold. The following is one of its items:

"ON DIT.—That the great ULYSSES—the Yankee Generalissimo, surnamed GRANT—has expressed his intention of dining in Vicksburg on Saturday next, and celebrating the Fourth of July by a grand dinner, and so forth. When asked if he would invite Gen. JO. JOHNSON to join, he said, 'No! for fear there will be a row at the table.' ULYSSES must get into the city before he dines in it. The way to cook a rabbit is 'first catch the rabbit,' &c."

This sheet bears the date of July 2, 1863, and on the fourth GRANT *did* dine in Vicksburg. This sheet is about one and a half feet in width by two feet in length, and is printed on the blank side of wall paper. In its musty columns we find the following significant announcement: "Old Grimes is dead."

The Death Penalty in New-Jersey.

From the Newark Advertiser, May 20.

We understand that the friends of the abolition of capital punishment in this State contemplate making a vigorous and united effort for the passage of either a compromise bill or a total abolition act, at the next session of the New-Jersey Legislature. They seem to be greatly encouraged by the very favorable vote had on the bill of last Winter, which made it discretionary with the jury to decide, in cases of murder in the first degree, whether the convict should be hung or imprisoned for life. The bill received a majority of the votes cast, although not the thirty-one votes necessary to pass it through the Lower House, where it was introduced. Senator MARTIN H. BOVEE, of Wisconsin, by whose exertions the gibbet has been abolished in several of the Northwestern States, intends next Winter to enter upon an anti-hanging campaign in New-York, and it is expected that he will devote some of his time to New-Jersey, in furtherance of the cause to which he has devoted his life. Whether or not the people of New-Jersey are prepared for so radical a change in the criminal code of the State as the removal of the death penalty is a question which will be fully and duly canvassed.

A SAD ENDING OF A SAD STORY.—Most of our citizens will remember the sad accident of a year ago, by which the two sons of Mr. H. LOWRY, of the steamer *Michigan*, lost their lives in the bay. The father was absent at the time, and the poor mother of the children was well nigh distracted. For weeks she was in a condition verging on insanity. On the return home of Mr. LOWRY a certain strangeness was observable in his conduct, which excited comment. He walked about as if in a dream, making no particular demonstration of sorrow at his great loss, seeming perfectly stunned. Making but a brief stay here, he returned to his home in Washington with his wife. A few weeks after, news was received by his friends here of his hopeless insanity and removal to an asylum, and yesterday his death was announced in the Washington papers.—*Erie (Penn.) Dispatch, May 23.*

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP BREMEN.

The steamship *Bremen*, which left Bremen May 8 and Southampton May 12, arrived at this port yesterday with two days later advices than were at hand by the *Russia*.

The return of petitions to Parliament down to May 5 shows that 4,807 petitions have been presented against Mr. GLADSTONE's proposal to disestablish the Irish Church, and 1,931 in favor of disendowment.

The *Constitutionnel* of May 9 publishes an article wherein it defends the expenditure proposed in the estimates of the Ministry of War. The article, after showing that the effective force of 400,000 men is inferior to that of the North German Confederation, concludes as follows: "By the new military law the Emperor desired to create an institution which, while economizing the finances of the State and lightening the burden of taxation, would enable France to play the part appertaining to her in Europe."

News from Algiers states that great excitement has been caused in that city in consequence of the assassination of a child in the open street. The newspapers demand that the natives should be disarmed and prohibited from carrying knives in their belts.

In the sitting of the Legislative Chamber at Bucharest, May 9, Deputy CARP addressed an interpellation to the Ministry respecting the recent persecution of the Jews. M. BRATIANO made a long speech in reply, stating that the present Government had only carried out the measures of its predecessors. He regretted that the Chamber had not accorded political rights to the Jews, a course that would still be the best means of settling the question, which was of a social and not of a religious character. He further declared that the Government denied the alleged persecutions, and would in future prevent any acts being committed which could be construed into attempts at persecution. The Chinese Minister for Foreign Affairs has notified the Russian Ambassador at Pekin that the export duty upon sifted teas has been reduced one-half.

THE TEMPORAL POWER.

An Interview with Pius IX—Appearance of the Holy Father—Interesting Details.

A correspondent of the *Evenement Illustré*, who was admitted some days since to an audience of the Pope, gives in a letter from Rome to that journal some interesting details about the Holy Father. He says:

"The Pope is pretty tall and stout, without being obese. The furniture of his private room is a square table, with two chairs and an armchair for himself. The room is very small, with a low ceiling, no curtains, and the walls covered with paper of the cheapest sort. Those of the grand official saloons are covered with silk. His bedroom, has yellow curtains, no carpet, and a brick floor, with a little bedstead of iron without curtains. He is very neat in his person; his hands, which are half covered with white mittens, are particularly attended to. He rises at 6 o'clock, shaves himself, and says his mass in a little private chapel; and then hears another. At 8 o'clock he takes a small cup of chocolate, and at 8:30 he receives his Ministers. Cardinal ANTONELLI comes every day to the Vatican, and when prevented from doing so the Under Secretary of State, Monsignor MARINI, takes his place. The other days of the week the other functionaries in their turn transact business with him. At 10:30 the Ministers withdraw. The audiences then begin and are not over till 1. At 2 o'clock the Pope dines in his private apartment. His repast is of the most modest kind, and it always ends with a sweatmeat of which all Italians are fond. From 2:30 to 3 he takes his siesta, at 3 he reads his Breviary, and at 5:30 goes out for a drive in a carriage with four horses, accompanied only by two young priests. If the weather permits he alights and walks in the most retired parts of the city; nevertheless, he is followed by upwards of two thousand persons, who walk after him in silence. When it rains His Holiness proceeds to the galleries of the Vatican when the visitors have retired. He is a great lover of antiques, as proved by the researches and restorations he is continually making. On his return home, at 6 o'clock, the audiences recommence and last till 10 at night, when he retires to sup. He goes to bed at 11, and the next day goes through the same routine. Though advanced in years, he sings very well, and, what is quite unknown even to many Romans, plays well on the violoncello. When I was received with my companion, the chamberlain plucked me by the sleeve to make me kneel. The Pope, perceiving the movement, spared us the genuflexion, and made us approach the table at which he was sitting. 'So, then,' his Holiness said, 'you are two journalists, friends, going together to Naples?' He spoke about Naples, and asked us how we liked Rome, adding that people found themselves very free during their stay. He then took two photographic likenesses of himself, one for each of us, and with a sly smile said, 'I am going to write something for the journalists,' and, in a firm hand, traced these words:

'Diligite veritatem, filiam Dei;'

after which he held out his hand to us. His affability is extreme. He speaks French with as much accent as ROSSINI, and the impression he produced on me was that of a pleasant and tranquil old man who appears to be but little occupied with external matters."

THE BRITISH NAVY.

The Navy Estimates for the Past Twelvemonth—The Programme for the Coming Year.

In the House of Commons, May 11, Mr. CORRY explained the navy estimates. Their amount he stated at £11,177,290, as against £10,976,253 last year, giving an apparent increase of £201,937; but, taking into account transfers of various items to and from other departments, the real increase, he showed, over last year was only £9,840, and the naval policy of the year, he added, would be to concentrate on the increase of our armor-clad fleet as much force as was compatible with maintaining the efficiency of other departments. Passing to details, he dwelt for some time on the first vote—the number of men, and, pointing out that its amount must depend mainly on the strength of our foreign relations, he discussed at considerable length the suggestions made last year by Mr. CHILDERS on this particular. Among other causes for maintaining these squadrons he pointed out that if we withdrew them or over-reduced them, in the event of a war we should lose the command of the sea on distant stations, and our commerce would be destroyed; that the foreign squadrons were the schools of our sailors, and that in most cases their strength was governed by considerations of policy, the Foreign Office being in reality more responsible than the Admiralty. He mentioned, too, that while the cost of the French navy was 6.35 per cent. of the value of the trade of France, the cost of the British navy was only 2.73 of the value of our trade. But, after making careful inquiries from the commanding officers who had recently returned home from foreign stations, the Admiralty had made some reduction in those squadrons, which he explained in detail, amounting in all to 15 ships and 2,758 men. Looking, therefore, to all considerations—to the state of Europe and to the importance of not breaking faith with the continuous service men, who numbered 16,754 out of the 18,963 blue-jackets in the fleet—the Admiralty had not been able to propose a greater reduction in the number of seamen (which includes all ratings) than to 35,700 as against 37,015, the number of last year, but taking into account an increase of 450 in the coastguard, and a decrease of 1,700 marines, there was a total decrease of 2,542 men. But notwithstanding this reduction there was an increase in the two Votes for wages and victuals, owing to various causes, such as increase of allowances, rise in prices, transfers of accounts, and the like—in the first case of £85,682, and in the second of £94,258. Proceeding to the two great Votes—No. 6 (Dockyards,) and No. 10 (Naval Stores)—Mr. CORRY stated that while on the first there was a decrease of £151,861, on the second there was an increase of £269,332, of which £231,941 was for the purchase of contract-built vessels, showing as a balance of the two votes an increase of £117,527. After explaining in great detail the shipbuilding programme of last year—which he showed had been pretty closely carried out, particularly in the dockyards, both as to the number of tons ordered and the expenditure sanctioned, Mr. CORRY next stated the programme for the coming year. Besides the work already begun, but not completed—amounting to 1,116,894 tons—it includes eight new ships, viz.: two unarmored corvettes (to cost this year £42,206,) and six armorclad vessels—three to be built in the dockyards and three in private yards. In the dockyards are to be built the *Sultan*, a first-class iron-clad, the *Iron Duke*, a second-class, and the *Triumph*, of the *Audacious* class; and in private yards a sister ship to the *Triumph*, a single-turretted monitor of 2,700 tons, and a ram of 2,137 tons. Of all these Mr. CORRY gave full particulars, and the general result of the programme of the year is that 7,478 tons of armored ships will be built in the year, and 6,931 unarmored—in all, 14,409 tons and that in round numbers £2,000,000 will be spent in the dockyards and on private contract work. By this means at the end of the Autumn we shall have a reserve squadron of seven ironclads, most of which will be employed as guard ships at different ports. Having gone through an elaborate comparison of the expenditure in former years on the building of ironclads, and holding out hopes of being able to effect sensible reductions in the dockyards, Mr. CORRY concluded with some general remarks on the condition of the navy of a very satisfactory character. The proportion of good-service badges has risen, desertions have decreased, the number of seamen, gunners, and trained men has increased, the men make a much more general use of the navy savings banks, and the sanitary condition of the navy is excellent.

THE CANADIAN SCARE.

Thirty Thousand Fenians to Make Another Raid Over the Border—Energetic Movements to Repel Them.

From the Hamilton (Ont.) Times, May 21.

A Fenian invasion upon a gigantic scale is maturing, and a blow will shortly be struck which will require the loyal devotion of young and old, displayed in gallant conduct before a desperate foe, to repel, and it is well that the people should know and be prepared for the emergency. Notwithstanding the ridicule indulged against this persistent enemy of the peace of the country, Fenianism is now more formidable in the neighboring country than at any former period, abundantly supplied with arms and war material, including artillery, of the best description, and embraces a large body of well-drilled and desperate fellows, officered by men of skill and experience drawn from the armies of the late rebellion. The work will be serious and bloody, and no good is so be gained by ridiculing or underrating the resources of the enemy, as nothing will avert the struggle upon our soil save prompt and energetic interference on the part of the American Government. We understand the degrading political influences at work in that country, under which the Fenian organization has been permitted to prepare openly for warfare upon a friendly people, and there is faint hope that effective interference will be made from that quarter before actual hostilities are inaugurated, and some of the best blood of our people has been spilled. Our Government are fully apprised of the impending danger, and are now quietly but energetically engaged in making every preparation for the reception of the enemy, with a determination to render his visit brief and disastrous to a degree that will prevent a repetition during the present generation. Dispatches were yesterday sent from Ottawa to intercept the *Himalaya* and the Montreal steamer, which sailed this week for England with the Sixtieth Rifles and the Seventeenth Regiment on board, and it is expected that they will be boarded off Father Point and ordered back. The Government will also take immediate possession of the railways and steamers, and full control of the telegraph lines through the Dominion. The gunboats on the lakes are to be manned by sailors from Her Majesty's ships, one of which has already arrived at Quebec, and a detachment of one hundred men are now on the way up from Montreal. The Fenians design crossing the lines with a force thirty thousand strong, and have a large reserve ready to move when a foothold is gained. The movement to the frontier, it is believed, is already quietly progressing. The attack is expected at two points, somewhere between Prescott and Montreal, and on the Niagara frontier, the arms and munitions being already stored convenient to those localities, the work of transporting them having been going on all Winter. The grand concentration at Buffalo is likely to take place under the subterfuge of a great Fenian National Fair, which is announced to open in that city on Monday next, and continue for two weeks. Simultaneously a grand convention is called at Cleveland, where the notorious *Jacmel* prisoners are at present sojourning. Most of the frontier cities are at present swarming with Fenians.

It is expected that the plan of procedure at Buffalo will be, under cover of the so-styled fair, to make a rush on Fort Porter, which is at present garrisoned by only one or two companies of United States soldiers, and take possession. The Fort commands the entrance to Niagara River, and under cover of its guns the Fenians will then cross in steamers and barges to Fort Erie. Other bodies will coöperate from Erie and Cleveland, and the grand blow will be struck at Fort Erie. There is the best of authority for believing in the truth of this as the programme laid out, and which we shall see inaugurated within the next few days. In the meantime, we trust our people will be inspired with a calm determination to do their duty when the crisis is upon us, and the conflict will be brief.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

Prisoners Released by Gen. Meade—He Announces his Determination to Suppress all Lawlessness.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT,
DEPARTMENT OF GEORGIA, FLORIDA AND
ALABAMA, ATLANTA, Ga., May 20, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 80.—So much of the sentences of the prisoners, (WILLIAM PETTIGREW, FRANK H. MUNDAY, HUGH L. WHITE, THOMAS W. ROBERTS, JAMES STEELE, JOHN CULLEN and SAMUEL STRAYHORN, citizens,) sentenced by General Orders No. 72, to confinement at hard labor at the Dry Tortugas, as remains unexpired, on the receipt of this order at Fort Jefferson, is hereby remitted, and the prisoners will be discharged.

In thus early releasing these prisoners, the Major-General Commanding trusts the clemency extended toward them will not be misunderstood. These misguided and thoughtless young men were convicted, after a fair trial, of acts of violence and outrage against a citizen, with the object of driving him out of the State. The frequent complaints of similar conduct, and the failure of the civil authorities to repress the evil, rendered it necessary to exercise the power conferred on him by law, and bring these prisoners before a military tribunal. Their conviction and punishment having, however, vindicated the principle involved, the Commanding General, in view of suffering imposed on the relatives and friends of the prisoners, of the promises made of future good conduct, and in the belief that a proper example, earlier made, might have deterred the prisoners from committing the offence, has directed the discharge of the prisoners.

The Commanding-General takes this occasion to state that similar clemency need not be expected in future, and he warns the people of his district that he is determined to suppress all lawlessness and violence, and all attempts of individuals to take law into their own hands, or to decide who shall or shall not live in the country. To protect every person in his rights of person and property is made by law the paramount duty of the Commanding-General, and it is well the people of the district and the authorities having in charge the preservation of the peace, and the execution of the laws, should know that he is determined to exercise all the power under his command in the discharge of his duty, and that hereafter, no considerations such as are here allowed, will influence him to relieve the guilty from the just punishment awarded them.

By order of
Major-Gen. MEADE.

R. C. DRUM, A. A. G.

Gov. Geary's Opinion of Gen. Grant.

The National Union of Philadelphia, on Friday evening, held the first of a series of weekly meetings, to be continued during the campaign. They were addressed by Ex-Gov. GEARY. He said that the ticket adopted at Chicago had not been excelled since the days of WASHINGTON, but he urged upon his hearers the necessity for vigorous work during the campaign, as the party has a wily foe to contend with. Of Gen. GRANT he said:

"Gen. GRANT has been placed on the ticket for the highest position known to the American people, and he is well deserving of it. It has been my province to know him for twenty-one years. We were both young men together in the Mexican war. He was the same enduring hero then as he proved himself to be in the late rebellion. I knew him when a Second Lieutenant, when Molino del Rey proved that there was more stuff in him than apparent upon the surface. He was brevetted as a first lieutenant there for gallantry. He left some time afterward for home, but not before he had been made a Captain. We, as Pennsylvanians, have something to say of him. His father was from old Westmoreland County, the place of my own nativity. I have often stood on the ground where he was born. I know GRANT well. It was my good fortune to serve under him in the war just closed. I first served at Wauhatchie. I first saw then the power of his mind as a military man. [Applause.] He first directed the assault upon Lookout Mountain. He turned the cannon upon Missionary Ridge and on Chicamauga, and obtained the victories at Taylor's Ridge, near Ringgold. I want to show you what I know of the man that he may be acceptable to you. I knew him well; I have dined with him, and I never saw anything strong upon the table. I never knew him to touch spirits of any kind. I believe there is no man who has been more ungenerously treated on that subject during the last few months than GRANT.

On a certain occasion, when dining with GRANT at Chattanooga, after the cloth had been removed he called for his maps, which he spread before me, and said: 'Sir, you and your division have been instrumental in obtaining the victories around this city. The plan for the next campaign is already formed, and it is proper that you should know it. I intend to concentrate my troops around this place, and pour them on Atlanta, while a strong attack is made on Richmond. After Atlanta falls, a line will be taken for the sea-shore, ending either at Charleston or Savannah; and having thus made our point, we will enter the Carolinas and attack Richmond.' This was in 1863, nine months before the City of Atlanta was taken. Justice should be done, and I tell you so that you will know who it was that planned the march to the sea, and bisected the Confederacy and brought the rebellion to a termination."

Gen. Leslie Combs on Public Affairs.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 4, 1868.

MY DEAR NEPHEW: I received your letter of the 16th, but have delayed an answer till I could have my photograph to send your wife, as requested.

You know I carried Kentucky for the Union cause in 1860 by over 23,000 majority over the Breckinridge secession Democratic candidate. I have ever since been a Union man, but because I believed God made man and every other animal as he desired they should be—that the negro is not a white man no more than a polecat is a lion—I am denounced and proscribed by the present Radical negro maniacs as a disloyal citizen—as a "Copperhead." The crowned heads of Europe are now, no doubt, laughing at us and our model Republic, running so rapidly into a negro despotism. We seem to have taken poor, miserable Mexico as our model instead of obeying the Constitution and laws. God help us!

I rely on the common sense of the people and their patriotism to rebuke the unprincipled men now in power at Washington and consign them to merited infamy. Yours truly, LESLIE COMBS.

S. R. COMBS, Esq.

Letter from Mr. Ashley.

The Toledo (Ohio) *Blade* publishes the following letter from Mr. ASHLEY to DENISON STEELE, Esq., of that city:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16, 1868.

MY DEAR STEELE: We have just felt the fatal power of a single vote. Do not suppose, however, that we are discouraged or dismayed. Failure on the eleventh article is to be our political Bull Run. A well-disciplined army, after such a reverse, is better prepared for the great battle which is to follow. In such an hour let every Republican do his whole duty. The nation's hope is in the patriots who stood by it through the war and to this hour.

Let the Union army remain firmly united, and we shall not fail. Let them advance steadily and confidently with their banner to the front, on which the talismanic words "Grant and Victory" shall be inscribed, and like the gallant SHERIDAN, they will come triumphantly out of the apparent disaster and defeat of the day.

I say nothing now as to the result on the remaining articles.

It is a sad sight to see a great and generous people betrayed by its trusted guardians. It makes me sick at heart to witness how vaulting ambition has utterly destroyed men, whom a short time ago I would gladly have seen the custodians of the nation's honor.

May the Republican Party never again repeat the folly of trusting doubtful and unknown men. Let us organize thoroughly and at once; and out of our present humiliation and shame shall come glory and honor to the faithful and true. J. M. ASHLEY.

The Impeachment—Note from Hon. Jehu Baker.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17, 1868.

To the Editor of the Chicago Tribune:

My counsel is that the Convention do not condemn and denounce the Senators who have voted for the acquittal of the President. As members of the Court of Impeachment they were bound by oath and by honor to vote as they thought right, whether their views accorded with that of their party friends or not. To deny this is to take away from the impeachment trial the indispensable element of justice.

To assume that it was the duty of Senators, at all events, and as a matter of course, to sustain the articles presented by the House, is to assume that the Senate, sitting as a Court of Impeachment, has properly no freedom of judgment—which appears to me to be irreconcilable with the idea of a just trial.

Yours, JEHU BAKER.

Constitutional Convention in Pennsylvania.

From the Philadelphia Age, May 22.

A meeting of the Commissioners appointed by Gov. GEARY to revise the Civil Code of this State, recently met in Harrisburg. The object of the meeting was to ascertain what had been accomplished by each Commissioner; to compare the work thus performed, and thereby ascertain the exact amount of labor yet to be done. It will be remembered that, by a law of the last Legislature, the powers of the Commissioners were greatly enlarged, and the time for completing the work extended. The *State Guard*, after giving the above facts, continues as follows: "An important view to be taken of the labors of the Commissioners to revise the Civil Code, is that obtained from the suggestion of a learned lawyer, namely: That it will become necessary, to secure the full results of the Commission, to hold a Convention to amend the Constitution whereby all local legislation will be interdicted which can be met by a general law. If the Constitution is not thus amended, the general laws prepared by the Commission are likely to be made exceptionable by future action of the Legislature, as is now the case. Hence the necessity of a constitutional amendment."

The Democratic Candidate—Letter from Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, of Virginia.

Hon. JOHN T. STEWART, of Springfield, Ill., recently wrote to Hon. A. H. H. STUART, of Virginia, inquiring what part the Southern opponents to the Republicans would take in the National Democratic Convention, and especially what were the plans and intentions of the Southern Whigs. In the same letter he earnestly supported Mr. PENDLETON as the most available man, saying that opposition to him from Southern Conservatives would, in his opinion, be a fatal mistake. In reply Mr. STUART wrote the following letter:

STANTON, Va., May 14, 1868.

Hon. JOHN T. STEWART—*Dear Sir:* Your favor of the 8th instant has been received, and I hasten to reply to it.

As far as I have been able to gather the sentiment of the Whigs and Democrats of Virginia, in regard to the selection of a candidate for the Presidency, it is this: They have no particular partiality or prejudices for or against any individual. They go for success. They will cordially support any respectable Conservative who may have the strength to beat the Radicals. They know that the great battle for the Constitution and the Government is to be fought in the North, and they are, therefore, disposed to concede to the Northern States the right of selecting the standard bearer. I think when the Convention meets, the Southern delegates will say to their Northern associates, "You are the best judges as to which of the candidates is strongest in your section: deliberate carefully and dispassionately; make you choice, and we will stand by your judgment." Mr. PENDLETON is not very extensively known to the people of the South, but all that we do know of him is favorable, and the fact that he commands so large a share of the confidence of the people of his own and other Western States, who know him best, speaks volumes in his favor. I may add, that, as far as I am individually concerned, your indorsement of him carries great weight.

I have no personal acquaintance with him, but I understand he is a son of my old friend, NATHANIEL GREEN PENDLETON, with whom we served in the Twenty-seventh Congress, and the fact predisposes me strongly in his favor.

What the South desires, above all things, is a release from Radical bondage, and we care little under whose lead that result is accomplished. We look to the end, not to the means.

Mr. PENDLETON would be entirely acceptable to the people of Virginia. If, on a comparison of opinions in the Convention, it should be decided that he is the strongest man, we will rally to his support with enthusiasm.

I have seen it suggested in some papers that while Mr. PENDLETON is strong in the West and Northwest, he would be obnoxious to some of the Middle States, Pennsylvania, New-York and New-Jersey, for example. I do not know how this is, but I think the matter should be carefully weighed, so that the choice should fall on the man who combines the largest and most diffused elements of popularity. Mr. PENDLETON's views on currency and finance will be acceptable to the South.

In my judgment the most enlarged and catholic spirit ought to prevail in the Convention. It is no time to stand on personal preferences. The issues are too important for anything of that kind to have weight.

The Southern people will support cheerfully PENDLETON, HANCOCK, DOOLITTLE, HENDRICKS, SEYMOUR or any other sound Conservative man, provided he has what JOHN RANDOLPH called the "turning-out faculty." I think the signs of the times are all auspicious, and it would be a shame if we should lose a glorious victory by miserable bickerings and squabbles in regard to men. Very truly yours,

ALEXANDER H. H. STUART.

Texas and the Peabody Educational Fund.

From the Austin (Texas) Republican, May 13.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction for Texas addressed a communication to Dr. SEARS, soliciting such aid for our State as it might be in the power of the Trustees to supply. We give the reply, which, as will be seen, contains an unconditional refusal. We are at a loss to know by what principles the Trustees were guided in thus excluding our State from any share in the benefits arising from Mr. PEABODY's benevolence:

STAUNTON, Va., Feb. 3, 1868.

DEAR SIR: I regret to say that the Trustee, at their late meeting in Richmond, Va., decided that Texas does not come within their province. I know there are reasons for that decision, and yet I know something of the wants of Texas, and should be glad to see them supplied. Very truly yours,

B. SEARS, General Agent.

FOUND DROWNED.—An unknown man was found floating in the water off the Battery by the boat's crew of the United States ship *Portsmouth*. Deceased was about 45 years of age, and dressed in dark coat and pants. Coroner FLYNN was notified.

Senator FOWLER has written an opinion on the impeachment of the President, in which he argues that none of the eleven articles are sustainable upon the law and the facts.

POLITICS IN TENNESSEE.

Objects, Composition and Action of Political Parties in Tennessee—Southern Office-seekers.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

MEMPHIS, Wednesday, May 13, 1868.

Would the readers of the TIMES like to know how this portion of the Southwest regards the impeachment of President JOHNSON? If so, I will endeavor to gratify them. Very few persons here have much confidence in, or use for ANDREW JOHNSON, but fewer still can see in the reports of his trial any sufficient cause for his conviction and removal. The sympathy that is felt for him is neither on account of his personal character, nor of his present political relations, but simply because it is thought that his apparent regard for the welfare of the white people of the South, is the real reason for the attack upon him. The negroes of the South neither know nor care ought about the matter. They have an impression that somehow President JOHNSON has stood in the way of those who would punish vindictively the secesh all the time, and Sambo would not be sorry to hear of his removal, but has very little concern about the matter. The only persons in this part of the country who are at all anxious are the office-seekers and office-holders. The former are jubilant, the latter apprehensive. Here, as I suppose everywhere else, the prospect of a change in the Presidency and a consequent new deal of the Federal offices, have split up office-seekers into many cliques, each of which is bitterly hostile to the others.

GENERAL DIVISIONS OF PARTIES HERE.

We have here two classes of Conservatives and three classes of Republicans. One sort of Conservatives are those who express few regrets for the lost cause; are sincerely desirous for peace, law and order; frankly and in good faith accept the situation, and submit patiently to present ills in the hope that time and circumstances will give relief. They have faith in the future, faith in the brotherhood of Northern men when they come to know the wrongs to which Southern men (loyal and rebel) have been subjected since the war, and the misgovernment and official corruption that have been perpetrated in the name of loyalty. To this large but quiet class of Southern people belong many who were at heart for the Union when subjected to the fiery ordeal of rebellion. The other class of Conservatives are those who, whether they have perjured themselves or not by taking oaths of allegiance when they came within the Federal lines, are at heart bitterly disloyal, and bitterly hostile to negro freedom. The first class may have little faith in the advancement of the negro race in a state of freedom, but they do not wish to reënslave the negroes, although they are opposed to negro domination, and to allowing the most ignorant and degraded portion of the population to shape the destiny of the country.

The second class of Southern people, though less numerous, are far more noisy and demonstrative than the others. They utter the loudest lamentations over "the lost cause," they are most blatant of hostility to Northern people, they are most prone to insult and outrage defenceless negroes, and I am disposed to believe that they drink ten times as much Northern liquor as any other class. Some of those whose simpathies lead them to coöperate with these blood-and-thunder fellows are men who bravely and conscientiously fought for the rebel cause and don't yet know that it is dead beyond the hope of resurrection; or they are men who have seen only the worst side of Northern character and honestly believe that all Northern men desire to rob and degrade them. As a general rule the most furious Secessionists now are not those who fought hardest for the Confederacy. Many of them are fellows who regret that circumstances prevented them from taking part in the last war, or editors or lawyers who want now to be considered better friends of the South than anybody else, just as if their ravings were full proof of their pretensions, although they not only do nothing to advance the material prosperity of the South, but retard it by deterring immigration and the flow of capital, which would otherwise make the Southern States to blossom in plenty and in the teeming millions of intelligent white citizens, submerge that negro dominancy which nearly all Southern men consider fruitful of evil.

The Republican, or as it is always designated here, the Radical Party, is in Memphis (which, by the by, is the centre of a wide area of Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas) composed of three elements or sections. The most important, so far as numbers are concerned, is that of the blacks, who comprise four-fifths of one party. Of this class perhaps scarce one in twenty can read and write, and scarce one in five hundred is able to form any opinion upon any question of finance or public policy. They are directed how to vote by the color of the ballot, or by some design upon it, or by getting it from particular persons. At the last city election the question was whether the city should go in debt by issuing a million dollars worth of bonds. Places were promised and money paid to a few leaders, and then the rank and file of the blacks were instructed to vote the ticket that had five letters on it—"BONDS." As they could all count, they voted straight for creating the debt which may perhaps be a very judicious financial measure, but was certainly decided by men who knew nothing really about it, rather than by those property-holders who may have increased taxes to pay if the measure is not judicious, or if they don't impose increased rents on their tenants. As a general thing the blacks care for no interests except their own. At every election they are tolled up to the polls by ED. SHAW, HAM. CARTER, KENNEDY, IRELAND, RANKIN, HARRIS, CHURCH, and two or three other colored leaders, or by white demagogues who pander to their prejudices or flatter their vanity. Nearly all the colored leaders are from the North, and a number of them have gained their influence among the blacks by keeping drinking saloons or gambling hells. These leaders manage the black like a herd of sheep, and profit by it. One gets a petty place under the Sheriff, two get to be squires, and at every election aspiring candidates shove greenbacks liberally into their pockets. It is even said that in some cases they get money from several rival white candidates, but I believe that, as a general rule, they do not sell out the interests of their black followers; that would imperil their influence; but at several recent elections they induced the blacks to vote for men who had never been Radicals before, but paid more liberally for votes than other candidates who had always been genuine Republicans. The second element of the Radical Party here is composed of Union men who take little part in party management, and who wish the blacks to be secure in their rights, but will not pander to or buy them to vote for a particular candidate. The majority of this sort of Radicals are just as much dissatisfied as the great body of Conservatives are with the wretched mismanagement of our State affairs, which in three years of Brownlow rule, in a time of profound peace, has increased the State debt from four millions to over thirty-four million dollars, and has got very little to show for it. They, no more than Conservatives, approve that growing and onerous taxation, which is in Tennessee everywhere strangling trade and business. They don't believe in that principle which was once laid down by a great friend of BROWNLOW, that no man should be appointed to any local office who had not made himself odious to Southern white people. The smallest but most influential element of the Radical Party here are the party managers—office-seekers, who make politics a business. These are political adventurers; men whom BROWNLOW delights to honor, and the men who, when not cheated by their black partners, control the negro vote. This is the class that takes an interest in the impeachment of President JOHNSON, and nearly every one of them is figuring up how he will make something by it.

CLIQUES AND PROJECTS.

The managers of the Radical Party in Memphis have been for a long time divided into two leading cliques. One of these is mainly controlled by men who were at one time furious-talking rebels, but became very loyal when they saw that secession was not likely to pay. The other clique is composed of men who served more or less bravely in the Federal army, for a longer or shorter period. In the first class we find POMEROY, BINGHAM, HOUGH, BEAUMONT and others. In the second class HUNTER, W. J. SMITH, Gen. EATON, Col. EATON and BARBOUR LEWIS.

Of the first class, BINGHAM, who held military appointment, but never did any fighting, except on paper, is the only one who was probably at heart a Secessionist in the times when the storm of rebellion drove thousands of Union men who were outside of Federal protection to avoid danger of death or outrage to their family, or destruction of property by affecting disloyalty. I do not believe that the great body of the Southern people ever were at heart disloyal. They never loved the rebel flag as they did the old Stars and Stripes. They were cheated, coaxed, bullied, terrorized and dragooned into rebellion. The storm swept everything before it. Only five men in Memphis dared to vote against secession, and several of them immediately afterward expiated their loyalty by affectation of extreme devotion to Southern rights. I only know one man in Memphis who all through the storm of secession gave no aid or comfort to rebellion, and was always and everywhere outspokenly loyal. That one man is JOHN H. BAIN, a quiet old gentleman, who makes now no loud professions of extreme loyalty, and has not one-tenth as much influence in controlling the negro vote as men who served in the rebel army. Nor this alone, he couldn't get the smallest political office from the Radical Party if he wanted it, because he could not be used for any party trickery. I have no fault to find with any Radical leaders who, in the time of trial, denied their loyalty; but I do not like to see such men, or men whose loyalty was never severely trid, bitterly proscriptive of the very men whom some of them drove into the rebel army. Perhaps I should do Mr. TOMENY and his particular associates the justice to say that they are not now bitter against Southern people. At a recent election they tried to shake the negro domination from the Radical Party, but got badly beaten, and are now rather moderate in their notions. As to their antecedents, J. M. TOMENY was a rebel scout and made bitter secession speeches, but was always suspected of being at heart a Union man. He is smart, clever, plausible, and a little unscrupulous. This last trait of character has perhaps been developed as an agent of the Treasury Department in cotton operations here, at Vicksburg, and at Mobile. He is a self-made man.

RUEL HOUGH was once forced to resign a railroad position by suspicions of his not being at heart a Secessionist. Even his issuing a card that he had voted for the permanent Constitution of the Confederate States because he believed it a wise and patriotic document, would not win secession confidence. He made a fortune as Collector of United States revenue after the Federals took Memphis, and he is a shrewd, plotting fellow.

BEAUMONT served in the rebel army, had a gun made expressly to kill Yankees at long range, and talked secession loudly, but he was suspected by the rebels as Union at heart. I take it for granted that most of the Tomeny section of our Radical leaders were at heart Union, even when they were driving men into the rebel army and making the most furious secession speeches. When this class of men got within the Federal lines, and their pent-up loyalty found vent, they were so patriotic, that for a long time they had the entire confidence of the military and other Federal authorities, and controlled affairs. By and by men who floated hither with or in the wake of the Federal army, aspired to offices, and to make room for themselves, assailed the record of the men who had the places. This latter class of men managed to secure a large share of the confidence of the blacks, and they are now formidable as office-seekers. Of the EATONS, one has been a Freedman's Bureau General and the other a Freedman's Bureau Colonel. W. J. SMITH has been promoted for bravery in a number of military positions. HUNTER has served with credit in the Federal army. Judge LEWIS has done the same, and has been president of a military commission. These are stronger cards than the Tomeny clique can show.

LITERARY MATTERS.

Magazines for June.

—*Hours at Home.* The deservedly high character which this magazine has established, leads its readers to be increasingly exacting in judging of each successive number. The present issue bears this severe test well, and is, in fact an interesting and valuable contribution to the literature of the month. The first article, "Stockholders and their Rights and Wrongs," by JOHN D. SHERWOOD, is ably written, and with an evidently full knowledge of its subject. There are, perhaps, few general readers who have not wondered at the usurpations and lawlessness by which the original investors in joint-stock enterprises, both here and abroad, have been victimized, nor who will be at a loss as to what particular cases Mr. SHERWOOD'S vigorous remonstrance and warning point. The subject is of great importance, not only to individual but national welfare. Whether there will ever be a remedy for the evils which have been unavailingly protested against, remains to be seen, meanwhile the selection of practical and honest men as directors and controlling officers is very justly insisted upon as a necessary element of future reforms. "Pawnbrokery in London" is a graphic sketch by JAMES GREENWOOD, the well-known "Lambeth Casual," and brings out in strong relief the peculiarities of a trade which is in effect that of banker to the very poor. Four more chapters of the "Chaplet of Pearls" and a further installment of Miss BOOTH'S admirable translation of "Camille" are given. The renewed discussions upon expeditions to the North Pole gives the opportunity for an exhaustive *résumé* of what has been done toward exploring the vast unknown polar seas, which are supposed to exist, and the paper by Rev. W. L. GAGE may be so described, being, moreover, clear and interesting as to style. "Paul on Mars' Hill," by Prof. E. A. LAWRENCE, is a thoughtful analytical chapter on the preaching of the Apostle to the Athenians. Twelve newly discovered hymns by CALVIN having been added to a new Strasburg edition of the works of the great divine and reformer, we have here one—"Salutation to Jesus Christ." It is admirably translated and very beautiful. "Friedhof—the Court of Peace" is a series of tender and hopeful reflections upon death and the resting-places of the majority, *apropos* of the author's visit to a German cemetery. "Earth's Greatest Marvel," an essay on anthropology, or the study of man, gives, in four divisions devoted to the physical, mental, moral and physical constitution of humanity, a series of highly instructive and lofty conceptions and reasonings upon a subject of the widest and most vital significance. JOSEPHINE POLLARD contributes a graceful poem, "The Leaf upon the Stream." "Lord Brougham," by Gen. J. GRANT WILSON, is a fair and well-packed biography of that great lawyer and statesman. We find in it a number of facts and anecdotes which have not appeared elsewhere. The services which Lord BROUGHAM rendered to humanity are commented upon in a just and appreciative spirit which it is pleasant to meet with in view of the flippant efforts which have been made by some, chiefly young, London *littérateurs* who have thought it fashionable and smart to belittle the labors and character of a man who was as to them a Titan among pigmies.

—The *Catholic World*, for June, includes in its opening pages an interesting sketch of EDMUND CAMPION, based upon the life of CAMPION, by Mr. SIMPSON. The Catholic Sunday School Union is an article growing out of the first report of that organization, in review of the events of the past twelvemonth. "Nellie Netterville" is continued. "Mexico" is the title of a contribution resting on the *Essai Politique sur le Royaume de Nouvelle-Espagne*, by Baron HUMBOLDT, a work which, as the later essay remarks, really serves, like some old marriages, a second celebration. Science and faith is translated from the French of L. VITET. An article entitled "Cowper, Keble, Wordsworth, or 'Quietist' Poetry and its Influence on Society," deals in a very cheerful spirit with the productions of these poets. Beside these articles, there is an essay on the early Irish Church, a sketch, an Italian Girl of our day, translated from the French, a contribution in regard to the Episcopalian Confessional, and a variety of other matter, original, translated and selected.

—*Young Folks* opens with another chapter from the entertaining romance of "Round-the-World Joe," all about Joe's sweetheart Kitty and an old woman, tough and lean, who went among the cannibals to discover, in the interests of missionaries, whether, "when they make their *devours* to a lady they make a stewed hash of her or swallow her whole and raw." The poor lady was much disappointed to find that they wouldn't eat her at all. Mrs. A. M. WELLS contributes a very pretty poem called "Grass." "The story of the great Charter" is well told by J. H. A. BONE. A very charming paper is that on "The Wrens of North America;" it is carefully illustrated with wood cuts. "William Henry's letters to his Grandmother" are very natural and school-boyish, and little readers will be glad to have them continue. "Among the Mountains," by CHARLES H. FOSTER, contains many interesting incidents of adventure in the Rocky Mountains. Another chapter of "Cast Away in the Cold" gives us an insight into the Winter life of the two boys on the desert island, and the dangers to which they were exposed. "Birdie's Walk in the Woods" is a pretty sketch of a day's ramble under the trees in Spring. Charades, puzzles, answers to correspondents, &c., conclude the number.

—*The Broadway*, (London and New-York,) "Brakespeare, or the Fortunes of a Free Lance," still drags its slow length along, wearying every one who looks upon it—(we don't believe anybody reads it.) The second paper is an appreciate review of SWINBURNE'S interesting essay on BLAKE. "Old Trinity and the American Church," by ROBERT TOMES, is a paper that will interest English readers more than American. The picture of Trinity Church which accompanies the paper is as bad as can be in every respect. A foreigner would imagine from it that Broadway at the head of Wall-street was a remarkably quiet place, where elderly gentlemen and unprotected ladies might promenade at leisure, even in the middle of the street. "Burns' First Bosom Friend" is an interesting sketch of Davie Sillar. A beautiful poem by STODDARD concludes the number.

—The *Northern Monthly* pursues the even tenor of its way. It opens with a clever article by LANMAN, on "Some Phases of American Life," pretty well packed with facts and figures, and interesting enough to repay perusal. Then follow "My Burglar Alarms," by W. L. ALDEN; "The Shadow of the First Napoleon in France," by HENRY MORFORD; the concluding pages of "The Thief in the Night," by Mrs. HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD, and other articles of various merit and interest.

—*The New Eclectic*, (New-York and Baltimore,) contains the usual variety of reading matter, selected from American and foreign sources.

—*The Eclectic*, (New-York,) for June, is a very interesting number, containing twenty-one articles selected with good judgment from American and foreign periodical literature.

English Magazines.

—BRENTANO has received all the London Magazines for May, besides the usual supply of other foreign periodical literature. The magazines are full of interest. *Belgravia* contains the continuation of Miss BRADDON'S novel, "Dead Sea Fruit;" a paper on "Disagreeable People;" "London Palaces," by WALTER THORNBURY; "Literature in the Purple," &c., &c. *Temple Bar* opens with the commencement of a new serial called "Kitty," and follows with the usual miscellany of story, essay and verse. *St. Paul's* gives the continuation of "All for Greed;" an article on the "Irish Church Debate;" one on "Yachting;" some new facts in the biography of RALEIGH; other chapters of "Phineas Finn," &c. *London Society* is as gay and lively as usual. *Macmillan* scholarly, but rather heavy; *Tinsley's* an average number, with Dr. Brady's Adventures still incomplete, though the novel has already appeared in several volumes.

Miscellaneous Literary Notes.

—*The Book of Genesis.* Translated from the original Hebrew, by Dr. T. J. CONANT. (New-York: American Bible Union.) The society with which Dr. CONANT is associated as principal translator, is to be congratulated on the completion of this important work, on which the author has bestowed the labor of many years. As a critical examination into its merits will soon appear in our columns, we here only chronicle its appearance. The translation is accompanied with copious notes, and an introduction; in the latter Dr. CONANT discusses the origin of the Book, and its relations to the Divine canon, its authority and inspiration, its plan, divisions and contents, and kindred topics of interest and importance. The volume is beautifully printed and of very convenient size.

Andreas Hofer. By LOUISA MUHLBACH. (New-York: APPLETON & Co.) As it would be impossible to take all the romance out of the story of ANDREAS HOFER, the brave Tyrolese, we cannot say that LOUISA MUHLBACH'S book is wholly wanting in merit or interest; but she has done her best to spoil the story, and injure the ideal of his character. GASTON FAY'S illustrations are certainly striking, but display a straining after effect that sometimes results almost in burlesque. For example, look at the picture of the valorous Capt. VON HOHENBERG jumping from the window to escape capture by a band of peasants.

—*Where is the City?* (Boston: ROBERTS BROTHERS.)—This work recounts a sort of spiritual pilgrimage made by one who assumes the name of "Israel Knight," in search of the true Church—the city spoken of by Ezekiel under the name of "*The Lord is there.*" He goes among the Baptists, the Congregationalists, Methodists, Episcopalians, Quakers, Spiritualists, Swedenborgians, Unitarians, &c., finding something good in all, but the whole truth in none. At length he determines for himself to be simply a disciple of Christ, to love all men, though they loved him not, and in whatsoever place he found a true worker for the good of his fellow-men, to be to him a brother. With this simple but sublime code in his heart, he no longer went among the denominations in search of the city: he had found it.

—*Gen. Nathaniel Lyon and Missouri in* 1861, by JAMES PECKHAM, (New-York: American News Company.) In this little work the story of Gen. LYON'S brief, but not uneventful nor unimportant share in the great war for the Union, is told in a straightforward, unpretending manner. Gen. LYON proved himself a gallant and true soldier, and had his life been spared he would doubtless have taken rank with the foremost men of the time.

—*The Voyage Alone in the Yawl Rob Roy*, by JOHN MACGREGOR, (London: SAMSON, LOW, SON & MARSTON; Boston: ROBERTS BROTHERS.) This work is a companion to the *Thousand Miles in the Rob Roy Canoe*, and *The Rob Roy on the Baltic*, by the same author, which have interested so many readers on both sides the Atlantic. The tone of these books is manly and healthful, and they fully deserve the wide popularity they have won. The present volume contains numerous illustrations, and is printed in very neat style.

—*Poor Humanity* is a novel which has already attracted more than usual attention in England, and is now published by Messrs. HARPER & BROTHERS as one of their Library of Select Novels. The author, F. W. ROBINSON, writes with a clear, sharp purpose, and there is a reality about his personations which is one of the best evidences of real talent. One merit of the present story is that the reader is kept in the dark until its end, upon a most vital portion of the plot, and thus experiences a genuine surprise so complete as rarely to be met with in works of fiction. We will not hint at what the surprise consists of, for that would be to destroy the very pleasure which the reader should realize for himself.

—*Poems.* By J. G. SAXE. (Boston: TICKNOR & FIELDS.) Mr. JOHN G. SAXE is fortunate in being able to see his various published poems and fugitive pieces collected and issued to the public in such attractive style as has been done by TICKNOR & FIELDS. The volume is an exceedingly pretty and well-proportioned 16mo., adorned with a handsome steel-plate portrait of the author by HALPIN, and in typography and otherwise an unusually excellent book. Of the contents it were almost superfluous to speak, as SAXE'S humors and witticisms have always had a way of making their own acquaintance with the world, while his graceful bits of sentiment and poetic philosophy, his ballads and *vers de société* are old friends to most of us, and will be found agreeable strangers to those who have not met them before.

—*Vulgarisms and Other Errors of Speech* is a neat little book, containing much good sense. Its author, whose name is not given, makes no pretensions to have contributed any great wisdom to the subject, but modestly attempts to draw public attention to many errors into which all are apt to wander, through the inattention of free conversation or general habits of carelessness—some of the evils pointed out being, as the title suggests, absolute vulgarisms, tolerated because they have, unfortunately, become familiar, and others, the mistakes of even well-educated persons, and made falsely respectable by reckless repetition. We should think this chatty, pleasant volume might do much good, as while it deals with many errors that most readers will deem unnecessary to be warned against, there are few people who will not be able to recognize at least a few of their own liabilities to inaccurate speech in its pages. It is published in Philadelphia by CLAXTON, REMSEN & HAFFELFINGER.

—The Catholic Publication Society of this City have published, in a very neat form, the following works: *Diary of a Sister of Mercy*, by C. M. BRAME; *The Clergy and the Pulpit in their Relations to the People*, translated by GEO. ALFRED BADGER from the French of M. L'Abbé ISIDORE MULLOIS, Chap'ain to the Emperor NAPOLEON III.; and *Reason and Revelation*, a series of lectures delivered in St. Anne's Church, New-York, by the Rev. THOMAS S. PRESTON. The first mentioned is a series of stories purporting to be from the diary of a Sister of Mercy; the second and third are works which, though exclusively Catholic in tone, will be read with interest by thoughtful people of all denominations.

—SCRIBNER, WELFORD & Co.'s latest importations include some rare and curious black-letter volumes. Among them are an original copy of STOW'S *Survey of London*, on which have been founded very many of the subsequent descriptions of that city; *The Gardener's Labyrinth*, by DIDYMUS MOUNTAIN, with a number of very curious cuts; LANGHAM'S *Garden of Health*, "containing the sundry rare and hidden virtues and properties of all kinds of simples and plants," and BRIGHT'S abridgement of FOX'S *Book of Martyrs*—a very fine copy. Among more modern but still old and rare books are Dr. ALEX. COMBE'S satirical novel, *The Devil upon Two Sticks in England;* a very fine edition of COWLEY'S Works, in 3 vols.; also an edition of Mrs. HAY'S *Celebrated Women*, in 6 vols. A curious combination is presented in an edition of *Cinderella*, containing both Dutch and German versions of the story, and illustrated by a Dutch artist.

—The latest addition to APPLETON'S cheap paper-covered edition of the *Waverley Novels* is *The Antiquary.*

—*The American Journal of Science and Arts* for May contains, besides the usual number of strictly scientific papers, a very interesting account of the Ainos, or Hairy Men, of Saghalien and the Kurile Islands, by ALBERT S. BICKMORE, who obtained his information concerning this strange race of men from personal observation.

—Part X. of the American edition of Dr. WILLIAM SMITH'S *Dictionary of the Bible*, edited and revised by Dr. HACKETT, is published by Messrs. HURD & HOUGHTON. The value of this standard work is well known to scholars.

—From the "Leonard Scott Publishing Company" we receive the April number of the *Westminster Review*, one of the ablest of the English Quarterlies. The principal papers are those on "Hindu Epic Poetry," on "Popular Education" and "Spiritual Wives." The latter is very eulogistic of Mr. DIXON'S book.

—The Chicago *Western Bookseller*, a periodical devoted chiefly to the interests of the publishing trade, has reached its fifth number, and appears to be in a very flourishing condition.

Musical.

—DITSON & Co., of Boston and this City, have just published a work which will, undoubtedly, be much prized by all persons having received a collegiate education. We refer to *Carmina Collegensia*, a complete collection of the songs of the American colleges, with pianoforte accompaniment, collected and edited by H. R. WAITE. The book includes 250 pages, and is very handsomely printed and bound. In the hands of an Alumnus it will revive many pleasant recollections.

—"A Mother's Prayer," by OLE BULL, (published by the same firm,) is arranged for the piano by the violinist himself. It loses, of course, a great deal of its effectiveness. "Truth in Absence," a song; words by H. BRANDRETH, music by E. B. HARPER, is not made interesting either by the author or the composer. The musician has failed to present any original idea, and the word-picture, which refers to a lover blessed "with a very excellent memory," is by no means notable. "In Woodland Bowers," words by C. J. SPRAGUE and music by His Royal Highness Prince GUSTAVE, is a Swedish song of fair merit. The opening movement is quite happy. "The Arion Carnival March Polka," by CHARLES FRADEL, has the disadvantage of not being suggestive of the very familiar piece whence it derives its title. It is hard, indeed, to see how a march can be changed into a polka, and in this case the task has not even been essayed.

—In addition to these publications, DITSON & Co. have sent forth "How Beautiful is Night," a duet by BRINLEY RICHARDS, and "And if once my Treasure," a duet by KUCKEN, both works of composers of recognized reputation; also the "Forget me not waltzes," by H. F. STANDHAFT.

—WM. A. POND & Co., of Broadway, has issued "The Golden Chimes," a rondoletto by FRANZ ABT, which, as its name indicates, gives voice in a particularly brilliant way to many clear-tongued bells. We know of many chime-pieces, so to speak, but most of them are so excessively lugubrious that it is refreshing to greet a cheerful production such as this. "Think of me at my Best" (by the same firm) is the joint effort of G. W. BIRDSEYE and HENRY TUCKER. The author of the words has taken a text from a well-known passage in *David Copperfield*, but Mr. TUCKER has signally failed in the attempt to breathe melody or anything else into his verses. "La Prière dos Matelots," by JACQUES BLUMENTHAL, is a very skillfully arranged composition for the piano without marked originality. Messrs. POND & Co. have lately published, besides the above, the "Come out of the Wilderness" polka, and some easy compositions by OESTEN, the latter intended for educational purposes.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar for Monday.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Cardozo, J. Court opens 10½ A. M. Oyer and Terminer and Civil Calendar.

Nos.
1093—Conroy vs. Tugwell, Jr.
1237 Pierce et al. vs. Lynch.
943—Deans et al. vs. Morris et al.
1191—Matthews vs. Beiser, Jr., et al.
727—Hewitt et al. vs. Miller et al.
1071—Gerkin vs. Dinsmore, Prest., &c.
1327—Kingsland et al. vs. Braisted et al.
533—Price vs. Price.
1341—Redfield vs. Burrall, Jr.
1242—Darling et al. vs. Brown et al.

Nos.
1357—Lord vs. Hall.
1361—Williams vs. Ford.
1363—Metz vs. Ferron.
1365—Sopers vs. King.
1367—Combs vs. Beaver et al.
1369—Katzenberg et al. vs. Barman.
1377—Fowler vs. Riggs et al.
49—The Mayor, &c., vs. Messerole, &c.
1381—Stoddard vs. Amer. Emigrant Aid and Homestead Co.
1383—Goddard vs. British and N. A. R. M. S. P. Co.

Part II.—Held by Ingraham, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
2.4—Mercantile Bank vs Bodine et al.
276—Mercantile Bank vs. Mudson et al.
738—Kain, by gdn. vs. 42d-st. and Grand-st. Ferry Railroad Co.
1370—Reamer vs. Livinston.
946—Bonnell et al. vs. Drake et al.
1384—Adams vs. Tucker.
1408—Keefer et al vs. Tilt et al.
1412—Chapman vs. Thorp.
1418—Woodhall vs. Rosenthal et al.

1430—Benedict vs. Nat. Bk. of Commonwealth.
1278—Migel vs. Syman et al.
736—Matthews vs. Macoy et al.
1434—Punyer vs. Kayne.
1454—Martin vs. Freidlander.
782—Kasar et al. vs. Blun.
1284—Bendall et al. vs. Vannostrand.
624—Brouner vs. the Mayor, &c.
798—Beebe vs. Glantzer.
1042—Neptune S.S. Co. vs Savage et al.
4570—Meyers vs. Lebean.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Call of Calendar, 12 M.

Reserved Cases.

Nos.
27—Henry vs. Groom et al.
37—Henry vs. Groom et al.
65—Crittenton vs. Van Duzer et al.
97—Roberts et al. vs. Rhinelander et al.
157—Havemeyer et al. vs. Hamand et al.
165—Hendricks et al. vs. Stark.
176—Crummay vs. Hagan et al.

Nos.
184—Bolles, Rec'r vs. Duff, &c.
187—Bishop vs. Amer. Cotton Planting Co.
190—Prouty vs. Bonney.
195—Hart vs. Daly et al.
199—Hendricks et al. vs. Graves et al.
202—Howe Machine Co. vs. Frank.
204—Bates et al. vs. Sherman.
207—Harlin vs. Mooney.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Robertson, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
4146—Thurber vs. Manhattan Eng. Co.
3967—Stein vs. Gunsberg.
3875—Sieberg vs. Miller.
3833—Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. N. J. Steamboat Co.
3929—Kalterbach vs. Meyer.
2605—Fowler vs. Breslin et al.
3951—Littlefield vs. Waitzfelder et al.
3955—Eppstein et al. vs. Barve et al.
3891—Rankin vs. Van Loon.

Nos.
3893—Hamilton vs. Van Loon.
3927—Davis vs. Hughes.
3933—Barlow vs. White.
3741—Jacobs et al. vs. Wilde.
3365—Brooks vs. Barrie.
3417—Riely, Admin., &c., vs. Banks.
3803—Sheridan vs. Kelly Sheriff, &c.
3023—Spring vs. Day, et al.
3981—Bouton vs. Elmer et al.
3985—Landgraff, Ass'ee. vs. McDonald, et al.

Part II.—Held by Barbour, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
3798—Schanck et al. vs. Morris.
3983—Holtzinger vs. Nat. Corn Ex. Bank.
4024—Manderlich vs. Wells.
3930—Manhattan Oil Co. vs. Webb.
4066—Peck et al. vs. Knox.
4082—Donnelly vs. O'Sullivan.
4806—Minton vs. Morville.

Nos.
3554—Darcy Admr. vs. Third-av. R. R. Co.
4158—Seguin vs. Millet.
4160—Boggis vs. Walter, &c.
4162—Collins vs. Swan.
4164—Friedlander vs. Strob.
4166—Eans vs. Morris.
4170—Hudson River R. R. Co. vs. Liftchild.
4172—Burke vs. Griffin.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Part I—Held by Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Equity Cases.

Nos.
175—Scott vs. Hawl et al.
176—Pulvermacher vs. Wenning, &c.
177—Meeker et al. vs. Nichols
178—Gluck vs. Buhler.
179—Fridenberg vs. Fridenberg.
180—Boreel et al. vs. Newell.

Nos.
181—Hickman vs. Pecare.
182—Schneider vs. Muller.
183—Ten Eyck vs. McGill.
184—Watson et al. vs. Welchman.
185—Cook et al. vs. Hirschfield.

Part II—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Equity Cases.

Nos.
95—Stewart &c., vs. Isidor, &c.
165—Hays et al. vs. Casey, &c.
114—Carroll vs. Wilson, &c.
150—Wheeler vs. Gilsey et al.
163—Max, &c., vs. Chebra Aust Beth Reulams.
169—The Mayor vs. Bleecker-st. and Fulton Ferry R. R. Co.
170—Same vs. Dry Dock and East Broadway and Battery R. R. Co.

Nos.
171—Same vs. Broadway and Seventh-avenue R. R. Co.
173—Porschke vs. Hedenberg.
162—O'Connor, &c., vs. West Side and Yonkers R. R. Co.
166—Baracco vs. Muzio.
290—Fitzpatrick vs. Boylan, impl'd., &c.
77—Bathgate, Admin., vs. Haskin &c.
153—Quick vs. Langan et al.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Alker, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
13.7—Bach vs. Persoh.
1328—Same vs. Same.
1329—Same vs. Same.
1329½—Same vs. Same.
892—Ascker vs. McGill.
1292—Dalton vs. Russell.
1252—McMartin vs. French.
——Parker vs. Ellis.
1225—Clark vs. Henry.
1121—Sarille vs. Thomas.
1241—Wood vs. Cavan.
1242—Same vs. Same.
1377—Tallman, Jr., vs. Ross.
1378—McCaffil vs. Hoey.
1379—Phelps vs. Butler.
1384—Hays vs. Aiken.
1385—Limm vs. Casay.

Nos.
1386—Weir vs. Butterby.
1387—Lawrence vs. Davidson.
1388—Werner vs. McKeon.
1390—Kuoler vs. Albreet.
1391—Roberts vs. Howe.
1392—Bolte vs. McKinley.
1394—Gunson vs. Met. Gaslight Co.
1395—Clinton vs. Met. Gaslight Co.
1339—Hugh vs. Wilkinson.
1402—Smith vs. Metalic Bobbin Co.
1404—Boies vs. Tilton.
1405—Syth ff vs. Aaron.
1406—Baker vs. Lord.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

ADMIRALTY—AUTHORITY OF MASTER TO SELL SHIP DURING VOYAGE—CIRCUMSTANCES JUSTIFYING THE SALE—THE TRANSFER.

Charles Fiz, appellant, vs. The Galiot Amelie.—Appeal from the Circuit Court for the District of Massachusetts.

Mr. Justice DAVIS delivered the opinion of the Court: The *Amelie* on her voyage from Surinam to Boston encountered perils of the sea, and was obliged to seek the harbor of Port-au-Prince, Hayti, and was sold there at public auction by her master, and purchased by Riviere, the claimant. The owner of the cargo, because of its non-delivery, filed the libel, and insists that the sale of the vessel was not justifiable, and passed no title to Riviere, the claimant; and even if the sale was proper, under the circumstances, that Riviere took the title subject to all existing liens. The principle of maritime law, which governs this controversy, is too well settled for dispute, although the power of the master to sell his ship in any case without the express authority of the owner was formally denied, yet it is now the received doctrine of the courts in this country as well as in England that the master has the right to sell in case of actual necessity. We are not called upon to discuss the reasons for the rule, nor to cite authorities in its support, because it has repeatedly received the sanction of this Court. (The Patapsco Insurance Company *vs.* Southgate, 5 Peters, 620; The *Sarah Ann*, 13 Peters, 400; Post et al. *vs.* Jones et al., 19 Howard, 157.) From the very nature of the case, (the Court says,) there must be this implied authority of the master to sell. The injury to the vessel may be so great and the necessity so urgent as to justify a sale; and under such circumstances the master becomes the agent of all concerned, and is required to act for their benefit. The sale of a ship becomes a necessity within the meaning of the commercial law, when nothing better can be done for the owner or those concerned in the adventure. If the master, on his part, has an honest purpose to serve those who are interested in ship and cargo, and can clearly prove that the condition of his vessel required him to sell, then he is justified. As the power is liable to abuse, it must be exercised in the most perfect good faith, and it is the duty of courts and juries to watch with great care the conduct of the master. In order to justify the sale, good faith in making it, and the necessity for it must both concur, and the purchaser, to protect his title, must be able to show their concurrence. The question is not whether it is expedient to break up a voyage and sell the ship, but whether there was a legal necessity to do it. If this can be shown, the master is justified; otherwise not. And this necessity is a question of fact, to be determined in each case by the circumstances in which the master is placed, and the perils to which the property is exposed. If the master can within a reasonable time consult the owners, he is required to do it, because they should have an opportunity to decide whether, in their judgment, a sale is necessary. And he should never sell, when in port with a disabled ship, without first calling to his aid disinterested persons of skill and experience, who are competent to advise, after a full survey of the vessel and her injuries, whether she had better be repaired or sold. And although his authority to sell does not depend on their recommendation, yet, if they advise a sale, and he acts on their advice, he is in a condition to furnish the court or jury reviewing the proceedings strong evidence in justification of his conduct. The facts of this case bring it within these well-settled principles of maritime law, and clearly show that the master was justified in terminating his voyage and selling his ship. When the voyage began the ship was seaworthy and well provided, but after she had been at sea a short time, she became disabled during a violent storm, and with great difficulty was taken into the harbor of Port au Prince. The master at once entered his protest before the Dutch Consul-General, (the ship being owned in Amsterdam,) who caused three surveys to be made of the condition of the vessel. No action was taken on the first survey, but the result of the second was to incur an expense of one thousand Spanish dollars in partial repairs, decided by it to be practicable, and recommended, in order that the ship should be put in a proper condition to proceed on her voyage to Boston. In making these partial repairs, one of the sides of the vessel was uncovered, disclosing additional damages, of a serious character, not previously ascertainable, which caused the Consul-General to order a third survey. This third and final survey was thorough and complete. The men who made it were captains of vessels, temporarily detained in port, and the agents of American and English underwriters. No persons could be more competent to advise, or, from the nature of their employment, better acquainted with the structure of vessels and the cost of repairing them. Their report is full and explicit. After stating the injuries to the vessel which they were able to find; their belief that additional damages would be found when the vessel was further uncovered; the absence of docks, competent workmen, and requisite timbers for repairs; and their opinion that the cost of her repairs would exceed the value of the vessel, they advise that the ship be broken up, the vessel sold, and the cargo reshipped to Boston. After this advice the master, who was bound to look to the interests of all parties concerned in the adventure, had no alternative but to sell. In the face of it, had he proceeded to repair his vessel, he would have been culpable. Being in a distant port, with a disabled vessel, seeking a solution of the difficulties surrounding him; at a great distance from his owners; with no direct means of communicating with them; and having good reason to believe the copper of his vessel was displaced, and that worms would work her destruction, what course so proper to pursue as to obtain the advice "of that body of men, who, by the usage of trade, have been immemorially resorted to on such occasions?" (Gordon *vs.* Mass. Ins. Co., 2 Pick., 264.) No prudent man, under the circumstances, would have failed to follow their advice, and the state of things, as proved in this case, imposed on the master a moral necessity to sell his vessel and reship his cargo. But it is said, the fact that the vessel was repaired by the purchaser and sent to Boston, disproves his necessity. Not so. It may tend to prove the surveyors were mistaken, but does not affect the question of the duty of the master to follow their advice, when given in such strong terms, and with no evidence before him that it was erroneous. But, in fact, the surveyors did not err in their conclusion that the vessel was not worth the cost of repairs, as the amount in the registry of the court for which the vessel was sold in Boston will fail to reimburse the claimant the money expended by him in purchasing and repairing her. It is insisted, even if the circumstances were such as to justify the sale and pass a valid title to the vendee, he nevertheless took the title subject to all existing liens. If this position were sound, it would materially affect the interests of commerce, for as exigencies are constantly arising requiring the master to terminate the voyage as hopeless and sell the property in his charge for the highest price he can get, would any man of common prudence buy a ship sold under such circumstances, if he took the title incumbered with secret liens, about which in the great majority of cases he could not have the opportunity of learning anything? The ground on which the right to sell rests is that, in case of disaster, the master from necessity becomes the agent of all the parties in interest, and is bound to do the best for them that he can in the condition in which he is placed, and therefore has the power to dispose of the property for their benefit. When nothing better can be done for the interest of those concerned in the property than to sell, it is a case of necessity; and as the master acts for all, and is the agent of all, he sells as well for the lienholder as the owner. The very object of the sale, according to the uniform current of the decisions, is to save something for the benefit of all concerned, and if this is so, the proceeds of the ship necessarily by operation of law stand in place of the ship. If the ship can only be sold in case of necessity, where the good faith of the master is unquestioned, and if it be the purpose of the sale to save something for the parties in interest, does not sound policy require a clean title to be given the purchaser in order that the property may bring its full value? If the sale is impeached, the law imposes on the purchaser the burden of showing the necessity for it, and this he is in a position to do, because the facts which constitute the legal necessity are within his reach; but he cannot know, nor be expected to know, in the exercise of reasonable diligence, the nature and extent of the liens that have been attached to the vessel. Without pursuing the subject further, we are clearly of the opinion, when the ship is lawfully sold, the purchaser takes an absolute title divested of all liens, and that the liens are transferred to the proceeds of the ship, which, in the sense of the Admiralty law, becomes the substitute for the ship. The title of Riviere, the claimant, was questioned at the bar, because he did not prove the master executed to him a bill of sale of the vessel. We do not see clearly how this question is presented in the record, for there is no proof, either way, on the subject; but if it is, it is easily answered,—a bill of sale was not necessary to transfer the title to the vessel. After it was sold and delivered, the property was changed, and no written instrument was needed to give effect to the title. The rule of the common law on this subject has not been altered by statute. The law of the United States, which requires the register to be inserted in the bill of sale, on every transfer of a vessel, applies only to the character and privileges of the vessel as an American ship. It has no application to this vessel and this case.

Wendover *vs.* Hogeboom, 7 John, 307; Sharp *vs.* United States, 14 John, 201; Watson *vs.* Penniman, 1 Mason, 306.

The decree of the Circuit Court is affirmed.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—May 23, 1868.

$21,000	U. S. 6s,'81,C. s3	115	100	Adams Ex	58
25,000	U. S. 6s,5-20s,C., '62	110⅛	100	do	57⅜
100,000	U.S. 6s,5-20s,C. '64	108⅛	110	Am. Ex. Co	56⅜
250,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s,C., '65	108⅛	600	Mer. U. Ex	29⅜
110,000	U. S. 5-20s, C.'65, New	110⅜	660	do	29
150,000	U. S. 5-20s. C. '67	110⅛	300	N. Y. Cen	129⅜
10,000	N. Y. St. Bounty Loan ... R	110	600	do....s30	129
9,000	N. Y. St. 6s. '72	102¾	200	Erie R	68⅞
2,000	Tenn. 6s. new	67⅛	35	do	68⅜
17,000	do	67⅛	300	Hud. R. R	138
10,000	do.....2d call	67⅜	100	do....s60	138
5,000	do	67¼	100	Bost., Hart. & E	15⅛
2,000	Ga. St. 7s	92	2100	Reading R	93⅜
10,000	N. C. St. 6s....x c	66⅜	50	do	93¼
4,000	do	66½	500	do....2d call	93⅝
75,000	N. Car. State 6s. new	66	500	do	94
15,000	Virginia 6s. New	53⅝	600	do	93⅞
5,000	do	54	100	Mich. Cen	119
20,000	Missouri 6s	91¼	200	M. S. & N. I	87⅝
8,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s.'83	94	10	do	87½
2,000	Pac. R. 7s, Guar. by St. of M	95	100	do	87⅜
1,000	Alt. & T.H. Inc	80	100	do....2d call	87⅛
1,000	Del., L. & W. 1st	97	10	Panama R	325
3,000	To. & W. 2d	82	200	Clev. & Pitts	85⅞
5,000	Tol. & W. E. Bs	72	200	do....2d call	86
13,000	Gt. W. 2d M	77	100	C. & N. W. R	66⅜
1,000	Mor. & Es. 1st M.	98½	50	Chi. & N. W. Pf	77⅛
10,000	Mor. & Es. 2d	88½	100	do	77⅛
1,000	N.Y.& N.H.B.,6s	96	100	do....b30	77
10	Tenth National	105½	100	do....b3	77⅛
30	St. Nicholas B'k	107½	200	do....2d call	77⅛
265	Bank of Commerce	125	100	do....b10	77⅜
10	Fourth National	107	200	Clev. & Tol	107⅞
400	Canton Co	50¼	200	do	108
100	Cum. Coal Pf	35	250	Clev., P. & Ash. R.	105⅛
100	Quick. Min	30¾	100	do	105
100	do	30¾	600	Chic. & R.I	95⅛
500	Mariposa Min. Co	5	100	do....b15	95⅛
10	B. & B. Ass'n	110	30	M.& P.D.C. 1st P	100½
100	Bos. Water P	20¾	100	do....b60	101
120	Wells-Fargo Ex	24	200	do	101
			200	Mil. & St. P. Pf	76⅞
			200	T., W. & W	49⅜
			100	do....b30	49⅞
			100	P., F. W. & C	109⅛
			400	do	109⅜
			20	Chic. & Alt. R	128
			250	Mar. & C. 1st Pr	28⅛

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 6s. '81, C.	115	1300	Erie R	69
50,000	U. S. 5-20s. C., '62	110⅜	500	do	69⅛
50,000	U.S. 5-20s, C.,'65, New	110⅛	400	Reading R	93⅜
455,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C	104⅞	500	M. S. & N. I	88
5,000	Tr. Not., 7 3-10s. 2d Series	108⅛	1200	Cleve. & Pitts	87⅛
15,000	Tenn. St. 6s. new	67	400	Chi. & N. W.Pf..b30	78
560	West. U. Tel	38	500	do	77⅞
100	Quicksilver	30	200	Ohio & Miss. R	30⅛
1500	Pacific Mail	92⅛	500	do	30⅜
500	do	92⅜	500	Clev. & Tol	108⅛
20	B. & B. Assoc'tion	110⅛	25	Chic. & R.I. R	95⅛
400	Adams Ex	57⅛	75	do	95
800	Wells-Fargo Ex	24⅛	1000	do	96
50	do	24⅛	500	do	96⅛
300	Mer. U. Ex	28⅜	200	Tol., W. & W	49⅜
1500	N. Y. Cent	129⅛	200	P., Ft. W. & C	109⅛
50	do.....s30	129	400	M. & P.D.C.2d Pf	95
			22	H. & St. J. R	80
			100	do	78
			50	H. & St. J. Pf	85

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

200	Pacific Mail	92⅛	200	Mil. & St. P.Pf	76⅜
100	do	92⅜	300	Pitts. Ft. W. & C	109⅜
100	N. Y. Cen. R	129⅛	400	do	109⅛
100	West. U. Tel	38⅛	100	do....b10	109⅜
100	Erie R	68⅞	100	O. & Miss. R	30⅛
400	Reading R	93⅜	1500	Mich. S. & N. I	87⅞
10	B. & B. Assoc'tion	110½	6.0	do....c	87⅝
20	do	110⅜	200	Clev. & Pitts	87⅜
20	do	110	500	Cl. & Tol	108
150	do	111	100	Chi. R. I. & P	96⅛
300	Tol., W. & W	49⅛	800	do	95⅝
200	do....s3	49⅛	100	Chi. & N. W...b10	66⅜
300	Mil. & St. P	64⅜	100	Chi. & N. W. Pf	77⅛
100	do	64½	100	do....b30	77⅜

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

200	Wells-Far Ex	24⅛	100	Ohio & Miss. R	30⅛
300	Adams Ex	57⅛	100	do	30⅜
50	do	57⅜	600	M. S. & N. I	87⅜
20	Am. Ex	56⅜	100	do....c	87⅜
500	Mer. U. Ex....s30	28⅜	100	do....s10	87⅜
50	do	29	100	do....b30	87⅜
100	do....s60	28⅛	100	do....b10	87⅛
100	U. S. Ex	57⅛	1200	Cleve. & Pitts	86
100	Pac. Mail....c	92⅛	40	do	86
100	do....b10	92⅛	200	do....b15	86⅛
100	do	92⅜	500	do....c	86⅛
200	W. U. Tel	38⅛	200	do....s10	86⅜
100	Quicksilver	30	300	do....b10	86⅛
100	N. Y. Cen....s30	129	200	Clev. & Tol	107⅞
200	do	129⅛	400	Chi. R. I. & P	95⅞
400	Erie R	68⅞	100	C. & N. W. R	67
200	do....b10	69	1200	Chic. & N. W. Pf	77⅜
1200	Reading R	93⅜	400	do	77⅜
1000	do....s10	93⅜	200	do....c	77⅜
20	B. & B. Assoc'tion	111	100	do....b60	77
100	Tol. W. & W	49⅜	100	do....s10	77⅛
100	Mil. & St. P. Pf	76⅜	100	Mil. & P. d. C. 1st P.	[illegible]
100	P. F. W. & C	109⅞			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

200	Adams Ex	57⅜	300	M. & St. P. Pf	76⅞
100	Mer. U. Ex....b10	28⅞	1200	Clev. & Pitts R	87⅜
400	Pacific Mail	93⅛	200	do....s10	87⅜
200	West. U. Tel	38⅛	200	do....b5	87⅜
500	N. Y. Cen. R	129⅜	200	Clev. & Tol	108
100	do....s10	129⅛	100	do	108⅜
200	do	129⅜	200	do	108⅜
200	do....b3	129⅜	600	do	108⅜
200	Erie R	69⅛	200	do	108⅜
200	Reading R	93⅜	400	Ohio., R. I. & P	96
200	do	93⅜	200	do	95⅜
200	do....b30	93⅞	100	do	95⅞
100	Tol. W. & W	49⅜	100	do....b10	95⅜
100	Mil. & St. P	65⅜	100	do....b30	96
200	P., F. W. & C	109⅜	300	Chi. & N. W. R	66⅞
100	do	109⅛	30.	Chi. & N.W.Pf	77⅞
100	Ohio & M. R	30⅛	200	do	78
800	M. S. & N. I. R	88⅛	100	do....b30	78

MONDAY, May 25—A. M.

The weekly averages of the Associated Local and National Banks in the Clearing-house of this City, for the week ending Saturday last, May 23, compare as follows with the previous week, and with the corresponding week last year; to which we add the specie and currency balances in the New-York office of the United States Treasury at these dates, respectively:

Decrease in Loans	$343,504
Decrease in Specie	462,195
Increase in other Legal Tenders	4,619,667
Increase in Deposits	1,194,245
Decrease in Circulation	10,211

	May 25, 1867.	May 23, 1868.	May 16, 1868.
National Cap'l.	$73,457,700	$73,457,700	$73,457,700
Local Capital	9,062,500	9,962,500	9,962,500
Total Capital	$82,520,200	$83,470,200	$83,470,200
Loans	256,091,805	267,381,279	267,724,783
Gold and Gold Notes	14,083,667	20,476,947	20,939,142
Other L. Tend'r	60,56[illegible],440	62,233,002	57,613,196
Deposits	193,673,345	202,507,550	201,318,305
Circulation	33,697,253	34,183,038	34,193,249
In Sub-Tres'y	132,281,220	102,685,754	101,378,670

The Bank Statement published to-day exhibits the following relative strength of the movement, in the point of lawful Money Security, to the previous Statement. The Banks owed:

	May 16.	May 23.	May 25, 1867.
On deposits	$201,313,305	$202,507,550	$193,673,345
Circulation	34,193,249	34,183,038	33,697,253
Total	$235,506,554	$236,690,588	$227,370,598
25 ℘ cent. would be	$58,876,388	$59,172,647	$56,842,649
They held: In Gold and Greenbacks	78,552,337	82,709,949	74,646,107
Excess	$19,675,949	$23,527,302	$17,803,458

The Banks gain largely in Greenbacks, (or their representative 3 ℘ cent. Treasury Certificates,) chiefly by the exchange of Current funds for these Certificates with outside parties who preferred the Money here to the Certificates or to sending their Compounds to Washington for Greenbacks. The Currency balances on Deposit increased about a million and a half, while the Specie Deposits fell off half a million. The Statement altogether is quite satisfactory. It establishes an easy open Money market, without further increasing the Loans and Discounts at Bank. The Treasury has exhausted its 3 ℘ cent. Certificates, as authorized by the Thirty-ninth Congress, leaving outstanding over $30,000,000 Compound Interest Notes, part overdue in May, &c., and the remainder to fall due in August and September. It is assumed, for granted, by some parties, that the whole of these and the 19½ ℘ cent. interest thereon will have to be paid in Greenbacks, in place of a further issue of Certificates, to be authorized by the Fortieth Congress, and a premium on the first issue of Certificates, because of their great convenience to the Banks, is therefore talked about, especially by some of the fortunate outside holders. This calculation may prove a mistake. It would be a virtual reduction of $25,000,000 or $30,000,000 of the Legal Tender paper, now held in reserve by the National Banks of the country on the eve of what we believe will (or should) prove an active Fall trade, if not embarrassed by the adverse operations of the Treasury, for which the dominant party in Congress would be held responsible in the midst of a Presidential canvass. We therefore anticipate a further authorization of 3 ℘ cent. Certificates, in preference to increasing the Funded Gold-bearing Public Debt, and as the alternative of the restoration of the $44,000,000 Common Greenbacks, heretofore withdrawn from circulation. The latter is not desired by any considerable party at present, nor will it probably be seriously discussed in Congress, unless from an apprehension that the balance of the Compounds cannot be provided for without disturbing the Money market and at the same time running up the Gold-bearing permanent Public Debt. This Debt already threatens—because of Mr. MCCULLOCH'S great haste and anxiety to get all the 7.30 ℘ cents out of the way and his persistent unwillingness to use any part of his large excess of Gold in sinking the old 5-20s—to exceed $2,000,000,000, unless Congress should otherwise direct before the Summer adjournment; and however this may be, it seems every way desirable that the excess should be kept down to as small a sum as practicable. The first of May schedule of the Public Debt left the Gold-bearing Debt as follows:

Total to April 30, 1868		$1,963,378,292
Fundable 7.30s to July 15		163,490,250
Less		$2,126,868,542
Navy Fund	$13,000,000	
Sixes of 1848	8,688,242—	21,688,242
Total close of July		$2,105,180,300
Gold in Treasury, May 1		$106,909,658
Gold Notes outstanding		19,357,900
Belonging to Treasury		$87,551,758
May Customs	$15,500,000	
June Customs	14,500,000	
July Customs	17,000,000—	47,000,000
Total		$134,551,758
May Interest	$26,000,000	
June 30 principal	8,688,242	
July Interest	26,000,000—	60,000,000
Available, July 31		$74,551,758

The Revenues of the United States Treasury, including miscellaneous receipts from the premiums on gold and sales of army and navy material and other extraordinary sources, we have reasons to believe, will amount, for the current fiscal year, to close on 30th June, prox., about as follows:

Customs, July 1 to March 31		$121,165,212
Fourth quarter estimated		45,000,000
Total in gold		$166,165,212
Taxes to May 23	$169,369,603	
May 23, to June 30, estimated	21,000,000*—	190,369,603
Miscellaneous to May 15	45,000,000	
May 15 to June 30	13,000,000	
Direct taxes and from lands	2,000,000—	60,000,000
Total for year		$416,534,815

*A minimum estimate.

As the Public Debt stood on the First of May, (inst.,) this would leave a surplus of $11,271,186, as applied to the reduction of the Principal of the Public Debt. On the First of June Schedule we anticipate an increase of the Public Debt on its present total—$2,500,528,827, as against $2,511,800,013 on 1st July, 1867—but not more than will be overcome by the surplus revenues in June. This result, considering that the people were relieved by Congress to the extent of $76,000,000 of taxation, as compared with 1867, and the extraordinary charges upon the War Department for Indian Wars and Southern Reconstruction, is far better than Mr. MCCULLOCH anticipated sixty days ago.

The Trade of the past week, in Foreign Merchandise, was a good average for this season of the year. The movement in Domestic Produce, other than Cotton, is larger than in May, 1867, and the accounts from the West, encouraged by the fine promise of another crop, are to the effect that heavy supplies of Grain and Flour and Provisions will come to the sea-board markets through the Summer and Fall months. The Public Funds were decidedly improved by the easy Money market and the Chicago platform and nominations, and the Stock Exchange generally, at the close of the week, showed more animation.

The Import Entries for the past week, including the Dry Goods return in our last paper, amount to $3,469,371, against the total entries of

$4,291,590 same week last year. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $4,085,781, against $3,982,664 same week last year. The Export of Specie amounts to $3,947,637, against $1,583,667 same week last year. The Customs of the week are $2,230,000. The receipts of Cotton, coastwise and by railroad, are 4,687 bales. The number of emigrant passengers arrived during the week, 8,177.

The gold values of the Import entries of foreign merchandise at New-York since July 1, 1867, the beginning of the current fiscal year, are officially (to May 1) and semi-officially (since) reported as follows—the entries of foreign specie being omitted:

July	$23,030,260	February	$20,402,462
August	23,732,000	March	25,213,38
September	20,681,540	April	21,397,805
October	18,075,697	May 2	6,395,815
November	15,689,688	May 9	4,216,906
December	13,112,564	May 16	5,773,251
January	15,281,997	May 23	3,469,371

Total since July 1 .... $215,472,694
Against same time 1867 245,457,307
Decrease since July 1 .... $29,984,613

The Currency value of the Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods from New-York, including foreign articles reëxported, since July 1, 1867, are as follows, the figures being officially reported to May 1 by months and since semi-officially by weeks:

July	$14,068,861	February	$14,021,585
August	12,857,352	March	13,563,450
September	12,002,449	April	14,739,210
October	17,481,221	May 6	3,188,020
November	20,675,515	May 13	3,434,538
December	14,057,986	May 20	4,035,781
January	14,448,327		

Total since July 1 .... $158,574,300
Against same time 1867 163,247,829
Decrease since July 1 .... $4,673,529
Gold, May 23, 1868 .... 139⅜ ₩ cent.
Gold, May 25, 1867 .... 137⅛ ₩ cent.

The Exports of Gold and Silver from New-York are as follows since July 1, 1867:

July	$13,519,894	February	$4,203,829
August	1,714,598	March	3,694,912
September	2,201,959	April	6,185,179
October	1,182,031	May 2	1,929,728
November	1,733,261	May 9	3,686,394
December	6,854,548	May 16	3,150,457
January	7,349,825	May 23	3,947,637

Total since July 1 .... $61,264,243
Against same time 1867 33,848,546
Increase since July 1 .... $27,415,697

The deliveries of California Gold and Silver at New-York since July 1, 1867, are as follows:

July	$2,679,712	February	$4,132,576
August	3,983,650	March	3,196,196
September	2,615,950	April	3,797,430
October	1,847,106	May 4	1,127,849
November	1,038,058	May 14	1,170,271
December	2,186,922	May 22	1,177,496
January	3,071,619		

Total since July 1 .... $32,014,844
Against same time 1867 35,656,416
Decrease since July 1 .... $3,641,572

The following are the Customs Receipts in Gold, and the Interest paid on the Public Debt in Gold, at the New-York office of the United States Treasury since July 1, 1867:

	Customs Received.		Gold Interest Paid.
July	$9,794,404	July	$11,306,370
August	12,903,740	August	621,066
September	11,967,825	September	2,716,959
October	9,082,986	October	187,357
November	7,304,934	November	16,969,514
December	5,448,244	December	1,438,758
January	7,204,[illegible]	January	16,046,501
February	9,735,[illegible]	February	1,880,086
March	11,335,[illegible]	March	3,109,556
April	10,249,[illegible]	April	276,099
May 2	663,000	May 2	7,032,000
May 9	2,337,000	May 9	3,919,000
May 16	2,467,000	May 16	2,410,000
May 23	2,230,000	May 23	2,041,000
Total	$103,011,621	Total	$70,054,261
To date, 1867	112,882,216	To date, 1867	52,127,392

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

		May 25, '67.
American Gold Coin	139¼@140@139⅝	137⅛
Old U. S. 5-20s, 186[illegible]	109@110⅜	109⅜
Consolidated 5-20s	109⅝@11[illegible]⅛	108⅜
Seconds and Thirds, 7.30s	107⅞@108⅛	106⅞
U. S. 5 ₩ cents, 10-40s	103⅞@105@104⅝	99⅜
New-York Central	128⅞@129⅝	97⅛
Erie	69¼@68⅜@69⅝	58⅞
Rock Island	95@96⅛@95⅜	87½
Michigan Southern	86⅝@88	66½
Hudson River	137⅝@138⅛	100⅝
Northwestern	66⅝@67	51⅝
Fort Wayne and Chicago	107⅞@109⅞@109⅜	95⅝
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	84⅜@87⅜	73
Reading	90⅞@94@93⅛	103
Northwestern Preferred	77⅜@78	57
Ohio and Mississippi	29⅝@30⅜	25
Pacific Mail	91¼@93⅛	127⅝
Western Union Telegraph	38⅛@37⅛@38	42⅛
St. Paul Preferred	76⅜@76⅝	54
St. Paul Common	63⅛@65⅜	35

The sales of Gold were the same as on Friday, 139⅝@139⅞ ₩ cent. The speculation in the Gold Room is dull, no disposition shown to buy or sell heavily for the turn in the market. The Export demand for the day amounted to $1,969,973, making for the whole week a total of $3,947,637. The Customs demand for the week amounts to $2,230,000, against which the Treasury Office paid out $2,041,000 Gold Interest on the Public Debt, and probably sold a moderate amount of Gold from day to day in the open market. The California arrival of $1,177,496 supplied part of the Export movement at the close of the week. The banks lose on their Gold averages only $462,195, while they gain $4,619,907 in other Legal Tender. Their general line of Deposits is $1,194,245 higher than last Monday, and their Loans $343,504 less. The market for Money closed easy at 5@6 ₩ cent. to the Brokers—with exceptions at 4 ₩ cent. The Public Funds, after yielding ⅛ ₩ cent., and on some of the 5-20s ¼ ₩ cent. in the forenoon, were on the recovery late in the day, and left off firm. The conversions of the 7.30 ₩ cents at the Treasury Office on Friday and Saturday into 5-20s of 1867 amounted to $6,500,000, making thus far in May, at the New-York Office alone, $20,552,550, in addition to which the Office has purchased over $10,000,000 of 7.30s in the open market. On the Stock Exchange there was an increased business in the New-York and Border State Bonds at very full prices, and the Railway Bonds were also in demand, at advancing bids, with only moderate parcels offered. On the Miscellaneous Shares, Pacific Mail was better and most of the Express Companies in fair demand. Quicksilver Company and Western Telegraph were also higher than on Friday. The Railway Share market opened active and rising on Reading, and firm, without much business, on most of the Western Roads. New-York Central and Erie steady. Later in the day, there was quite a general improvement, and a strong market, Reading, Pittsburg, Toledo, Michigan Southern and New-York Central in special demand.

After the late Boards broke up the following quotations were made, as compared with Friday night. Tennessee Bonds fell off to 67 ₩ cent. The Railways generally firm:

	Fri.	Sat.		Fri.	Sat.
U. S. 10-40s	105	104⅞	Missouri	91⅛	91¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	110⅜	110⅜	Northwest	66⅞	67
U. S. Con. 5-20s	110⅜	110⅜	N. West Pref.	77⅝	78
N. Y. Central	129¼	129⅝	Rock Island	95⅝	95⅞
Erie	69	69⅛	Fort Wayne	109⅜	109½
Hudson	138¼	138⅛	W. U. Telegraph	38⅛	38
Reading	93⅛	93½	M'chants' Union	29⅛	28¾
Mich. Southern	87⅞	88	St. Paul Pref.	76⅜	76⅝
Ohio and Miss.	30⅛	30⅜	St. Paul Com.	64⅝	65⅛
Pittsburgh	85⅞	87⅜	Pacific Mail	92⅛	93⅛
Toledo	107⅞	108⅛	American Gold	139⅝	139⅝
Tenn 6s. new	67⅛	67	Bills on London	110⅛	110⅛

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ cent., 1868	142⅛	Oregon W. L., ½ yr. '81	111
6 ₩ cent. coup., 1868	142⅛	5 ₩ cent. reg., 1871	125
6 ₩ cent. reg. '81	115	5 ₩ cent. coup. 1871	126
500 & 1,000, 1881	115	5 ₩ cent. reg., 1874	114½
5-20 reg., 1862	107	5 ₩ cent. coup., 1874	115
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	110⅜	10-40 reg.	104⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	108⅜	10-40 500 & 1,000	104⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000 1865	108⅜	7 3-10 2d series	108⅜
5-20 cou. 1865, n. is	11[illegible]	7 3-10 3d series	108⅜
5-20 coup. 1867	110⅜		

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Reg Bounty Loan	110	Illinois coupon 6s. 1879	100
N. Y. coup. B'y Loan	110	Illinois war loan	100
N. Y. 7s., Canal, 1870	102	Indiana 6 ₩ c. War L'n.	96
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. Canal, 1872	102	Michigan 6 ₩ c., 1873	94
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. Canal, 1873	102⅝	Michigan 6 ₩ c., 1878	94
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. Canal, 1874	102⅝	Michigan 6 ₩ c., 1883	94
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. Canal, 1875	103	Tennessee 6 ₩ c., ex. c.	68⅜
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. Canal, 1877	102	Tennessee 6 ₩ c. n. bds	67⅝
N. Y. 5 ₩ c. Canal, 1878	102	Virginia 6s., ex-c	54⅝
Ohio 6 ₩ cent., 1881	102	Virginia 6s. new bds.	58⅜
Ohio 6 ₩ c., 1886	102	Georgia 6s.	76⅛
Illinois C. bonds 1860	100	Georgia 7s. new bonds.	92
Illinois reg., 1860	100	N. C. 6s. ex coupons	66⅝
Ill. 6s. cou., '79 aft. 1860	100	N. C. 6s. new bonds	66
Ill. 6s. cou., '79 aft. 1862	100	Missouri 6s.	91⅝
Illinois c. 6s. '79 aft. 1865	100	Mo. 6s. H. & St. Jo. is.	90
Illinois c. 6s '79 aft. 1870	100	Connecticut 6s.	100
Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	100		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	135⅛	Bank of N. America	109
Merchants'	120	Hanover	115
Mechanics'	128	Irving	107
Union	118	Metropolitan	135
America	143	Corn Exchange	129
Phenix	108	St. Nicholas	107½
Tradesmen's	140	Commonwealth	112
National	111	Park	150
State of New-York	112½	Central National	108½
Commerce	124	Fourth National	107¼
Mec. B. Assoc'n	118	Ninth National	109½
American Exchange	119	Tenth National	105½
Chatham	149	Oriental Bank	130
Bank of the Republic	117		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1883	94	Del. L. & W. 1st M.	97
N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1887	94	Tol & W. 1st M ex'd	97½
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	90	Tol. & W. 2d Mort.	81⅝
N. Y. Cen. 6s. Sub'n	80	Tol. & W. Equip. b'ds	72
N. Y. Cen. 7s. 1876	104	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	77
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. '76	125	Quin. & Tol. 1st M. '90	78
Erie 1s, 2d ind., 1870	101½	Ills. & So. Iowa 1st M.	79
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	95	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	100⅛
Erie 7s, 4th ind., 1880	91	Chi. & R. I. Pac. 7s	98⅛
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	90⅛	Morris & Essex 1st M.	98⅛
Buff., N. Y. & Erie 1st '77	98	Morris & Essex 2d M.	88
Hud. R. 7s 1st M. '69-70	101⅛	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	102⅛
Hud. R. 7s 2d M. S. F. '85	104	N. Jersey Cen. 2d M.	100
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M., '75	98	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	106
Harlem 1st M	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	99⅛
Mich. C. 8 ₩ c. '69-'72	110	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	95
Mich. Cen. n. 1st M. 8s, '82	111	Cleve. & P. 3d M. conv.	90
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ₩ c. 1st M.	113	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	79
Mich. So. 7 ₩ c. 2d M.	94⅛	Chi. & Alton S. F. 1st M.	102
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₩ c.	99	Chi. & Alton Inc.	91⅛
Pac. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	85	Atlantic & G. W. 1st M.	75
Ill. Cen. 7 ₩ c. 1870	114	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	94
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	84	Ohio & Miss. Con.	86⅛
Alton & T. H. 2d M. Inc.	78⅛	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M.	88
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	97	Peninsula R. R. Bds.	88
Chic. & N. W. Int. Bds.	90⅛	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	94⅛
Con. 7 ₩ cent. conv.	91	Mar. & Cin. 1st M.	90
Con. 7 ₩ cent. 1st M.	91⅛	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	90⅛
Han. & St. Jo. L. G.	103	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	95⅛
Lack. & West'n. bds	97		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $4,493,011 13; payments, $3,006,275 38; balance, $102,685,754 85. The receipts include for Customs, $323,000; gold notes, $92,000.

A combination has been made of the Railway lines of the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati and Bellefontaine and Indianapolis Companies, under the style of the "Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway Company," with the following capital:

C., C. and C. Company, old Stock	$6,000,000
20 ₩ cent. Extra to equalize	1,200,000
Bellefontaine and I. Stock	3,250,000
Total new Stock	$10,450,000
Funded Debt	2,000,000
Total Capital and Debt	$12,450,000

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

SIX HUNDRED MILES OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this Spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this great national work at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

1. A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

2. A GOVERNMENT GRANT of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

3. A GOVERNMENT GRANT of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

4. A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the United States bonds, issued for the same purpose, and *no more.* THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class Railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, carshops, locomotives, cars, &c.

5. A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION from the stockholders, of which *over Eight Million Dollars* have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

6. NET CASH EARNINGS on its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through business that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that First Mortgage Bonds upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount, are secure beyond any contingency.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that, for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New-York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of NEARLY NINE PER CENT., and it is believed that they may soon be at a premium.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in New-York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau-street, and by JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 59 Wall-street, and by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States, of whom pamphlets, maps, &c., can be obtained.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, May 23, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce, since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	141	Barley, bushels	....
Flour, bbls	6,298	Malt, bushels	900
Flour, bags	5,608	Peas, bushels	7,500
Cornmeal, bbls	250	Pork, bbls	....
Cornmeal, bags	....	Cut Meats, pkgs	65
Wheat, bushels	56,909	Lard, pkgs	....
Corn, bushels	164,964	Beef, tcs. and bbls.	50
Rye, bushels	6,064	Whisky, bbls.	....
Oats, bushels	24,100	Petroleum, bbls.	1,615

ASHES—Continue inactive at $8 50@$8 62 for Pots, and $11 25@$11 50 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs. Stock, 662 bbls.

COFFEE—Has been quiet but steady, including Java at 23c.@24c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@18c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17½c.; Rio, 8¾c.@13c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@20c.; Jamaica, 15c.@15½c.; Domingo, 14½c.@15c., all in gold, ₩ lb.

COTTON—The market closes very firmly, though without activity. Sales have been reported, to-day, of only 546 bales, including 141 bales to spinners, 100 bales to speculators, and 305 bales to shippers. Messrs. CORNWALL and ZEREGA, in their circular of this morning, notice the business of the week, thus: "Our market for the week has been heavy and declining, closing firm but quiet at 1½c ₩ pound decline from the opening prices of Saturday. The sales have been 7,116 bales, including 1,614 bales to spinners, 2,997 bales to speculators, and 2,505 bales to exporters. The unfavorable Liverpool advices have depressed our market and disappointed operators, but most of our stock is firmly held, and but a small amount of Cotton could be bought at the quotations. The receipts at the ports continue to decline, and were it not for the unsatisfactory condition of the dry goods market, should, in view of the light stock of Cotton, give us an active spinning demand at full prices. The exports from this port for the week have been: To Liverpool, 5,507 bales; to Hamburg, 488 bales; to Rotterdam, 327 bales. Making the total exports for the week, 6,322 bales."

Closing Prices of Cotton to-day.

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ₩ lb	27½	27½	28@28½
Good Ordinary	28½	28½	29@29½
Low Middling	29½	29½	30@30½
Middling	30½	30½	31@31½
Good Middling	31½	31½	32@32½

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts this week	4,061
Receipts last week	4,702
Receipts preceding week	4,647
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	338,340
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	564,862
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1869	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Tuesday	1,998
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	206,748
Exports since Sept. 1	358,772
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,090
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	70,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,000
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	2,114,000
Receipts same time 1866-7	1,721,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,331,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,584,000
Exports same time 1866-7	1,309,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	170,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	310,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quite dull, as a rule, to-day, but without any notable changes in prices. There has been scarcely any export call. Sales have been reported since our last of 7,800 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $8 15@$9; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $9 15@$9 60; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $9 60@$10 40, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $9 65@$10 35 ₩ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$8 15@$9 00
Extra State	9 15@10 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 10@14 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	9 65@10 35
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 35@14 00
Extra Genesee	10 40@14 00
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 25@16 75

Southern Flour continues in limited demand at drooping prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 550 bbls. at $9 85@$10 95 for poor to fair, and $11@$15 75 for fair to very superior extra, ₩ bbl. California Flour is in less demand, at irregular prices; sales have been reported of 1,100 sacks at $11 25@$13 75 for extras, ₩ 196 lbs. Rye Flour is in limited request at $8 20@$10 10 for inferior to choice, ₩ bbl.; sales 250 bbls. Corn Meal is in slack demand at $5 80@$5 90 for Jersey; $5 70@$6 for Western; $5 50@$5 60 for City, $5 85 for Fairfax, $6 for Caloric, $6 for Brooklyn, and $6 30@$6 40 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl.; sales 475 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in more demand to-day, partly on speculative account; prices closing with more firmness. Sales have been reported since our last of 64,500 bushels, including Amber Canada, (Winter,) at $2 70; White Wisconsin at $2 65; No. 1 Spring at $2 28@$2 29, and No. 2 Spring at $2 18@$2 20, ₩ bushel. Corn has been quite freely offered to-day at declining prices, on only a fair average trade demand. Sales have been reported of 87,000 bushels at $1 09½@$1 11, closing at $1 09½@$1 10, for New Mixed Western in store and afloat; $1 15½ for Old Mixed Western, in store; $1 16@$1 19 for New Yellow Jersey, Western and Southern; $1 16@$1 20 for White Western and Southern ₩ bushel. Rye has been quiet, but steady at from $2 05@$2 10 ₩ bushel. Nothing new in Barley. Of Barley Malt, small lots changed hands at $2 20@$2 35 ₩ bushel. Oats have attracted more attention and have been on the advance. Western ranged from 86c.@87c., selling chiefly at 87½c.@86¾c. afloat, and 86c. in store, ₩ bushel; sales 73,500 bushels.

HAY—North River Bale has been in less request to-day and steady at 80c.@85c. for shipping, and $1 20@$1 50 for poor to very choice, for local use, ₩ 100 lbs. Straw is in less demand at 75c.@90c. for short and long, ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been dull at drooping prices, including American at 10c.@55c. for new; older growths, 5c.@25c., and foreign at 20c.@40c. ₩ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; good to prime, 20c.@30c.; choice to fancy, 35c.@40c. Eastern, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; prime to choice, 25c.@35c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 20c.@45c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@15c.; good to prime, 25c.@35c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@20c.; old Olds, 5c.@10c. Foreign—Canadians, 10c.@40c.; Bavarians, 25c.@35c.; Belgians, 20c.@25c. ₩ lb. The week's business in this line, Mr. EMMET WELLS notices thus: "The Hop trade during the first half of the week, by reason of the pluvial condition of the weather, suffered equal depression with other branches of business; but with the return of pleasant weather toward the last, the market exhibited renewed animation. The dealings have been chiefly confined to low grades of State and Michigan, at prices ranging from 10 to 15 cents ₩ lb.—not on speculation, but for actual consumption. Although these are considered low prices, and such as barely pay the cost of cultivation, yet many growers, with Hops on hand, who could have sold early in the season at large profits, are now willing to accept the "situation" and close out their Hops at the current rates. With a stock outside of consumers' hands of 20,000 to 25,000 bales, or three times more than was on hand the corresponding season of last year, there certainly remains little or no encouragement in holding for higher prices. Our London correspondent, in his last letter, expresses the opinion, that in the event of our failure to produce sufficient good Hops the coming season for our own use, England will be able to supply us. His opinion is based particularly upon past experience; bearing in mind the fact of a comparative failure of the crop in that country for three consecutive years, he believes it highly probable that the coming season will find England with a surplus for export; more especially when considering the fact that the increase in acreage now under cultivation in that country is much larger than was ever known before. Precisely the same remarks are applicable to the American and Continental Hop districts, so far as relates to increase of acreage. Verily, the culture of Hops, both in this country and Europe, is being greatly overdone, and unless the consumption of the article increases proportionately with the yield, we doubt if the ravages of the insect, or any other existing evil, can be of sufficient magnitude to produce any favorable effect upon the market, and thereby sustain the high prices which have ruled during the past few years. Imports into New-York this week, only 7 bales from Liverpool, and 5 bales from Canada, being the smallest of the season. Exports to Mexico, 3 bales; British West Indies, 4 bales."

HIDES—The week's receipts have been 36,598 hides; sales, 87,200 hides, and 50 bales, do., the latter including according to Messrs. DAY & Co., 12,400 Dry Buenos Ayres, 21@23 lbs., 20c.@21½c., gold, usual selection; 23,200 Dry Montevideo, 20½@22 lbs., 20½c.@21c., gold, usual selection; 13,500 Dry Rio Grande, 20@20½ lbs., 20½c., gold, usual selection; 4,000 Dry Rio Grande, to arrive, 20 lbs., 20½c., gold, usual selection; 9,900 Dry California, 22@24 lbs., 19c.@19½c. gold, usual selection; 1,700 Dry Central American, 20@22 lbs., private terms; 200 Dry San Juan, 20 lbs., private terms; 2,500 Dry Porto Cabello, 21 lbs., private terms; 700 Dry Caraccas, 20 lbs., private terms; 1,000 Dry Matamoras, 22 lbs., private terms; 500 Dry African, 13½ lbs., private terms; 10,900 Dry Texas, 21@24 lbs., 20½c.@21½c., currency; 2,500 Dry Texas Kips, 12@14 lbs., private terms; 4,200 City Slaughter, 55@70 lbs., 12c.@12½c., currency; 50 bales Calcutta Buffalo, 22 lbs., private terms. The stock on hand of Ox and Cow Hides is 143,500 (same time last year 162,800—year before, 338,400,) and 200 bales, as follows: 136,800 Dry Buenos Ayres, Montevideo and Corrientes, 4,000 Dry Rio Grande, 1,000 Dry Savanilla and Bogota, 3,000 Dry Mexican and Texas, 1,700 Singapore Buffalo, and 200 bales East India Cow and Buffalo.

LATHS—Have been dull and heavy to-day, at $3 15@$3 25 for Eastern, ₩ 1,000.

LEATHER—Sole has been firm in price but inactive. Week's receipts about 40,000 sides.

MOLASSES—Has been in moderate demand and buoyant in price, including Porto Rico at 55c.@75c.; Cuba at 38c.@60c. ₩ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet and depressed, including Spirits Turpentine at 53c.@55½c. ₩ gallon; Crude at $4 75@$4 87; Resin at $3@$11 ₩ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3 12½@$4 25; Pitch at $3 50 ₩ bbl.

OILS—Have been less inquired for, including Crude Whale at 75c.@76c.; Bleached Whale at 85c.@87½c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached Whale at $2 15@$2 20; Lard Oil at $1 25@$1 60; Red Oil at 75c.@$1 05; Linseed Oil at $1 13@$1 16; Olive, $2 50 ₩ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in limited request at 13c.@13½c. for Crude in bulk; 18c.@18½c. for do. in bbls.; 27½c.@31c. for Refined, in bond, and 33½c.@34c. for Refined, free, ₩ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in fair demand and firm. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,450 bbls., in lots, at $28 75@$28 87, closing at $28 80, cash, for New Western Mess; $28 87 for New City Mess; $27 75@$28 for old Mess; $24 37@$24 62, chiefly at $24 50, for Prime Mess; $27 50@$27 75 for Thin Mess; $23 25@$23 75 for Prime and Extra Prime, ₩ bbl. Cut Meats are dull and heavy. Sales equal to 125 pkgs. at 16½c.@18c. for Hams and 13½c.@13¾c. for Shoulders, ₩ lb. Bacon is inactive and nominal at 14½c.@15c. for Cumberland Cut; 16c.@16½c. for Short Rib; 16½c.@16¾c. for Long Clear, and 17½c.@17¾c. for Short Clear, ₩ lb. Lard has been in demand at a shade firmer and buoyant prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 600 tcs. and bbls., at 18c.@19½c. for poor to very choice, the latter rate for small lots ₩ lb. Beef is quiet at $15@$20 50 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra do., and $9@$15 for interior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 225 bbls. Tierce Beef continues dull and heavy, including Prime Mess at $32 50@$37 50 and India Mess at $38@$41 ₩ tierce. Beef Hams have been quite dull at $32@$35 ₩ bbl.; sales 75 bbls. Butter and Cheese rule quiet at our quotations:

NEW CROP BUTTER.		
Fresh pails, State and Jersey, ₩ lb	30	@40
Pennsylvania, ₩ lb, fresh pails	30	@40
State, firkins, ₩ lb		none.
State, half-firkin, tubs, ₩ lb	30	@37½
Welsh, tubs, ₩ lb	25	@35
Western Reserve, tubs, ₩ lb	25	@32
Illinois and Wisconsin, tubs, ₩ lb	25	@30
OLD CROP CHEESE.		
Factory and Farm, first quality, ₩ lb	16	@17½
Factory and Farm, second quality, ₩ lb	10	@15
Pineapple ₩ lb	12	@18
NEW CROP CHEESE.		
Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ₩ lb	16	@16½
Factory Dairies, fair quality, ₩ lb	13	@15
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ₩ lb	14	@15
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ₩ lb	12	@14
Orange County, Skimmed Cheese	7	@10

SKINS—Deer have been inactive; though there is a fair request from manufacturers, sales are restricted by the firmness of holders. The receipts are small and the stock only moderate. Sales are 8,000 lbs. Central American and 2,000 lbs. Para on private terms. We quote: Honduras, 42½c.; San Juan, 40c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal, 43c.; Vera Cruz, 40c.; Chagres, 42½c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.; Para, 40c.@44c., gold, ₩ lb. There has been considerable activity in Mexican Goat during the latter part of the week, and we have to report sales of 248 bales Tampico on the spot and 197 bales Matamoras to arrive, from first hands, and 50 bales Tampico from second hands, on private terms. The balance of the stock, which is small, is held for higher rates. In other descriptions we note sales of 43 bales Payta and 5 bales Buenos Ayres on private terms. We quote: Tampico, 47½c.@50c.; Matamoras, 42½c.@45c.; Vera Cruz, 45c.; Buenos Ayres, 28c.@32c.; Payta, 27c.@30c., gold, ₩ lb.; Curacoa, 35c.@40c., currency; Cape, 42½c.@47½c., currency; Madras, 40c.@45c., each.

SUGARS—Have been in moderate request at drooping prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,320 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 11½c.@13¾c. ₩ lb. and 485 boxes Havana at 11½c.@13¾c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars are in demand at from 14½c.@17c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 56,000 lbs. Tallow at 12c.@12½c., chiefly at 12½c.; 59,000 lbs. Stearine at 18c.@19½c.; 45,000 lbs. Grease at 8¾c.@11½c. ₩ lb.

FREIGHTS—Have been quoted rather firmer, but have been inactive to-day, with 545 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool there were taken 7,500 bushels grain, by steamer, at 6¾d. per bushel. For an Irish port, direct, a bark, with 2,600 quarters Grain, at 5s. 6d. ₩ quarter.

DRY GOODS.

FROM AUCTION.
WE WILL OFFER AT RETAIL,
ON MONDAY, MAY 25,
A large assortment of
SILKS, GRENADINES, ORGANDIES, LAWNS.
POPLINS,
MOHAIR AND OTHER DRESS GOODS,
BOUGHT AT THE LATE AUCTIONS.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

SPECIAL SALE—GREAT SACRIFICE.
On MONDAY, May 25, and DURING THE WEEK,
WE WILL OFFER AT RETAIL,
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
RICH SILK MANTILLAS, SACQUES, &c.,
of the most elegant Paris make, at
HALF THE COST OF IMPORTATION.
ALSO,
A LARGE LOT
OF CLOTH SACQUES,
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,
AT $3 EACH.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
LINEN TABLE DAMASK,
NAPKINS,
DOILIES,
TOWELS, &c., &c.,
BARNESLEY, IRISH AND SCOTCH SHEETINGS,
PILLOW CASE LINENS,
FAMILY LINENS.
QUILTS, BLANKETS, TOILETS, &c., &c.,
BROWN and BLEACHED COTTON SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS.
PRICES COMPARING FAVORABLY WITH THE LOWEST IN THE MARKET.
GOODS HEMMED, MARKED AND DELIVERED READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.
MATTRESSES,
BOLSTERS AND PILLOWS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
NOS. 657 AND 659 BROADWAY.

LACE CURTAINS,
CRETONNE CHINTZES,
TWILLS, DIMITIES, BAZANS, &c.
SLIP COVERS CUT AND MADE.
TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY.

REDUCED PRICES.
REDUCED PRICES.
REDUCED PRICES.
Immense reduction of prices on our ENTIRE STOCK.
We have reduced our goods to astonishingly LOW PRICES,
and have decided to sell our whole Spring stock
AT A SACRIFICE,
that we may be enabled in the Fall to present to our customers new, fresh and seasonable goods, throughout all our departments;
THEREFORE,
our customers will find at our Parasol Counter
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS
AT REDUCED PRICES FROM LAST WEEK.

At our STRAW GOODS counter,
All the most fashionable shapes in
Plain and Fancy Bonnets and Round Hats,
REDUCED FROM LAST WEEK'S PRICES.

In our RIBBON DEPARTMENT,
All our Velvet Ribbons, Hat Ribbons,
Sash Ribbons, Colored Crapes, French Flowers,
Satins, Silks and Velvets,
At a TREMENDOUS REDUCTION from LAST WEEK'S PRICES.

In our Lace and Embroidery Department, not only is there a GREAT REDUCTION throughout the WHOLE STOCK, but, in addition, we shall
Offer GREAT BARGAINS in
FINE FRENCH EMBROIDERED BANDS,
AT UNHEARD-OF LOW PRICES.

At our TRIMMING COUNTERS,
All the popular styles of
Fringes, Gimps and Buttons,
AT VERY REDUCED PRICES.

At our HOSIERY COUNTER will be found a complete stock of very desirable goods
For Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear,
At a GREAT REDUCTION
FROM LAST WEEK'S PRICES.

In our LINEN HDKF. DEPARTMENT, we have made a GREAT REDUCTION in our WHOLE STOCK of
LINEN CAMBRIC HDKFS.,
GERMAN AND FRENCH CORSETS, &c.

In our HOUSEKEEPING and WHITE GOODS STOCK, the same reduction will be found
FROM LAST WEEK'S PRICES.

In Toilet articles, Perfumery, and small wares, our assortment of best quality goods is complete,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

We have made such a reduction in price on our stock of
FRENCH ORNAMENTS AND FANCY GOODS
that our customers will not only be enabled (on account of the GENERAL REDUCTION OF PRICES throughout the whole store) to buy what they really need, but will be ASTONISHED to find a SURPLUS in their POCKETS, which they can invest at our
FANCY GOODS COUNTERS,
TO GRATIFY
their taste for the BEAUTIFUL.
R. H. MACY,
No. 62 West 14th-st., and
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.

AT JACKSON'S,
MOURNING GOODS FROM AUCTION.
FINE TAMISE CLOTH, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.
FINE HENRIETTA CLOTH, $7 50, WORTH $12.
FINE CREPE CLOTH, $6 PER DRESS, WORTH $9.
FINE SCOTCH GINGHAMS, $3 PER DRESS, WORTH $5.
ENGLISH AND FRENCH MOHAIR AND POPLIN ALPACAS, 62½c., 75c. and 87½c. PER YARD, MUCH BELOW REAL VALUE.
TAMARTINES, 37½c. PER YARD, WORTH 62½c.
RICH BLACK SILKS, IN ALL THE MOST POPULAR MAKES, ¾ WIDE, AT $2, $2 25, $2 50, $2 75 AND $3; REAL BARGAINS.
CANVAS AND IRON GRENADINES, FROM ¾ TO 2 YARDS WIDE.
ALSO, TRAVELING DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY, CONSISTING OF GRAY SILK SERGES, PONGEES, WASH POPLINS, GRANITE POPLINS, MOSAMBIQUES, POPLIN DE PARIS, &c., &c.
N. B.—A LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF ELEGANT MOURNING BONNETS.
JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 551 BROADWAY.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
will offer on MONDAY, May 25,
A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
PARIS AND NEW-YORK MADE SILK SACQUES AND BASQUES, LATEST PARISIAN STYLES,
from $10 each upward.
VERY FINE VELVET CLOTH DITTO, SPRING COLORS, only $5 each.
REAL LACE AND LLAMA POINTS, SETS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.,
IN EVERY VARIETY.
BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will offer on MONDAY, May 25,
AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF
DRESS GOODS, viz.;
PLAIN and GLACE POPLINS, CHAMELEON SERGES, JASPE REPS, PLAIN and BROCHE GRENADINES, PLAIN and BROCHE CHAMBRAY GAUZES, DRESS SILKS, &c., &c., of the latest Parisian Styles, received per last steamer.
BROADWAY AND TENTH-ST.

CARPETS AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
in every variety,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES,
Notwithstanding the recent great advance in prices in Europe.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY AND TENTH ST.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN VERY DESIRABLE GOODS.
IRWIN SIMPSON, NO. 265 6TH-AV., NEAR 17TH-ST.,
Will open on MONDAY, from auction,
Cases extra long and fine English Hose, 3s. to 70c.
Case extra long Lisle Hose, 75c. to $1 25 per pair.
Case fine Balbriggan Hose, 87c. per pair, worth $1 25.
Cases White Marseilles, 40c. 50c. 60c., best 75c. per yard.
Case Whalebone Corset, 75c., old price, $2.
50 pieces Nottingham Curtain Lace, 25c. to 65c. per yard.
Jouven's Kid Gloves, warranted genuine, $1 25 per pair.
10,000 pieces Dress Trimming at a great sacrifice.
Gimps, Galoons and fringes, all colors and new patterns.
Rich Silk Trimmings, 25c. 37c. 50c. and 75c. per dozen.

ANGELINA ROUND HAT.
Have you seen HIGGINS' new round Hat for ladies, called the Angelina? If not, call on Monday at their establishment.
Nos. 693 Broadway and 126 6th-av.
N. B.—Orders by mail will receive prompt and particular attention.

DRY GOODS

NEW SPRING GOODS.
UNION ADAMS,
NO. 637 BROADWAY,
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF
FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES, COLLARS,
SHIRTS AND UNDERWEAR.
A LARGE VARIETY OF BEST GOODS AT POPULAR PRICES.

J. & P. COATS'
BEST SIX-CORD THREAD.
A full line of Nos. 50, 60, and 70, expressly adapted for fine work on sewing machines, requiring the
BEST AND STRONGEST SIX-CORD,
will be found in our stock.
E. A. MORRISON,
NOS. 327 AND 329 BROADWAY.

LINEN SHEETINGS,
PILLOW LINENS, DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS,
NAPKINS, DOYLES,
QUILTS,
CAMBRICS, NAINSOOKS,
JACONETS, PIQUES, &c.
TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY.

KID GLOVES, KID GLOVES.
OUR SPRING ASSORTMENT HAS ARRIVED.
BEST ITALIAN KID GLOVES,
$1 PER PAIR, WARRANTED.
LADIES' COTTON AND LISLE-THREAD HOSE.
LLAMA LACE POINTS. PARASOL COVERS.
RICH LACES.
PARIS AND SCOTCH EMBROIDERIES.
WE OFFER EVERY ARTICLE AT AN EXCEEDINGLY SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. MANY ARTICLES WILL BE FOUND QUITE AS CHEAP AS IN GOLD TIMES.
BENNETT WILLIAMS,
No. 477 Broadway.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
ANOTHER LINE OF BONNET RIBBONS,
At 10, 12, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40 and 50 cts. per yard, about half the original cost.
TO-DAY, LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK OF IMPORTED FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.
FROM AUCTION—Linen Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Hosiery and Gloves, under market prices.
Ladies' Kid Gloves at 30 cts. the pair.
We Warrant our Dollar GLOVES GENUINE KID.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
Every Width in Colored Edgings and Laces.
Frosted, Crystalized, Beaded, and Dotted Laces.
Real Laces, Vails and Parasol Covers.
Silks, Satins and Velvets, all the Desirable Shades.
Dress and Cloak Trimmings in endless profusion.
Dress Silk Fringes, every Width and Color.
YANKEE NOTIONS, CORSETS AND SKIRTS.
PARASOLS, EVERY STYLE, CHEAPEST IN THIS CITY.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
STRAW GOODS FOR EVERYBODY.
Straw Bonnets, Straw Jockeys, Straw Hats and Caps for boys, misses and ladies. Every price and style, from 5 cents to $5.
Snow Flakes, Fashionable Shapes, at 56, 63, 75 cts. and $1 each.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
OUR NEW JOBBING ROOM IS READY AND FITTED WITH NEW MILLINERY GOODS.
WE SELL CUT LENGTHS CHEAPER THAN DOWN-TOWN JOBBERS SELL PIECES. CALL.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

WINDOW SHADES,
WHITE AND BUFF HOLLAND
CORNICES,
GILT, BLACK WALNUT AND METAL.
TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY.

A. T. STEWART & CO'S.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT,
Complete with all the
EUROPEAN AND HOME-MADE NOVELTIES,
LADIES' SILK AND FANCY DRESS SUITS, READY MADE,
LADIES' TUCKED MUSLIN WALKING AND TRAIL SKIRTS, FRENCH CAMBRIC MORNING DRESSES, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED PIQUE DO., NAINSOOK AND SWISS MULL DO.
CHILDREN'S MARSEILLES CLOAKS, BLOUSES, SUITS, LACE CAPS, FANCY HATS, SUN-BONNETS, &c., &c.
Also, BOY'S SUITS OF SCOTCH TWEED, PLAIN AND FANCY CASSIMERE, BLUE AND GRAY FLANNEL, &c., &c.
AT EXTREMELY POPULAR PRICES.
BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST.

MACKENZIE'S SILK SACQUES.
THE DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND, $20.
THE ARGYLE, $25.
THE VICTORIA, $30.
AT
STORMS, THURBER & CO.,
No. 751 Broadway.

MARSEILLES TRIMMINGS,
Silk Trimmings, Fringes, Buttons, Binding, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, small wares and fancy goods; a great variety at lowest prices, at ELGER'S, No. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

MILLINERY.

THE NOVELTY OF THE SEASON.
A new round HAT for ladies called the Angelina, just issued by M. T. HIGGINS,
and can be had only at their stores,
No. 693 Broadway, and No. 126 6th-av.

CARPETS.

CARPETS! CARPETS!
H. O'FARRELL is offering his entire stock of Royal Velvets, Body and Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply and super Ingrain Carpets, Oilcloths, 1,000 pieces fancy white and red-check Canton Mattings, Window Shades, Lace Curtains, Rugs, Mats, &c., &c., at lower prices than any other house in this City. Hotels and boarding houses supplied at wholesale prices. Save your money by calling on him at Nos. 486 and 488 8th-av., and Nos. 267, 269 and 271 35th-st., adjoining.

BAILEY BROTHERS,
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
No. 195 Fulton-av., opposite Flatbush-av., Brooklyn.

INSTRUCTION.

DR. RICHARDS' INSTITUTE FOR 12 boys, Shrub Oak, Westchester County, N. Y., five miles east of Peekskill; the Prussian method of teaching pursued by accomplished instructors; boating, bathing, fishing, gardening, gymnastics on the place. For circulars address the Principal, DR. RICHARDS.

DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, No. 609 Broadway, will remain open day and evening all Summer for instruction in book-keeping, writing, &c. Gentlemen can secure private rooms.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, Perth Amboy, N. J. E. CLEVELAND, A. M., Principal.

MT. PLEASANT INSTITUTE—PRIVATE classes for Boys—Amherst, Mass. H. C. NASH.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS, DANbury, Conn. F. J. JACKSON, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

TO FEMALE TEACHERS.—A CHRISTIAN young woman, accustomed to teaching, is wanted to instruct a plain school at St. Johnland, on the north shore of Long Island, forty miles east of New-York; salary moderate, and a comfortable home. Apply in person to W. A. MUHLENBERG, St. Luke's Hospital, 54th-st. and 5th-av.

A YOUNG LADY OF EXPERIENCE IN teaching and a regular graduate, would like a situation as an assistant teacher in music, French and the common English branches, in a private school or academy in or near this City. Address, for six weeks, TEACHER, Bergen, N. J.

FRENCH TEACHER.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY for a young ladies' boarding school, a French lady to take charge of classes in that language; best references required. Further particulars made known on application. Address Mrs. and Miss PERKINS' SCHOOL, New-London, Conn.

A FRENCH YOUNG GENTLEMAN, REsiding up-town, would like to give private lessons at the pupils' or his residence. Address D. T., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

AUCTION SALES.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.
The Great Land Sale
At Bayonne, Hudson County, N. J.
THURSDAY, MAY 28,
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., ON THE GROUND.
24 trains each way by Central Railroad; also dummy cars every hour. For maps and full particulars apply to the Auctioneer, No. 69 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF THE MAGNIFICENT estate situate in Columbia County, N. Y., 5 miles from the City of Hudson, and near the Hudson River, known as Stramore Hall, or Livingston Manor.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & Co., will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, June 10, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the magnificent estate known as STRAMORE HALL, or LIVINGSTON MANOR, situate in Columbia County, N. Y., about five miles from the City of Hudson, and near the Hudson River. The estate consists of some 315 acres of productive and highly cultivated land, with an elegant mansion house, farmer's house coach-house, large barn, and all necessary outbuildings.
The MANSION HOUSE is in form a Greek cross, 125x108 feet (with hall 70x20 feet, and cross hall 68x8), built of brick, rough cast, and in the most substantial manner; is replete with all modern improvements and conveniences, gas, water closets, bath-rooms, billiard room, laundry, &c.; there are large balconies on three sides, and on the southwest front is a wide portico with massive columns extending to the roof; it is situated on a high and wooded knoll, with a beautiful lake in front.
The STABLE is 70 by 30 feet, with stalls for ten horses, besides box stalls, and contains apartments for servants, and room for carriages.
The BARN is stalled for about one hundred head of cattle, and has a large threshing floor and deep root cellar capable of storing 6,000 bushels. The whole, including sheds and yard, covering about an acre of land.
The LAND is well stocked with the most choice fruit; a pear orchard of some 2,000 trees, and a fine kitchen garden.
The SCENERY is not surpassed in beauty or grandeur by any on the Hudson River. The fine range of the Catskill Mountains bounds the western horizon, and in all other directions the view takes in the most picturesque part of Columbia County. There is on the estate a fine, large natural lake, well stocked with choice fish. The Claverack River winds for nearly a mile through the meadows of the farm. The roads through the estate wind by lake, river, woods, lawn and cultivated fields, affording the most charming ride for miles, without crossing the boundaries of the estate.
Maps and more full particulars at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st., New-York, from whom permits to view the premises can be had.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF PROPERTY ON ROOSEVELT AND CHERRY STS.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Executors:
CHERRY-ST.—Two brick houses and lot, situate on the north side of Cherry-st., between Roosevelt and James sts., and known as Nos. 48 and 48½.
ROOSEVELT-ST.—Three-story brick house and lot, on easterly side of Roosevelt-st., 58 feet 3 inches northerly from Cherry-st., and known as No. 98.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF LOTS ON MADISON-AV., corner of 69th-st.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Vestry of St. James' Church:
MADISON-AV.—4 lots situate on the northwest corner of Madison-av. and 69th-st., being together 100 feet 5 inches front and rear, by 95 in depth.
Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE PROPERTY ON EAST 16TH, FRANKLIN, HAMILTON and DIVISION STS.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, May 25, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:
EAST 16TH-ST., No. 140—First-class four-story and basement, brown-stone, high-stoop house and lot, 25x103 feet 3 inches.
EAST 16TH-ST., No. 142—Four-story and basement, circular brick-front house and lot, 22x103 feet 3 inches.
EAST 16TH-ST., No. 144—Two-story, finely built brick stable, carriage house and lot, 18.6x103 feet 3 inches.
FRANKLIN-ST., No. 8—Valuable lot, with front and rear brick buildings, near Centre-st., lot 23 front, 22 rear, by 100 feet.
HAMILTON-ST., No. 16½—Valuable lot, with front and rear brick buildings, near Catharine-st., 17.4x103 feet 3 inches.
DIVISION-ST., No. 5—Lease of lot, with four-story brick store, near Catharine-st. and Bowery, lot 27x70 feet. Lease expires in 1877; ground rent $300 per annum; rents for $4,000 per annum; covenants for two renewals.
Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, elegant mirrors, rosewood piano-forte, tapestry and velvet Brussels carpets.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 155 5th-av., between 21st and 22d sts., 1 rosewood suite in crimson plush, ebony and ormolu cabinet, elegant carved rosewood escretoire, rosewood piano-forte, elegant bronze statuettes, Japanese vases, pier and mantel mirrors, bronze and gilt chandeliers, rep and lace curtains, black walnut library table, arm and side chairs in crimson plush, black walnut book-case and secretary, black walnut dining table, black walnut sideboard, carved oak buffet, ormolu mantel clock, black walnut French bedsteads, bureaus, commodes, wardrobes, washstands, workstand, black walnut hall table and chairs, a large number of handsome engravings, an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
Catalogues now ready at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
SALE OF 14 VALUABLE LOTS ON Madison-av., 66th, 67th and 142d sts.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 26, 1868, at 12 o'clock at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:
MADISON-AV.—1 lot, west side, 25 feet south of 70th-st. Lot 25x95 feet.
66TH-ST.—2 lots, north side, 250 feet east of 5th-av. Each 25x100.5 feet.
67TH-ST.—3 lots, north side, 225 feet east of 5th-av. Each 25x100.5 feet.
142D-ST.—8 lots, north side, 175 feet west of Grand Boulevard. Each 25x99.11 feet.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

E. A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
THE NEW AND ELEGANT YACHT SAPPHO
will be sold
at public auction
by Messrs. LAWRENCE & STRATTON,
Auctioneers,
at the Exchange Salesroom,
No. 111 Broadway,
on TUESDAY, May 26,
at 12 o'clock.
Dimensions.—Length, 125 feet; beam, 27 feet 7 inches; depth of hold, 11 feet; tonnage, 310 feet, old measurement.
This splendid vessel was constructed of the best material and in the most thorough, substantial and careful manner, with a model unequaled for speed, beauty and comfort, by the Messrs. C. & R. Poillon, and launched from their yard, at Brooklyn, one year ago.
On her cruise last Summer with the New-York Yacht Squadron, (new and untried as she was,) she proved all that was expected, and in the great race (to windward) from Newport to Block Island, she easily outsailed all her competitors.
Her furniture and equipments are elegant, complete and perfect in every particular.
Inventory and further information at the Auctioneer's office, Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, basement.

E. A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION ON TUESDAY, the 26th day of May, by LAWRENCE & STRATTON, a gentleman's beautiful country residence—a fine double frame house filled in with brick, two stories and attic; about 4½ acres of good tillable land; handsomely located on elevated ground, and susceptible of being made one of the most beautiful places on the island; good barn; well and cistern water; with plenty of fruit, shade trees and lawn around the premises; location 3½ miles from Williamsburg ferries on the Newtown Road; ten minutes' walk to the Flushing and Long Island Railroad Depots, and a horse railway nearly laid up to the property. There are four building sites on two roads. For further information call on D. TALMADGE, Esq., No. 108 Water-st. There is a fine pond on the place fed by springs, and contains goldfish at the present time, and trout can be raised in it; and a beautiful walk around it. This is an exact description of the property, and not at all exaggerated.

E. A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
SIX FINELY LOCATED LOTS, EACH 25 feet by 100 on Vernon-av., near HUNTERS' POINT FERRY, to be sold at auction, by Messrs. LAWRENCE & STRATTON, on Tuesday next, 26th of May, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, at 12 o'clock. This property is very conveniently located, in a most desirable neighborhood, adjoining and in the vicinity of the elegant residence of Messrs. Chas. H. Rodgers, Gen. Hopkins and the late Tristram Allen; but three-quarters of a mile from the Ferry—on the beautiful avenue leading from Hunters' Point to Ravenswood. Terms easy. Maps and particulars at Auctioneer's office, No. 111 Broadway, Room D.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Rosewood piano, French plate mirrors, oil paintings, bronzes, lace and brocatel curtains, Parians, parlor suites, velvet, Wilton, Aubusson and other carpets, sewing machine, armoires, etagere, bed linen, plain goods, &c., &c., on MONDAY, May 25, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 5 Amity-st., near Broadway; the entire rich and really good custom-made furniture of the whole house. For more full particulars see catalogues, which will be ready early on Monday morning.

SIXTY-SECOND AUCTION SALE
OF
SCRANTON COAL.
NEW-YORK, May 19, 1868.
The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at the Company's salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, at 12 o'clock noon:
75,000 TONS OF COAL,
from the Lackawanna regions, of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during 1868.
Terms—Fifty cents per ton, payable in current funds, on the day of sale, and the balance within ten days thereafter, if required, at the office of the Company.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

PUBLIC SALE OF THE FREEHOLD, N. J., INSTITUTE.—Will be sold at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Union Hotel, in Freehold, all that valuable boarding school property known as the FREEHOLD INSTITUTE. The grounds are extensive, and are finely stocked with trees and shrubbery of large growth. The buildings are large and commodious, and will accommodate from sixty to seventy-five boarders, and are well supplied with water and gas. The school building is detached, is handsomely fitted up in modern style, and is liberally supplied with cabinets and apparatus. This school has been in operation over twenty years, and is located in one of the wealthiest agricultural counties in the United States. Sale positive and terms liberal. The mansion house is well adapted for a private residence, separate from the school buildings. For further particulars address CYRUS BALDWIN.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.—THIS DAY, (Monday,) May 25, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 9 East River:
2,345 boxes fresh Naples Oranges.
249 boxes fresh Naples Lemons.
Cargo bark *Victoria Rubinacci*, from Naples.
Immediately after, within their store:
200 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
150 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 101 Liberty-st.
THIS DAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK, THE CELEBRATED sorrel mare LADY WASHINGTON; 6 years old; sound, kind and gentle in all harness; stands without tying, and is a superior saddle beast. Also light trotting wagon, 140, made by Tilton.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Trustee, that he will upon the 18th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, at the Montana Mills, in the town of Cornwall, County of Orange, and State of New-York, put up and offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all and singular the said
MONTANA MILL,
with the buildings, real estate, machinery, tools, implements, appliances and appurtenances belonging to the same G. L. BEECKMAN, Trustee.
Dated APRIL 28, 1868.
The above sale is postponed until MONDAY, June 1, 1868, at the same hour and place
G. L. BEECKMAN, Trustee.
Dated MAY 15, 1868.

AUCTION SALES.

BY LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO.
Clinton Hall Book Sale Rooms and Art Galleries, Astor-place.
AN IMMENSE LIBRARY.
MONDAY, May 25, and five following days, at 4 o'clock P. M.,
THE MAGNIFICENT PRIVATE LIBRARY of the late Mr. A. A. SMETS, Savannah, Ga., comprising one of the most extensive and elegant collection of books ever offered to the public. The library is particularly rich in early manuscripts, finely-illuminated missals and early printed books; exceedingly rare books of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries; also, a large collection of more modern books, including a very valuable assortment of illustrated works, fine editions of standard works, &c. Catalogues ready, price $1. Books of each day's sale on view morning of the sale.
June 1, at 4 o'clock P. M., sale of Mr. Smet's autographs.
Clinton Hall Book Salerooms and Art Galleries.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, Md., May 18, 1868.
LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.
A large assortment of
GOVERNMENT STORES
will be sold at public auction, in this city, on
TUESDAY, May 26,
at the Quartermaster's Storehouse, corner of Scott and McHenry sts., (Camp Newport). Sale will commence at 12, noon.
These stores are nearly all new, and consist in part, of
WROUGHT IRON,
SEASONED WAGON TIMBER,
ANCHORS,
LARGE HAWSERS,
ANVILS,
AUGERS,
HAMMERS,
CARPENTERS', BLACKSMITHS' AND FARRIERS' TOOLS, (Complete sets,)
FORGES,
BUCKLES,
SCREWS,
&c., &c., &c.
A complete list of the Stores can be obtained at the Quartermaster's office in New-York City (corner Houston and Greene sts.)
Terms of Sale—Ten per cent. down, and balance on delivery.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Deputy Quartermaster-General,
Brevet Maj.-Gen. U. S. A.

HENRY D. MINER, auctioneer. Salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st., four doors west of Broadway; Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF ITALIAN MARBLE VASES, ARTISTIC BRONZES, CLOCKS, BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE, FRENCH CHINA, &c., &c.
H. D. MINER and BARKER will sell at auction, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, May 26 and 27, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st., a large and elegant assortment of Italian and French fancy goods, consisting of Italian marble vases, varying in size from one to six feet, suitable for parlor, library, or dining room, marble card-receivers, alabaster statuettes, etageres and mantle ornaments, rich bronzes and marble clocks, bronze groups and statuettes, French china and Bohemian glassware, richly decorated silver-plated ice-pitchers, tea sets, castors, baskets, liquor castors, spoons, forks, &c. Also an invoice of real bronzes, watches, &c., consigned to us direct from Paris, full particulars of which will be found in catalogue. The above will be on exhibition Monday 25th inst.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
ROSEWOOD 7-OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE, &c.,
Made by
N. P. B. CURTISS, New-York.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on THURSDAY, May 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the
PRIVATE RESIDENCE,
No. 79 West 47th-st.,
Corner 6th-av.,
All the Furniture in the above residence.
Full particulars hereafter.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction on MONDAY, May 25, at 10½ o'clock A. M., at Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., a large assortment of household furniture, office desk, chairs, iron safes, rosewood and black walnut suites in reps, mirrors, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, hair, straw and husk mattresses, mahogany bureaus, rosewood and black walnut bedstead, lounges, black walnut and mahogany hat-stands, sofas, bolsters and pillows, wardrobes, rosewood chairs, stools, glass show-cases, &c.; also, rosewood pianos.
ALSO,
The balance of the stock, finished and unfinished, of a manufactory of gas fixtures, chandeliers, globes, about 2,000 chimneys of all kinds and sizes, and every variety of stock suitable for the trade.

ISLE ROYALE MINING CO.,
No. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, March 6, 1868.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RECENT law of Michigan prescribing the method for sales of real estate belonging to mining companies, the Isle Royale Mining Co. will offer for sale, at their business office in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, certain parcels of land, with the buildings thereon, lying in the village of Houghton, north and south of Sheldon-st., including dock on Portage Lake. Said property not being needed for the use of the Isle Royale Mining Co., the stockholders of said Company have authorized the directors to make a sale of it, in accordance with law, and all parties disposed to bid for the whole or any part of said property are requested to appear at the time and place above named.
By order of directors, F. W. CAPEN.
Secretary.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

HAZELTON BROS.
OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,
With Full Iron Frame and Agraffe Treble.
Factory and Warerooms, Nos. 147 and 149 Greene-st., corner of Houston-st.

UPRIGHT PIANOS.
We keep constantly on hand a choice assortment of first-class instruments either for sale or to rent. Upright Pianos made to order to match any style of furniture. MARTINS & SON, Manufacturers,
No. 34 East Houston-st., near Broadway.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.
RAVEN & BACON, (established 1829,) manufacturers of pianos. Warerooms No. 644 Broadway, corner Bleecker-st., New-York.

A GREAT OFFER.—THE LARGEST AND best selected stock of new and second-hand Grand, Square and Upright Pianos to be found in the city, will be sold at the lowest cash prices for one week. Pianos to rent and sold on installments.
L. P. CUMMINGS.
No. 8 Union-square.

FOR SALE—A VERY ELEGANT PIANO-forte, made to order for a professor of music. On account of great strength, power of keeping in tune, excellence of action, &c., it is admirably suited for the country; cost $800; will be sold for less than half. THOS. HALL, No. 431 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, agent for Florence Sewing Machines.

A LARGE VARIETY OF THOSE ELEgant piano-fortes of the manufacturer of JENNYS & SON, No. 233 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs. The instruments of this firm, for tone, elegance of finish, and general durability, are unsurpassed, and yet for a first-class piano, are the most reasonable in price. A few will be rented and sold on monthly installments.

PIANO DEALERS AND PURCHASERS WILL find the CHAMBERS PIANO the best manufactured. We invite a critical examination by all competent judges, mechanical and musical, professors and amateurs. Warerooms, 8th-st., corner 4th-av.
THOS. H. CHAMBERS & SON.

PIANOS.—20 SECOND-HAND PIANO-FORTES, of various makers, for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway. Pianos to rent.

FURNITURE.

CABINET FURNITURE.
First-class Furniture in Parlor, Library and Chamber suites of newest styles.
Our entire stock warranted.
BOHNENKAMP & SOSSAU,
(formerly with Campbell & Hoyer.)
Manufacturers,
No. 924 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE,
Established 1850.
Warehouses Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner of Crosby. Manufactory, No. 379 West 12th-st., extending through to No. 120 Jane-st.
Buyers of furniture are invited to examine the largest stock of fashionable furniture to be found in the City, consisting of
CHAMBER, PARLOR, LIBRARY AND DINING ROOM SUITES OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, AND WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.
Particular attention given to the furnishing of CHURCHES, COUNTRY RESIDENCES, HOTELS, &c.

H. O'FARRELL—FURNITURE.
In consideration of our very large stock, the largest in the City, of parlor, bedroom, and dining room furniture, and the late dull season, I have reduced the prices of all goods to a fabulously low figure.
All goods warranted.
Nos. 486 and 488 8th-av., and Nos. 267, 269, and 271 West 35th-st.
P. S.—See carpet advertisement in the column of dry goods.

AT ERNEST ROTH'S FURNITURE MANUFACTORY, No. 58 Bleecker-st., near Broadway. Furniture at a bargain, for cash; magnificent parlor suites, covered with any color French satin brocatel, for $175, $200, $225 and $250; covered with reps or haircloth, $75, $85, $100, $125, and $150; also, great variety parlor, bedroom, library and dining-room furniture, mattresses, book-cases, mirrors, &c., cheap. All goods warranted.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT LARGEly reduced prices. BRAUNSDORF & METZ, manufacturers, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts., offer their large and well-assorted stock of first-class furniture, consisting of sitting-room, parlor, library, bedroom and dining-room suites of the latest styles, to the public at wholesale prices. N. B.—All goods warranted.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL
IRON WORKS,
14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
D. D. BADGER, President. N. CHENY, Vice-Pres't.
Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

GAS WORKS, FOR TOWNS, FACTORIES, hotels, country dwellings, &c.—Hirzel's German Apparatus in successful operation in Europe and America. Refer to Holmes, Booth & Hayden's, Waterbury, Conn., and others. RICHTER & AUSTIN, No. 2 Hanover Buildings, New-York.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A VERY FINE PAIR OF BAY carriage horses, 15½ hands high; sold on account of owner leaving the City. Apply at private stable, No. 154 West 31st-st.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID BAY HORSE, long tail, black points, over 16 hands high and perfectly kind and sound. To be seen at private stable, 111 West 18th-st., between the hours of 9 and 11 A. M.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MAY 25, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
SOR TERESA. Leading character by Mme. Ristori.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE WHITE COCKADE. Characters by Messrs. Charles Fisher, J. H. Stoddart, B. T. Ringgold, J. B. Polk, J. C. Williamson, W. J. Leonard, B. Durand, Mrs. Jennings, Miss Kate Rance, Miss Annie Ward, Miss Mary Barrett, and others.

PIKE'S OPERA HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
LOST. Characters by Messrs. John Dyott, G. C. Boniface, Charles Hale, Miss Kate Newton, Miss Celia Logan, Mrs. G. G. Boniface, Miss Lillie Eldridge and others.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Emilie Rigl, Miss M. Blake, Miss Lillie Whiting and others.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
ALL HALLOW EVE and LATEST FROM NEW-YORK. Leading characters by Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
PARIS AND HELEN and TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE. Leading characters by the Misses Worrell.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
OLIVER TWIST and THE IDIOT OF THE HEATH. Leading character by Mr. W. H. Whalley.

BRYANTS' MINSTREL HALL,
14th-st. near 3d-av.
VOCALISTS AND HUMORISTS, DANCES, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
HUMORISTS AND VOCALISTS, BURLESQUES, &c.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
MAY QUEEN FESTIVAL. By one thousand young ladies.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
PIANO CONCERT. By the Blind Negro Tom.

MADISON-SQUARE HALL.
No. 954 Broadway.
PANORAMA OF THE WAR. Explained by Miss Sallie B. Goodrich.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
7th-av., near 58th-st.
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS. By a grand Orchestra, under the direction of Theo. Thomas.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION OF PICTURES and SCULPTURES.

FIFTH-AVENUE ART GALLERY.
5th-av., corner 14th-st.
EXHIBITION OF CELEBRATED PAINTINGS.

ART GALLERY.
No. 845 Broadway.
THE GREAT NATIONAL PAINTING OF THE "NEW REPUBLIC." By Ferd. Pauwels.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum	$10
The Daily Times (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The Semi-Weekly Times, one year	$3
The Semi-Weekly Times, two copies, one year	$5
The Weekly Times, one year	$2
Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The Zollverein Diet has adjourned. King William of Prussia delivered the closing speech.

The Swedish Government, it is reported, has protested against the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of the British bark *Springbok.*

Advices from Abyssinia state that the advance of the returning British forces had already reached Zoula.

Telegrams received in London announce the entire recovery of Prince Alfred, and the execution of Farrell, his would-be murderer.

The attempt to prove an alibi in the case of the Fenian Barrett having failed, the prisoner will surely be executed.

The steamship *Bremen,* from Bremen May 8, and Southampton May 12, arrived at this port yesterday.

GENERAL.

Gen. Sheridan has returned to Fort Leavenworth from the West. Capt. Angell arrived at Fort Leavenworth, from the plains, on Wednesday. He reports six hundred Indians at Fort Larned, and about the same number at Fort Dodge. Major Wynkoop was at Fort Larned, and had invited all the Indians to meet him there to receive the authorities. A large number of Indians have arrived with ammunition furnished by the Government. Capt. Angell does not believe that there is any danger of difficulty with the Indians at present; but if whisky is not kept away from them trouble is likely to occur.

The Grand Jury of Albany County came into Court Saturday with an indictment against Mark M. Lewis, charged, on the complaint of E. M. K. Glenn, member of Assembly, with attempting bribery on the Erie Railroad bill. The Jury also brought in several sealed indictments, and it is generally rumored that one or more members of the Legislature are involved in them.

A dispatch from Lake City, Fla., states that a few days ago, nearly two acres on a farm in Hamilton County, suddenly sunk to the depth of 50 feet from the surface of the surrounding land. It immediately filled with water, and submerged the tops of the tallest trees. The ground is still sinking, and now covers four acres.

The drawing of France, Smith & Co's Shelby College Library, or their so-called Kentucky Lottery, took place at Covington, Ky., Saturday. If any drawings are issued hereafter they are bogus, as the agents, clerks, negroes, and all parties present to witness the drawing, together with the wheels, tubes, numbers, books, and all appliances appertaining to said lotteries, were seized by the Sheriff, under the order of the Court, for violation of the previously-granted injunction.

Sheriff Darcy, of Buffalo, frustrated an attempt to release the prisoners from the jail on Saturday morning. A tunnel had been dug under the walls of the jail by outside confederates of three incendiaries, who are under conviction for numerous arsons committed during the last three years.

Considerable excitement prevails at the West Rutland, Vt., marble quarries, in consequence of the substitution of about five hundred French laborers for as many Irishmen, who struck for higher wages.

The Union Pacific Railroad is completed 600 miles west of Omaha.

A number of soldiers of the Seventh Kansas Regiment, to which Senator Ross belonged, burned that gentleman in effigy, in front of the State House at Topeka, on Tuesday night.

Advices in relation to the volcanic eruption in the Sandwich Islands state that at Kakuka, on April 7, the lava again burst forth through a fissure nearly three miles long, and ran, in a few hours, twelve miles, from a height of 3,800 feet to the sea, forming a solid projection one-half a mile in length.

The rumor of a break in the canal, at Albany, published in the New-York evening papers of Saturday, is without foundation.

Four hundred and three thousand three hundred and twenty bushels of potatoes, weighing over twenty-four million pounds, have been shipped from Detroit, Mich., by different channels during the past season, from the incoming of the crop to the present time. Judging from what is already contracted to go forward, it is estimated that the amount will yet be increased by at least 30,000 bushels, making an aggregate of over 433,000 bushels. Much the greater share was marketed this Spring, and an average price of $1 per bushel was realized by first hands.

Gen. Gillem has issued his order providing that, in accordance with the provisions of the new Constitution, an election upon the question of adopting that Constitution be held in Mississippi, beginning on the 22d of June and continuing until completed. Gen. Gillem says that should violence or fraud be perpetrated, he will exercise to the fullest extent the powers vested in him to secure a fair election, and he declares any provision in any contract tending to abridge the right to vote utterly null and void. Army officers and agents of the Freedmen's Bureau are directed to abstain from public speaking, electioneering or endeavoring to influence votes, but this order is not intended to restrict them in the performance of their duty of instructing freedmen as to their rights as electors.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the Queen's birthday, and to-day will be observed as a holiday throughout the British Provinces.

The annual report of the Comptroller of St. Louis shows that the total receipts from all sources last year were $3,207,047. Total payments, $3,118,100. The interest on the bonded and floating debt is $559,041. The total revenue is not sufficient by $55,000 to pay the interest of the public debt and the current expenses. The bonded debt proper at the present time is $11,490,000.

The Nashville (Tenn.) *Press & Times* says that it is now "tolerably certain that a proclamation of universal amnesty is in course of preparation at the White House, and will be issued before the meeting of the National Democratic Convention."

William B. Wheeler has been arrested at Mansfield, Ohio, by J. E. Rankin, detective for the Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark Railroad, for putting obstructions on the track, for the purpose of throwing trains off. Rankin has been watching Wheeler for the last six months, and has four different charges against him. Wheeler is now in jail.

Ten thousand head of cattle are now *en route.* from Kansas City to Southern Illinois, for pasturage.

The Republicans of Indianapolis held a grand ratification meeting Saturday night, fired a salute of 100 guns, and illuminated with bonfires. Speeches were made by Gov. Baker, Hon. Wm. Cumback, Gen. Kimball and others.

District-Attorney Smith will this week move the trial of Gen. Cole on the indictment standing against him for the murder of L. Harris Hiscock. What disposition will be made of the motion remains to be seen.

The Democrats in the Massachusetts Legislature are endeavoring to secure the passage of a bill which shall give to Police Courts jurisdiction of applications for naturalization of aliens, withdrawing the same from the Supreme Judicial and Superior Courts to which the matter is now intrusted.

Mrs. Mary L. Browsher has been acquitted, at Upper Sandusky, Ohio, of the charge of the murder of her son by poison, after a trial which continued eight days. She was immediately remanded to jail to await trial on two other indictments for the murder of her two daughters. The evidence is all circumstantial.

Yesterday afternoon an extensive conflagration occurred on Piers Nos. 26 and 27 North River. The former, upon which were the storehouses and offices of the Neptune Steamship Company, was completely destroyed. The steamer *Oceanus,* of this line, was burned to the water's edge, and considerable damage was sustained by other shipping in the neighborhood. The loss, it is estimated, will approach $500,000.

Rev. J. W. Sarles delivered a sermon before the American Bible Union, at the First Mariner's Baptist Church, yesterday. Rev. Dr. Colwell followed in a brief address.

A fellow giving as his name Henry Clay Jenkins was arrested yesterday, charged by a downtown merchant with an attempt to obtain money from him by the black-mailing process. Jenkins threatened to expose the moral turpitude of the proposed victim. It would seem, however, he got hold of the wrong man this time and succeeded only in laying a trap for himself, which he has quietly dropped into. He has been committed for trial.

A heavy burglary was perpetrated during Saturday night on the store of Gerard Betts & Co., No. 7 Old-slip. Safes were broken open, and property, in bonds, shares, stamps and jewelry, valued at $6,500, was stolen. The burglary was not discovered till daylight yesterday morning. No trace of the thieves has yet been found.

A public meeting of Hebrew Christians was held at room No. 24 Cooper Institute, last evening, for the purpose of presenting the claims of the Messiah to their inquiring friends. Several addresses were made, and steps were taken for holding an anniversary meeting at some future day.

On Friday night a party of robbers seized upon the engine of a train on the Jeffersonville Railroad, detached the express-car attached to it, broke open the safes it contained, and fled with $56,000, the property of the Adams Express Company,

A free fight took place last evening between two Williamsburg fire companies. Several persons were badly injured, and one man run over and shockingly mutilated.

A man named Hasted last night stabbed the bar-keeper in a liquor saloon in Williamsburg, named Dreyer, in the heart with a knife. They had had some dispute during the preceding week in the saloon, where Hasted was employed carpentering. Dreyer's wound, it is thought, will prove fatal. Hasted is still at large.

Business on Saturday was seriously impeded by the rain-storm. Cotton was firm, but quite dull. Flour was quiet and rather heavy. Wheat and Oats attracted more attention, closing in favor of sellers. Corn was plenty, and depressed in price, on a less active trade. Provisions were in moderate demand. Pork and Lard were quoted a trifle stronger in price. Other branches of trade presented no new feature.

The Republican Convention and the National Debt.

The Democrats pretend to believe that the resolutions of the Republican platform on the public debt, mean nothing. They evade the issue, say their organs, instead of meeting it.

There is a very short and a very practical way of proving the sincerity of this objection: let the Democrats, in *their* National Convention, pass resolutions on this subject still *more* explicit and distinct in their meaning. Let *them* say that the seven-twenties shall be paid in gold instead of greenbacks. When they have done this, it will be quite time for them to claim superiority over the Republicans, in providing for the preservation of the national faith. We suggest that the *World* press this view of the matter, steadily and strongly, upon the party whose policy is so largely in its keeping.

The financial resolution of the Republican Convention has given the most profound satisfaction to the country. It is regarded everywhere as pledging the party to the most perfect and complete maintenance of the national faith. It pronounces the most distinct and emphatic denunciation of repudiation, in every shape and form—direct or indirect, immediate or remote. It asserts and assumes the paramount duty of fulfilling every obligation of the Government—not only according to the letter of its terms, but according to the spirit which pervades it, and the full meaning which it expressed or implied to those with whom it was made. And it sets forth, in the clearest and most impressive terms, the grand truth that our burdens are to be lightened, and the weight of our public debt relieved, most effectually by such faithful compliance with our engagements as shall command the confidence of capitalists throughout the world, and thus induce them to make us loans at reduced rates, and on easier terms. These are the principles which lie at the basis of all successful administration of our financial affairs.

The simple question of redeeming our bonds in gold or in greenbacks, is premature and idle. The bonds are not due for fifteen or twenty years—and whatever decision might be reached on that issue now, might be changed half a dozen times before the time comes for carrying it into effect. But the assertion of *principles* such as are embodied in the Republican platform, is of permanent and paramount importance. It establishes a rule of action which may be applied—not only to this specific question of redeeming bonds in one currency or another—but to every financial question that may arise.

Congress should at once give its attention and its best energies, to practical measures which will illustrate these principles, and prove the sincerity of the pledges which they imply. It should at once fortify and strengthen the public credit. It should reduce the expenses of the Government to the lowest point consistent with the necessities of the public service. It should provide promptly and effectually for the collection of the taxes, especially of the tax on whisky and tobacco. It should do all it can to increase our revenue from imports, to build up our commerce, to facilitate the return to specie payments, to reduce the cost of the necessaries of life and to diminish the burdens of the laboring classes in every department and kind of industry. It should give candid and earnest attention to the industrial necessities of the Southern States, promote the extension to them of capital, encourage the development of their agriculture in its most profitable forms, repair, so far as possible, the ravages of war, aid them in rebuilding their levees and their railroads, promote, by all just and feasible means, harmony of feeling, as there must always be harmony of interests, between all classes of their people, and in every possible way hasten the time when the South shall again contribute its share toward sustaining the burdens and advancing the prosperity of the nation.

Congress can do much toward relieving our financial difficulties in these and various other ways, and every act it passes of this character,—everything it does in this direction, will tend to strengthen public confidence in the sincerity of the pledges of the Republican party, and increase the chances that it will retain control of public affairs.

The Impeachment Matter.

The "High Court of Impeachment" meets again to-morrow. As the case has been closed, the business properly in order is to take the verdict of the Court on the remaining *ten* of the charges. It is rumored, however, that this vote will be still further postponed, for the purpose of enabling the Managers to add fresh charges and thus reopen the case again.

We see no good to be accomplished by this. We do not believe any stronger case can be made out than is embodied in the Articles of Impeachment already argued and submitted to the Court. Indeed, it was universally conceded, down to the time when the vote on the eleventh article was taken, that the attempted removal of Mr. Stanton was the most tangible and impeachable offence which the President had committed. The House of Representatives had deliberately resolved not to impeach him at all for anything he had done prior to that time. While he had said and done very many things which were deemed outrageous violations of personal propriety and of official duty, the House did not think that any one of them could be so brought within the definition of a crime or misdemeanor, as to warrant his impeachment and removal. The Stanton affair furnished precisely the case required. That act was in palpable violation of the Tenure of Office law; and even those in the House who had most vehemently resisted impeachment down to that time held that upon *that* act, such a process could very properly be based.

The country generally has concurred in this view. Even those who are most clamorous in their demand for Mr. Johnson's removal from office, cite his disregard of that particular law as the act by which alone his removal can be technically justified. That charge is still pending. The vote upon it has not yet been taken. And we think it may safely be assumed that if two-thirds of the Senate will not convict on that, they will not convict on any of the charges that have been, or on any new ones that can be, brought against him.

We hope, therefore, that the vote on all the charges will be taken to-morrow; and that the result, whatever it may be, will end the whole matter of impeachment. If the vote shall convict him, let him be removed; if not, let the whole matter be dropped. He has but nine months of office left, at any rate; and the Republican Party will be much more wisely employed in making it certain that Grant shall be his successor, than in shortening that brief remnant of his official term.

The only possible way in which Mr. Johnson's removal now could be of advantage to the Republican Party, would be by putting the patronage of the country into the hands of Mr. Wade. But, in order to be of the slightest service, that would involve a sweeping change in all the offices at once; and nothing could be worse than this in advance of the election. The hope of office is the grand stimulus of political action. Parties are kept alive and active by it. Nine out of ten of those, who in every town, village and city, do the hard work of a political campaign, do it in the hope of getting office, for themselves or their friends, at the hands of those they put in power. This hope will be destroyed—this activity will be paralyzed,—if these offices are to be filled in advance of the election. Every man whom Mr. Wade may put in office, will hold possession of it unless removed by Gen. Grant with the consent of the Senate; and of such removals there would be but little chance. Such a change in the distribution of the patronage of the Government in advance of the election, would do the party much more harm than good; and yet, nothing but such a change prompts the demand just now for a fresh prosecution of the impeachment movement. That demand, it will be observed, comes wholly from those who greatly prefer that Mr. Wade, rather than Gen. Grant, should control the appointments to office for the next four years.

We hope the vote will be taken to-morrow, and the matter end. We shall then have one great impediment to the progress of public business out of the way. Congress can resume its legislation for the public good. It can pass such laws as the wants of the country require. It can take such steps for the reduction of public expenditure, the promotion of public economy and the care of the interests of the people, as the people expect at its hands. The Republicans have pledged themselves to this, through their National Convention. They can pass such laws as will redeem this pledge and satisfy the people of the sincerity with which it was made. The President will not dare to veto any such bills, —and even if he should attempt it, the Republicans have in both Houses sufficient majorities to pass them over his head. They cannot enter upon this duty an hour too soon.

The Question of Suffrage—Repudiation of the Extremists.

The current statement attributing to the extreme Radicals a feeling of dissatisfaction with the platform adopted at Chicago is certainly not improbable. The document does not come up to their promises or expectations. They went there in full force, breathing fire and slaughter against those who counseled moderation, and prepared, as they said, with the help of Southern delegations, to compel the party to pledge itself to the most violent views. The aid they relied upon was there too, but they failed, nevertheless, signally on all points.

On the suffrage question particularly we were told to look for a bold utterance of advanced opinions. For months past, Wendell Phillips and his followers have insisted that the establishment of universal suffrage in the South is not sufficient to vindicate the integrity of the Republican policy, or to guarantee to the negro all he is entitled to demand as a result of the war. Mr. Sumner has sustained this opinion in the Senate, and the ultra Radicals in both Houses have favored it more or less explicitly. At one time the proposal to legislate universal negro enfranchisement into all the States, North as well as South, gained such apparent strength that Mr. Trumbull felt it necessary to expose the unconstitutionality of the measure. Then it was proposed to shape it as a constitutional amendment, and, so presented, the extremists were united in its support. To this end outside pressure was felt to be essential, and the Chicago Convention was relied upon to engraft the principle of the measure upon the official record of the party's convictions and purposes. Unless this were done, Phillips and his followers have declared the Convention would be false to its trust, and the party would confess itself unworthy of Radical support. An unqualified approval of universal suffrage, black and white, North and South, was, in fact, made the test of the party's conversion to the Radical creed.

Well, the platform has not the faintest recognition of the principle which the extremists declare vital. On the contrary, while asserting that "the guaranty by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men at the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude, and of justice, and must be maintained," the second resolution explicitly affirms that "*the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States.*" The extremists are, then, worse than foiled; they are repudiated. The Convention might have allowed the subject to go by default. It has, instead, reaffirmed its adhesion to the good old doctrine which concedes to every State—not compromised by rebellion—entire control of the conditions under which its citizens shall acquire the franchise. The faction that would begin by regulating the franchise in Maryland, as a preliminary to a general measure, is thus snubbed by the only body formally authorized to speak in behalf of the party. As a party, it affords no encouragement to the extremists.

They were rebuked not less conspicuously on the general question of toleration. It is no secret that they went to Chicago with vows of vengeance against those who thwarted them in the matter of impeachment. Mr. Logan struck what was intended to be the key-note when, in an outside gathering, he called for the expulsion from the party of those who differed with the Managers. The cry was echoed by speakers and a few journalists, with the express purpose of forcing the Convention to act. But the Convention did not heed the clamor. And when Mr. Cochrane suggested an amendment censuring the Senators, it was crushed without the compliment of a vote.

These features of the platform—the substitution of the Conservative for the Radical view on the suffrage question, and the uncermonious exclusion of the proposed censure of the Senators—would have been noticeable in any circumstances. They derive additional significance, however, from the fact that the extremists were not conceded the compliment of a contest on either subject. What may have taken place in committee of course remains unwritten. But the proceedings show that in the Convention not a word was uttered in support of the principle which Phillips, Sumner & Co. proclaim essential to the integrity and efficiency of the party. Moreover, the cheers which greeted unfriendly allusions to the Senators came from the galleries rather than from the delegates, by whom the extremists, with all their activity, were held in salutary check. How far this moderation arose from conviction, and how far from prudence, is a point for the present immaterial. In either case, it proves that the great body of the Republican Party is at variance with the extremists, and is not prepared to enter a contest for the Presidency burdened with their extravagant demands.

To the Pacific by Rail in 1869.

An interesting dispatch reaches us from the West to the effect that the Union Pacific Railroad Company have reached the six hundredth mile post, in the building of their railroad across the continent. Six times within two years have the arrivals at the end of hundred mile stages, of the track-layers of this great enterprise, been chronicled, and with such rapidity do these events follow one another that we may with far more reason than we could two years ago credit the assertion that in 1870 the entire grand line from the Missouri to the Pacific shall be completed. Indeed, so vigorously have the Company begun this year the work which was last year carried forward with astonishing energy that it is more than probable that before the end of 1869 the way will be clear for the locomotive from ocean to ocean. During the Winter which has just passed an accumulation of iron sufficient to lay 250 miles of track was made at or near the termination of the completed portion, and it is promised that not less than 350 more miles will be completed this year. Already sixty miles have been built this Spring, and the summit of the Rocky Mountains, 8,262 feet in height, has been left fifty miles in the rear by the graders and track-layers, who are pushing on into the Salt Lake Basin at the rate of from one to three miles per day.

As we have before stated, the road, so far as completed, has been eminently successful and profitable. The way business has been found remarkably large, and steadily increasing, and this traffic must necessarily increase as the country traversed becomes more thickly settled by the emigration for which the road has opened the way. The branch to Denver, which will insure the large trade of Colorado to this line, will be finished early in the Fall. All facts and circumstances connected with this national undertaking are favorable in the extreme, and there will be general congratulation at the prospect hinted at above, viz., that all rail communication may be had next year, between the Atlantic and Pacific.

Retrenchment Neglected—Who is Responsible?

Our remarks on the failure of Congress to furnish for the Republican platform something more solid than promises upon financial and economical questions, have provoked the *Tribune* to say:

> "It requires some cool impudence thus to taunt the Republican Party with responsibility for a recreant and apostate Administration, whose head was nominated at the solicitation of Conservatives of the Times order, against the indignant protest of Thaddeus Stevens and Radicals generally, who has been sustained throughout in his apostacy and maladministration by the Times, and who, but for apostate and Copperhead support, would long since have been removed from office. We had hoped that the votes of every Republican in the House and of the thirty-five Republican Senators to remove President Johnson from office had relieved the Republican Party from all responsibility for the rottenness of his Administration. On the whole, we shall continue to believe that it has."

If an affectation of virtue would relieve Congress from its responsibility, the answer of the *Tribune* might suffice. But the facts of the case are too stubborn to be disposed of in this glib way. Here are the more obvious ones.

In obedience to the popular demand for a reduction of taxes, Congress went through the form of abolishing nearly all of what were known as industrial taxes. The *Tribune* opposed the reduction from first to last. But the party at Washington, in the House unanimously and in the Senate by a large majority, did repeal taxes to an amount variously estimated at from sixty to eighty millions. That measure the Times supported heartily, and with the fullest recognition of the service thereby rendered by the party to the industry and trade of the country. Nobody supposed, however, that with the enactment of this measure the work of relief would end. The Treasury, it was known, was not in a condition to bear so large a diminution of revenue without a corresponding diminution of expenditure; and vigorous retrenchment was looked for as a matter of course. The Secretary distinctly stated that with a continuance of the present standard of expenditure a serious deficit would be inevitable, rendering necessary either a renewal of taxes or an addition to the public debt. Up to this moment expectation has been disappointed; representations and remonstrances have been in vain. Congress, after having cut down the national income, has allowed the national expenditure to continue at a rate which the receipts of the Government will not enable it to meet. For this contempt for economy—this disregard of the only condition which could make a reduction of taxes politic or permanent—Congress may be properly held responsible.

This estimate of responsibility does not absolve the administrative branches of the Government from their proper share of blame. So far have we been from sustaining them, that we have again and again pointed out the culpability of the heads of departments in maintaining their respective expenditures on a scale greatly in excess of the real requirements of the Government. Of all the heads, Gen. Grant, as the administrator of army affairs, has alone done his duty. He has reduced expenses, not indeed to the point which we hope yet to see reëstablished, but in a great degree, and in a proportion adapted to the exigencies of the South and the distant West. With this exception, there has been no earnest effort, anywhere, to satisfy the public want. The Navy Department, especially, has been indifferent; and the other departments are not much better.

If the departmental heads were absolute masters of the position in its relation to retrenchment, these facts would go far toward extenuating the conduct of Congress. But they are not masters. Congress holds the purse-strings, and with them the power of keeping the expenditures of the Government within prescribed limits. Had it exerted its power, the negligence or extravagance of the departments would have been counteracted, and the outlay of the whole adapted to the reduced income. Congress, however, has done nothing of the sort. Mr. Hooper, early in the session, introduced a proposition to limit taxation and expenditure within three hundred millions, but a remedy so rough yet sure encountered only frowns. It was quietly snuffed out, and nothing like it has since been heard of. A great deal is said about taxation, but of retrenchment literally nothing. Expenditures go on at the war rate. Not so much as a practical effort to economise has been attempted. And the administration remains expensive because Congress, which determines how much or how little shall be expended, has not said a single earnest word in behalf of that strict economy which the Republican Party rightly declares to be an imperative duty.

Congress has not even pretended to reduce expenditures with which the Departments have nothing whatever to do. A charge of incurable extravagance has been preferred against the Senate by Republican Senators; and the carelessness with which it votes and spends money, justifies the imputation.

At the risk of displeasing the *Tribune,* then, we repeat that the Republican Party has been damaged by the neglect of financial and economical reforms which has marked the proceedings of Congress since the war. The Senators and Representatives who act in the name of the party have not done their duty on these questions, or the Chicago Convention would have been able to offer pledges of reform in the future by reference to savings and amendments achieved in the past. There is yet time within which Congress may redeem promises made to the country, and afford proofs of its purpose to accomplish the reforms indicated in the platform. Services of this nature, judiciously conceived, and honestly and efficiently rendered, will do more for the party and the people than anything that can possibly result from the labors of the impeachment Managers. Mr. Johnson may do for a bugaboo, but he cannot hinder retrenchment if Congress choose to make it a reality.

Tax on California Brandies.

Lake Vineyard,
Los Angeles County, Cal., 1868.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In the Times of Nov. 9 your correspondent, "C. L. B.," makes the following statement in regard to California brandies:

> "The people are very anxious to be relieved from the tax on native brandy, but I trust that they will not be by this or any other Congress. No article is a more legitimate subject for taxation—it is mainly a luxury and a deleterious one. If not taxed, much of the wine of the country will be turned into it."

He seems to advocate the continuance of the tax on brandy with the view of making this "deleterious" product so valuable as to place it beyond the reach of the great majority of liquor consumers, and thereby induce them to substitute a cheap light wine in its stead. As he appears to be guided by this desire alone, to substitute an article that is healthy and beneficial to man, a promoter of digestion, for the more ardent spirits, from the use of which so many lamentable results, both morally and physically, are continually flowing, I must take exception and issue with him in the manner by which such a desirable change can be brought about. His idea, as specifically stated, is this: By a heavy duty on brandy you check its manufacture, and compel the wine-growers to produce larger quantities of wines, which, from their very abundance, must necessarily be of little commercial value, placing them in easy reach of almost every laborer in the country for his daily consumption.

This can be more readily effected by removing the tax altogether, or so diminishing it as to no longer cripple the wine interest.

When the crop is harvested, the grapes mashed and pressed; after the white wine is run off and the pomace is placed in vats to ferment, either *for red wine or port,* there still remains at least thirty-three per cent. of the grape product after this process is completed, which must either be converted into brandy by distillation or else thrown away, thus debarring the producer from the enjoyment of one-third of his labor. Now, if the tax duty be not too high, and this product is turned into brandy, a handsome profit is realized to the producers, who are thereby enabled to sell their wines at a low figure. Deprive them of this legitimate profit by the continuancy of the present heavy tax and you increase the cost of the wine just so much as you lessen their profits. Such being the case, which I am sure every wine-grower knows to be correct, you defeat the very end you are most desirous of accomplishing—for if the market rates of such wines be too low, not commensurate with the present cost of labor, high price of casks and other expenses incident to this business, you seriously embarrass the wine-grower, compel him to raise money by mortgage on his property at high rates of interest to meet the expenses until the wines have attained that age which the public tastes and wants demand, or else abandon his vineyards entirely; and those who had cultivated the taste for wines when they were inexpensive are again thrown back on the poisonous liquors that are now flooding our country from Maine to Texas.

By carefully nourishing this great interest by judicious legislation, allowing the producer to reap the full reward of his labor, you enable him to keep his wines until they are older and better and more likely to captivate the taste and usurp the place of the more ardent libations. We do not ask to be exempted from the tax altogether, nor do we desire to enter the market in competition with the distillers of whisky or brandy from other substances, but what we do want is to be relieved by Congress *of the duty on brandy we are compelled to manufacture or lose entirely,* that we may enjoy all the profits arising from this business, enabling us to keep our own wines in the cellars until they are older, and thus give to the world the practical proof of the oft-repeated assertion that we are a great wine-growing people, destined to rank second to no nation on earth.

Yours, with much respect,
I. DE BARTH SHORB.

Our correspondent is known to us as a gentleman, farming one of the largest vineyards in California, and we have no doubt his intention is to produce a genuine wine and to elevate the whole business.

But he is going the wrong way to work. It is well known to all wine-growers that the substance left after the grapejuice is pressed out—the *pomace*—is not fit to make even common brandy. It does not contain sufficient alcohol, and has a rough offensive flavor. The consequence is that whisky or rectified spirits have to be added to it, and when distilled, a most villainous compound is formed, which, for some unknown cause, acts especially on the coating of the stomach and the nervous system. Physicians say that more *delirium tremens* is caused by this cheap pomace brandy, which is sold under the name of "French brandy," than from almost any other cause.

If to doctored ports and watered hocks and brandied angelicas, were added the poison of pomace brandy as a California product, the last end of the California wine trade would be reached. The difficulty with the wine business of California is not the expenses of production, nor the low prices ruling. Even with wine at 50 cents (gold) a gallon, on the vineyard, the wine-growers could make money enough. The trouble is that such is the bad reputation of the California wines for impurity and carelessness of making, that the public *do not want them at all.* As the California papers admit, there are hundreds of thousands of gallons now in cask on the different vineyards which cannot be sold at 25 cents a gallon. The real fault has no doubt often been with the wine-merchants, but often also on the vineyards. The true remedy is not to produce a poisonous and cheap brandy of the grape-refuse, but *to make better wines.* If the California wines were what they ought to be, millions of gallons could be profitably sold here.

We consider brandy a luxury, and a deleterious luxury, and therefore it should pay a heavy proportion of the national taxation, and we trust Congress will not lighten its burdens for the Pacific States.

MINOR TOPICS.

Some of the Southern papers seem to think that the acquittal of Mr. Johnson renders it quite certain that he will be the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. No symptoms of such a result have shown themselves in this quarter. If it should come to be understood that this result would follow, we think two or three more Republican votes might be counted on in the Senate for his acquittal. As we remarked some time ago, the gratitude of the Democratic Party to Mr. Johnson for his services may be very strong, but it is not at all likely to take that direction.

Gen. Forrest advises those of his rebel fellow-citizens, who were with him in the war, to take an active part in the political movements in the State, and to send delegates to the Democratic National Convention, in this City, on the 4th of July, "without reference to the past." He thinks the ex-rebels are already subjected to disabilities and humiliations enough without voluntarily taking upon themselves any more. The only hope of a restoration of good government in this country, he says, is in the success of the Democratic Party; but he advises against consenting, for the sake of expediency or from any other motive, to holding themselves aloof from the Convention. There is every prospect that the rebel element of the South will be very strongly represented in the Democratic councils. Probably, however, it will be less extreme in its views and less exacting in its demands, than certain sections of the Northern Democracy.

The Ohio Legislature has rejected a bill which provided for the removal from office of persons incapable of performing their duties on account of habitual intoxication. It is not easy to see on what grounds such a bill could be rejected. Incompetency ought always to be a ground of removal from office, and certainly the fact that it is induced by drunkenness does not alter its nature. There may be danger that such a law might be abused and perverted,—but with proper guards against this, it would be a valuable provision for faithful and efficient public service. There are many things in various quarters which show that such a law is needed—and not alone in Ohio, by any means.

We noticed, some time ago, as one of the encouraging political signs of the times, the passage of a resolution in the Democratic State Convention of South Carolina, declaring that they favored the admission of negroes to the right of suffrage whenever they should be found qualified to exercise it with intelligence. This was an abandonment of the doctrine that none but white men have any right to self-government, or to any share of political power, in this country. We see now that this action of the Convention was not satisfactory to the whole party in the State, and another convention is to be held for the purpose of reconsidering it.

A wild correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette* says the Radicals, having no hope of electing their President by the popular vote, intend to have "the present House of Representatives proclaim him President," as soon as they can get Wade into the Executive chair and thus sustain their proclamation by force. And one step toward this is to expel Senators enough, under pretence that they were bribed, to secure Mr. Johnson's conviction and removal from office. A vivid imagination is a very excellent gift in a newspaper correspondent. But to make it thoroughly available, a corresponding credulity is required on the part of the public, and *that,* we fear, the *Gazette* will find to be lacking.

The Auburn *Advertiser* proposes to make short and sure work of impeachment; if it was right to begin it, says that paper, it is right to complete it. If it was right to impeach Johnson it cannot be wrong to convict him. The fact that thirty-five Senators voted to convict and only nineteen to acquit him proves conclusively that he ought to be convicted. Therefore, it says, let Southern States enough to secure conviction be at once admitted and then proceed to take the verdict. This is a very summary argument. Why not apply it to all trials, and thus cure the defects of our jury system, which very often defeat the purpose of trials and result in acquittal? The *Advertiser,* moreover, does not propose to do this by law. The President might veto it, and then the project would fall through. "To make short work of the great question," says that paper, "admit, at once, *by resolution,* as Congress may, without any Presidential sanction, three out of the six States, known to be for the impeachment, and have them send six Senators as a reinforcement in the warfare for the rights of the people and for justice and national honor." This may be called summary justice with a vengeance."

We published yesterday, from the St. Louis *Republican,* extracts from a letter written by a private soldier in Fort Stevenson, Dakotah Territory, in which the writer complains that soldiers do not get the rations furnished by the Government, but have to put up with small portions of beans or rice, rancid pork and wretched coffee. He tells of the breaking out of scurvy at that post among the soldiers, while neither officers nor citizens in the vicinity were touched with it, and charges it directly upon the improper rations furnished. Is there not room here for an investigation? The life of a soldier on the frontier in Winter time is severe enough without any unnecessary and additional aggravations in the shape of wretched supplies, curtailed in the interest of contractors or commissaries. A suggestion made by this intelligent writer is most pertinent, that the occasional military inspectors should throw off the frigid dignity of the regular army officer and ask a few plain questions of the private soldiers he is inspecting, to find out the truth. But that, we suppose, would be allowable only in a *Grande Duchesse* on the boards of the *Opera Bouffe!*

This is a very free country in some respects, and Mrs. Judd, like any other woman, has a perfect right to "lecture" when and where she pleases. But we are also at liberty to say that, under the peculiar circumstances which bring her just now before the public, she is not likely to improve either her own position or that of those on whose behalf she professes to speak. She comes before the public solely on the strength of the divorce trial in which she has been engaged. Her claim to public attention rests solely on the notoriety she has thus acquired. But that notoriety is not altogether of such a character as to increase her moral influence or to give weight to the opinions she may advocate. Her case has not yet been decided, but the public judgment upon it has been already so far pronounced as to render her claim to become a public teacher, on such subjects as she has selected, of very doubtful validity. She would act more wisely for herself, and the cause she advocates if, for the present, at all events, she would not thrust either herself or her advice upon the public.

The case of Braine, who applied for release on bail so small as to be in fact only nominal, was decided in the Eastern District on Saturday. Braine, it will be remembered, is awaiting his trial for the murder of an officer of the *Chesapeake* steamer during the war—he with others having taken passage on board that steamer for Portland for the purpose of capturing her in the rebel interest. Braine's defence is that he was acting under a regular commission in the Confederate service; and the trial has been put off several times on his application in order that he might get witnesses to establish that fact. Judge Benedict refused to release him on so small bail as he offers, but intimated that he would do so if he would give bail sufficient to secure his appearance for trial. As his alleged offence is murder, for which bail is not usually taken at all, this requirement would seem to be reasonable. We presume, moreover, that the fact which he seeks to prove, that he was acting under rebel authority, would be conceded by the Government.

A genius in Detroit is said to be preparing to "shoot Niagara" in an india-rubber boat, which he is engaged in constructing. It is to be air-tight, and provided with a seat to which he is to be tied. We are happy to say that there is very little chance that he will survive the attempt, or at all events that it will be sufficiently successful to invite imitation. When Sam Patch jumped Niagara Falls successfully, scores of jumpers started up everywhere determined to show that they could do it as well as he. When he was killed by his jump at Rochester this mania for imitation suddenly fell off. The projected performance, whether successful or not, can do no possible good—as we do not understand that this Detroit man proposes to establish a line of ferry-boats up and down the

Falls; and the sooner the experiment proves disastrous to somebody, the fewer will be the lives lost in trying to repeat it. Voyages across the ocean in cockboats have ceased suddenly since the catastrophe of the Baltimore adventure.

Some thirty of the members of the American Jockey Club gave Mr. **LEONARD W. JEROME** a complimentary dinner, on Saturday evening, at Jerome Park, previous to his departure with his family, on Saturday next, for Europe. In spite of the terrible storm and the very bad condition of the roads—the dinner being given ten miles out of town—not a single one of the expected company was missing. They sat down to dinner at 6 o'clock, and had a most lively and agreeable time, which was kept up indefinitely. Mr. **JEROME**'s health was, of course, drank with great enthusiasm, and the company took occasion to express, in various ways, the general indebtedness of the public to him for the spirit and liberality with which he has made such ample and such admirable provision for their rational and healthful out-of-door entertainment. Mr. **JEROME**'s labors in this field—which is not as yet greatly crowded in this country—are thoroughly and gratefully appreciated, if the demonstrations at this dinner afford a fair criterion.

In view of the three or four millions of armed men that at present embarrass and cripple the industry of Europe, a French writer, M. **LOUIS JOURDAIN**, in a pamphlet published at Paris, proposes that, instead of these dreadful grand armies, the European powers shall maintain a Common Council or "Witanagemote" of arbiters, judges, amphyctyons, who shall settle, in a brief and amicable way, all disputes that may arise between the different Governments. The great difficulty of this is, that it would be common sense and common Christianity. The great powers will never listen to any such proposal, thinking it would abolish the grand chances of imperialism, take the perilous and picturesque elements out of the life and history of nations, and bring them down to the regulated order of a community of Quakers. **HENRY IV.** of France was trying to work out such a notable plan for the settlement of international controversies when the stroke of **RAVAILLAC** put an end to it. Indeed, to abolish the sword and the cannon would tend too much to the abolition of kingship itself; and therefore Europe must endure the grand armies for some time longer.

Our New-Orleans correspondent calls attention to the practical exclusion of American flour, provisions and other commodities from Cuba and nearly all the southern part of this continent, by high duties and regulations, from which European commerce is exempt. We ought to have—and but for these exclusions we should have—a larger *home* market in those regions for our provisions than we can get in Europe, to say nothing of the very great advantages afforded by its nearness. But now we are compelled to go three thousand miles for a market which exists at our doors, but to which we are not allowed access. He urges this matter earnestly upon the attention of all who are interested in the growth and development of our commerce as well as upon that of our Government.

FINE ARTS.

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHY.

One of the finest specimens of the art of chromo-lithography ever brought to this country, is now on exhibition in the studio of Mr. **BRADFORD**, in the Tenth-street Studio Building. It is a copy of his celebrated painting "Crushed by Icebergs,"—a copy so faithful in respect to details of drawing, to color, to general tone and effect, that one can hardly believe it to be a print,—or rather the result of a succession of prints, and not the work of the artist's own hand. The very texture of the painting is imitated with wonderful fidelity, and, what is still more surprising, without losing the appearance of artistic freedom that characterizes the handling in original works. This admirable chromo-lithograph was executed in Berlin by the same house that a couple of years ago produced one almost as fine of **BIERSTADT**'s "Sunlight and Shadow"—a work of much less difficulty. We are glad to learn that **BEARD**'s charming composition, "The Old Woman that Lived in a Shoe," is to be chromo-lithographed this year at the same place.

Though none of the work as yet done in this country can compare in finish, tone and texture with the chromo-lithographs prepared in Berlin, yet a great deal has been done to advance the art, and we doubt not that in a very few years chromo-lithographs will be produced here in every way equal to the best European work. Mr. **PRANG**, of Boston, has already published many beautiful specimens of the art, and he is constantly seeking to perfect the methods of production. Among the latest of his publications is a very fine copy of Mrs. **HART**'s "Easter Morning." Our readers will remember the painting, which was exhibited in this City last year. The chromo-lithographic copy is very successful in the reproduction of the tone and sentiment of the original. Mr. **PRANG** has in preparation "A New-England Winter Landscape," by the late Mr. **MORVEILLER**, of Malden, Mass.; a figure piece, "The Barefooted Boy," by **EASTMAN JOHNSON**; two brilliant pictures of children in the woods, "The May Queen" and "The Little Rogue," by Mr. **J. G. BROWN**; "The Shipwreck of Steerforth," by **MORAN**; "The Friends," by **GIRAUD**; "The White Mountains in October," by **GEORGE L. BROWN**; "The Bay of New-York," by the same artist; "The Falls of the Yo Semite," by **BIERSTADT**; two fruit pieces, by **S. W. FULLER**; "Cherries and Basket," by Mrs. **GRANBERRY**; and besides these he has a number of other compositions on the easels of distinguished New-York painters. "The Barefooted Boy," by **EASTMAN JOHNSON**, is the artist's rendering of **WHITTIER**'s familiar lines:

> "Blessings on thee, little man,
> Barefoot boy with cheeks of tan,
> With thy turned-up pantaloons,
> And thy merry whistling tunes;
> With thy red lip, redder still
> Kissed by strawberries on the hill;
> With the sunshine on thy face
> Through thy torn brim's jaunty grace;
> From my heart I give thee joy—
> I was once a barefoot boy!
> Prince thou art—the grown-up man
> Only is republican.
> Let the million-dollared ride;
> Barefoot, trudging at his side,
> Thou hast more than he can buy
> In the reach of ear and eye,
> Outward sunshine, inward joy,—
> Blessings on thee, barefoot boy!"

It represents, says one who has seen the picture, "A comely rustic lad, clad in coarse homespun dress, with his trousers turned up, his hands in his pockets, and the brightest of 'knowing' yet innocent smiles on his face and in his eyes. His face is half shaded by his broad-brimmed hat; his feet are firmly planted on a grey rock; he looks so hopeful, so self-reliant, so entirely at his ease, that he seems the perfect incarnation of Young America."

The "Fringed Gentian," after the Pre-Raphaelite **NEWMAN**, was undertaken, we believe, by Mr. **PRANG**, in reply to a challenge from the American defender and expounder of the Pre-Raphaelite school in this country, who dared him to reproduce this very work. It is said to be a very elaborate and highly-finished water-color drawing, full of delicate drawing and subtle color, and almost microscopic in details. If he succeeds in making a satisfactory copy of this work his success may be considered as established.

NEW PICTURE BY GIGNOUX.

Mr. **GIGNOUX**, with whose works our readers are well acquainted, has in his studio, in the Tenth-street Studio Building, a very fine painting called "Under Table Rock." It is not the commonplace view, which everybody knows so well. Years ago the artist visited the Falls in Winter, and one morning was much struck with the effect of the sunlight striking on the masses of solid ice that depended from the overhanging rock. This effect he has successfully sought to reproduce from careful studies made on the spot. The point of view is from the Canada shore, looking directly under Table Rock and into a sort of cavern formed by the masses of ice. Far above, just in one corner, is shown the tremendous rush and plunge of the great cataract over the edge of the precipice; the depth into which it falls being suggested rather than shown, by whirling wreaths of spray. A couple of figures are introduced to show the height and mass of the depending icicles. The picture is painted with great breadth and simplicity of tone, and is one of the most striking compositions ever exhibited by Mr. **GIGNOUX**.

LANDSEER'S CONNOISSEURS.

There is now on exhibition in the picture gallery of Mr. **SCHAUS** a very fine mezzotint engraving of Sir **EDWIN LANDSEER**'s portrait of himself, entitled "The Connoisseurs," which is interesting on many accounts. It is not only an admirable likeness of the artist, but the only one in existence, as he has always declined sitting to any other painter. He is represented as sketching, and, looking over his shoulders are seen two dogs, painted as only Sir **EDWIN LANDSEER** can paint them, contemplating with grave faces the artist's work. The picture has been engraved by Mr. **SAMUEL COUSENS** with very marked success, and Sir **EDWIN** is said to have expressed his high admiration of his work. The original painting is now the property of the Prince of Wales.

NEW PICTURES AT GOUPIL'S.

At **GOUPIL**'s there is the usual attractive display in the exhibition gallery, besides several fine paintings not yet hung, being late importations from Europe. Among these is a large painting entitled "Norwegian Mountain Scenery," by Prof. **HANS GUDE**. The subject is treated with much power; gray mists creep down the sides of the volcanic heights and rest upon the struggling pines below, vegetation barely finds existence in the valley in the foreground, through which the mountain torrent leaps over and among great rocks upheaved by the mysterious agency whose work is everywhere apparent. Near the cataract, which is spanned by a rustic bridge, a hunter rests upon his gun as if surprised into contemplation of the weird scene around him.

There is also an exquisite flower picture, by **ROBIE**, a very fine specimen of the work of this splendid colorist. There are three fine Robies now in the City on exhibition, one at **SCHAUS**', one at **D'HUYVETTER**'s, and this one at **GOUPIL**'s, the latter ordered directly from the painter by Mr. **KNOEDLER**. There is the usual tasteful grouping, forms and rich harmonies of color—flowers such as would tempt the bees, and a bunch of raspberries for birds to peck at.

Besides these, there are pictures by **CARL HUBNER**, **SONTAG**, **GIFFORD**, **COLMAN**, **ZAMACOIS**, and other American and foreign artists, of which we have not room to speak at length.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

THE SECOND GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

There were two performances at Steinway Hall on Saturday—both of a miscellaneous character. The *matinée* was well attended, notwithstanding the rain-storm. The programme contained but a single novelty. It was, however, popular and acceptable in its component parts. The novelty was an overture ("St. John the Baptist") by Mr. **G. W. MORGAN**, the celebrated organist—a work displaying a large and healthy tone of thought and considerable power of elaboration. It was given with effect under the direction of the composer, and certainly merits another performance and a more mature consideration. The soloists at the *matinée* were Mme. **PAREPA-ROSA**, Mr. **FRANK BARTLETT**, Mr. **WENSEL KOPTA** (a good but overrated violinist) and Mr. **A. H. PEASE**. There was an orchestra which did so little that it is hardly worth while referring to it—two movements from **SCHUBERT**'s unfinished symphony and Mr. **MORGAN**'s overture. No one could expect less.

In the evening, however, the poor fellows had to work, and it is but right to say that they worked well. The introduction to the third act of "Medea," by **CHERUBINI**, has never been better played than on this occasion. It is not a work prodigal in ideas, but it is one which demands very delicate coloring, and complete unanimity among those who interpret it. Mr. **THOMAS**' *baton* secured everything, and afforded the public a brief and delightful introduction to a fine evening's entertainment. The second orchestral work was a new symphony composed for the festival by Mr. **F. L. RITTER**, a musician and writer of well-known ability. The piece is in four movements. Of these, the opening one impressed us as being the best sustained and carried out. The subject is well defined, and its elaboration is fluent and artistic. The *minuetto* and *scherzando* are also pleasantly treated, and were so acceptable to the ear that the public demanded an *encore*. The final movement gathers up the themes skillfully, and brings them to a fine and forcible culmination, and with particular felicity so far as the first theme is concerned. It is not proper to speak critically of a work of this importance from a single hearing. The smallest degree of attention, however, exhibits the fact that it has been well considered, and that the composer knows thoroughly the resources of the orchestra. He seems, at times, to draw too largely on these sources. The score is perhaps too full;—too full, at all events, for a hasty performance, such as that of Saturday evening. But it is quite certain that Mr. **RITTER** has produced a work of great and lasting merit, and in its largeness the most important work yet contributed to the limited *repertoire* of American classical music. We trust sincerely—in this instance again—that he may have another opportunity of presenting it to the public. Afterwards came the eternally talked about Henselt concerto. The undercurrent of opinion about this work is the only reason why it is ever brought to the surface of public consideration. People insist in saying that the "Henselt concerto" is one of the best ever written, and artists persist in *not* playing it. The demand is greater than the supply. Hence any one who can attack the real difficulties of the piece and overcome them is acceptable. This was certainly the case with Mr. **J. N. PATTISON**. The work is intricate, and peculiar—demanding not only force and intelligence, but quickness and feeling. It is nervous—so nervous that its author could not himself play it in public. Mr. **PATTISON** has appreciated the entire conditions of the work; and he rendered it with a skill and beauty, which, we frankly confess, we did not expect at his hands. The gentleman has improved rapidly, and has never shown his progress so completely as in this concerto. He played finely and merited every hand that was raised in his favor.

The special feature of the concert was perhaps the Beethoven Symphony called the "Battle of Vittoria," but the work was so inadequately—wretchedly, even ludicrously—done that it is waste of time to refer to it. At best it is trash. It depends on trivial effects, and these effects were, or seemed to be, ignored. On a large scale the work is capable of making a popular impression; but with a few people put in a staircase, representing the French army, and a few more people, representing the English army, placed in another staircase, it is impossible to give the idea that **BEETHOVEN** contemplated, even if four bare-legged Highlanders schreech their horrible pibroch in the doorway. So, the thing was a fizzle.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

The beautiful establishment on Seventh-avenue, between Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets, recently constructed by Mr. **REMSEN APPLEBY**, will be opened to the public to-night, and remain open nightly until the Fall. The establishment consists of a concert hall, an illuminated garden, a restaurant, buffet, &c. The entertainment will consist of an evening instrumental concert under the direction of Mr. **THEODORE THOMAS**. The orchestra engaged for the occasion is unusually strong—numbering upward of forty instruments, and the programme we may rest assured will be thoroughly good.

OLE BULL.

Mr. **OLE BULL**, whose success in every direction seems to have been perfect, will return to the City at the end of the present week, and give three farewell concerts prior to his departure for Europe—on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday next. He will be assisted by the local talent of the City.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS.

The new hall and the new company have been received with enthusiasm. Hundreds are turned away nightly. The programme is varied for the present week.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

The doors as usual are besieged at 7, and after a brisk assault barricades are established at 8. Then comes the reign of terror. Beware of Citizens **BIRCH**, **WAMBOLD** and **BACKUS**. They are pitiless. You must give them your laugh or your life.

Theatrical.

Mme. **RISTORI** appeared on Saturday evening at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn, as *Sor Teresa*. The influences of the rain-storm prevailed and the attendance was extremely slim. The drama in which this personation occurs is perhaps less interesting than any that the actress has appeared in, and its success in Havana must be ascribed to that human disposition which impels us to desire forbidden fruit. If the Archbishop had not interdicted the play, nobody would have wanted to see it. "Sister Teresa" is to be presented at the French Theatre to-night, and Mme. **RISTORI** will begin her farewell series of representations in New-York.

The entertainments elsewhere are quite as devoid of newness.

This evening, the tenth performance of "The White Cockade" will be given at Wallack's Theatre; and the forty-third performance of Mr. **MOLYNEAUX ST. JOHN**'s burlesque of "Paris and Helen" will take place at the New-York Theatre. The "White Fawn" will receive its one hundred and twenty-seventh representation at Niblo's Garden. These pieces are still acted to full audiences, and seem to be nowhere near the end of their run yet.

Mr. **MAEDER**'s drama of "Lost" is to be played a few more evenings at Pike's Opera House, and will be succeeded by one of Mr. **WATTS PHILLIPS**' earlier Adelphi pieces called "The Strollers."

The manager of the Olympic calls "Humpty Dumpty" a sweeping success. It is. Every laugh that follows the antics of the pantomimists clears a cobweb from the heart and brushes care away. **BETTY RIGL** has departed from the ballet, but Mlle. **SANGALI** remains, and so do the clever skaters of the snow scene.

Mr. **W. H. WHALLEY** begins the third week of his engagement at the Bowery Theatre to-night, and is announced to appear in the new version of "Oliver Twist" every evening.

An entertainment of Music and Readings is to be given on Wednesday evening at Steinway Hall to aid the sick and disabled soldiers who are under the care of the Ladies' Union Relief Association. Mr. **HORACE GREELEY** is to preside. Doesticks and "Alderman Rooney" are to "read," and Miss **HAUCK**, Signor **ERRANI**, and the Listeman Brothers will give a concert.

A change of programme takes place at the Broadway Theatre to-night. Mr. and Mrs. **BARNEY WILLIAMS** are to appear in the drama of "All Hallow Eve" and the comedy entitled the "Latest from New-York." On Friday next Mrs. **WILLIAMS** is to have a farewell benefit, and on Saturday the engagement of these popular artists comes to an end. Next week Mrs. **MATILDA HERON** is to appear as *Camille* on these boards, in that part, which her first very great success, in that part, was won.

After Mme. **RISTORI**'s departure a diorama exhibition will occupy the French Theatre till July, when Mr. **GRAU** will close the house for extensive alterations and corrections.

Mrs. **F. B. CONWAY** continues so unwell as to be unable to resume her performances at the Park Theatre, in Brooklyn.

The company of French comedians are to appear at the Theatre Français on Wednesday night in "Adieu Paniers Vendages Sont Faites" and "L'Autographe." The performance is to be for the benefit of Mlle. **FARNAT**, who will act in both plays.

VIRGINIA.

The Political Situation—Delay in Ordering the Election—The Visit of Mayor Hoffman, of New-York—The Banquet and Speeches—Riot in the Jail.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, Thursday, May 21, 1868.

Nothing has occurred during the week to disturb the quiet of our city in a political way. Some of the delegates who could afford to pay their expenses attended the Chicago Convention, but many of them were not able to give either their time or money to the "cause of their country." We have had no public meetings or displays in the city, but in several places throughout the State the canvass is being carried on quite spiritedly, especially in Norfolk and on the Peninsula, where Dr. **BAYNE** and Mr. **NORTON**, the colored candidates for Congress in those districts, are making every possible exertion to secure their election to Congress, in opposition to the white candidates of the Republican Party; and should an election be ordered soon, there is but little doubt of their success, as the colored vote is far in excess of the white in both districts. A great many Conservatives, too, are urging them on in their course, as it is their desire to see negroes elected rather than white men who can take the oath. They also think that the return of **BAYNE** and a few men like him to Congress will disgust the Radicals and force them to show their true colors on the question of suffrage and the right to hold office. But there are not many of the whites who take this view of the matter—it is only the extremists, and their number is fast dwindling. Gov. **WELLS** has taken the stump in earnest, and spoke yesterday in Charlottesville before the Congressional Convention, which nominated Mr. **G. G. CURTISS**, of Bedford County, one of the most enlightened members of the Convention, and a native of New-York, for Congress. Col. **WITHERS**, the Conservative nominee for Governor, is also in the field with the other nominees and canvassers, among whom are Hon. **A. H. H. STUART**, Gen. **ECHOLS**, and many besides who were prominent in politics before the war, and appointments have been made for the entire State; but, owing to the fact that no day has been fixed for holding the election, and that it is uncertain whether it will be held this Summer or not, there is a great lack of enthusiasm, especially in this city. The people, too, have other things to trouble them, and are disposed to let affairs of State alone and to attend to their own private interests. While there is no doubt of the unpopularity of the Constitution, and of the detestation in which it is held by nine-tenths of the white population, still a great many will vote for it merely to secure quiet, and put an end to the vexed question of reconstruction, trusting the settlement of less important issues to the future. They therefore say that the sooner the election is ordered, and the bitter medicine swallowed, the easier they will feel.

Chief Justice **CHASE** has suddenly become very popular with the people and Press of Virginia, and those who a few months since were loudest in denouncing him, can now scarcely find words to express their admiration of the upright man and just Judge. On all sides his praises are sounded, and notwithstanding precedent and the fates seem to declare that the President must be a military man—for each war has given a soldier ruler to the nation—thousands seem to believe that with **CHASE** as standard-bearer of a great Conservative or moderate party, the victory would be secured. Certain it is that the people in this section have suddenly discovered that Mr. **CHASE** and the "noble seven" who would rather be right than be Presidents," have suddenly become marvelous proper men.

The people of Richmond during the week had the pleasure of welcoming the Chief Magistrate of your City, Hon. **JOHN HOFFMAN**, among them. He was cordially received by the acting Mayor, Mr. **CAHOON**, and was also greeted by the venerable **JOSEPH MAYO**, who visited him in the steamship *Isaac Bell* at Rocketts, and extended the hospitalities of the city in the name of its citizens. Mr. **HOFFMAN**, much to the general regret, was suffering so much from the effects of the sea voyage that he was compelled to keep to his room during most of the time our city was honored by his presence, and, therefore, the junketing was unattended with any great amount of speaking, although at the collation on the boat Col. **MARMADUKE JOHNSON** made a few remarks, expressing the sentiment that as soon as the flag which floated over the *Isaac Bell* should truly represent a State by every star, it would again be received and venerated as of yore by the Southern people. A young lady from the North, delighted with the sentiment, which she overheard through the raised skylight, sent the orator a handsome bouquet—which he received and gallantly paid a high compliment to the sex in general, and the American women in particular: "To the fair donor of these beautiful flowers," said he, "I will say in the language of Ruth to Naomi, 'Entreat me not to leave thee, or to return from following after thee; for whither thou goest I will go; and where thou lodgest, I will lodge; thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God; where thou diest, will I die, and there will I be buried.'" This was received by some, very wrongfully, with laughter, but it was not given in a spirit of levity. Col. **JOHNSON** was one of the bravest soldiers in the Confederacy, but was a Union man before the war, and when he says "Thy people shall be my people," he speaks in all sincerity the highest wishes of his heart. The company of ladies and gentlemen which arrived in the *Isaac Bell* from New-York were the same night complimented by the agent of the line, Mr. **DUNHAM**, with a banquet at the Exchange Hotel, which was honored by the presence of Gen. **SCHOFIELD** and staff, and a large number of the prominent citizens of Richmond. The General was called out by a toast, and made a few remarks in response, in which he said that enterprises of this kind, the getting out of such splendid vessels for the trade between New-York and Virginia, were an earnest that the wise financiers of the great Metropolis had full confidence in the speedy restoration of the State to the Union and to her former commercial and material prosperity. Believing himself that more prosperous times were at hand, and that the Commonwealth would soon take her place in the Union, he thanked the company for the compliment paid him in the sentiment to which he had been called upon to respond. The words of the General were warmly applauded. Mayor **HOFFMAN** was not present to respond, but a gentleman from New-York made a few remarks explaining the absence of Mr. **HOFFMAN**, and returning thanks for the honor paid his City.

The Bar was toasted, and **PATRICK HENRY AYLETT**, Esq., grandson of the "great orator," was called upon to respond. He is one of the principal writers on the *Enquirer & Examiner*, and many were afraid he might say some bitter things, but he got through very pleasantly. He was rejoiced that our visitors had reached the city in their staunch and noble ship without encountering any of the difficulties that had beset the earlier navigators on the James, and without grounding on any of its numerous *bars*. It was well known that from the earliest history of the Commonwealth great difficulties had been experienced by strangers in their efforts to navigate the waters of Virginia. In colonial days, it is a fact related in history, some adventurous sailors fitted out an expedition for the purpose of discovering a short route to the Pacific Ocean by going up the Chickahominy River. They wanted to get a sort of Dutch-Gap passage to California. [Great laughter and applause.] Well, they toiled and tugged at their oars up the narrow stream for many weary days, when lo! after nearly reaching its head waters, the progress of the expedition was stopped by a most remarkable obstacle. A large cedar tree had fallen directly across the stream; the vessel could go no further—and the voyage of discovery failed—as many other ventures have since upon that and other streams in Virginia. In closing, Mr. **AYLETT** toasted the Press of New-York and of Richmond, and called upon Mr. **GLENN**, of the *Herald*, to respond. That gentleman having retired, Mr. **COLEMAN**, of the *Enquirer & Examiner*, made a few remarks, closing as follows: "Speaking for myself, I can only say that I consider my allegiance due first to Virginia and second to the Union." This was received in silence, and shortly after the company separated. The New-York ladies and gentlemen went over to Petersburg in the morning, where they were handsomely received, and dined and wined. A visit was made to the lines, but nearly all traces of the terrible tragedy enacted there only three years ago have disappeared, and the furrows made by the plowshare have destroyed those more rudely hallowed out by the shell and shot from **GRANT**'s guns. May all remembrance of that fratricidal strife be as effectively erased as those physical traces have been destroyed!

RIOTOUS ATTEMPT TO BREAK JAIL.

To-day we have had a terrible time in the City Jail. The negroes confined therein, headed by two white men, rebelled against the newly-appointed keeper, and made a desperate attempt to break jail. They tore great holes in the walls, wrenched off the doors of the cells, and bombarded the people in the streets with a constant shower of brickbats and other missiles. They might have escaped, it is thought, had they really wanted to do so, but it would appear that their demonstration was more on the order of a bread riot than a wish to get free, for they continually called out, "Give us Mr. **HALL** (the late Keeper) back. He didn't starve us. He gave us plenty to eat," &c. The Police was sent for, and the Chief soon arrived with a strong detachment, but as they were colored men mostly, he was afraid of taking the responsibility of interfering where blood might be shed, without military authority, and so he sent to Gen. **SCHOFIELD** for a detachment of soldiers. A squad of infantry was at once dispatched to the jail by the General, with instructions to restore discipline. They did it in prompt order at the point of the bayonet, and nobody was hurt. The ringleaders will be tried. The excitement in the neighborhood of the jail was very great during the progress of the riot.

A PAYING TOBACCO CROP.

What well-directed industry can do in this section, in the way of farming, the following incident will show: An old gentleman, who owns a small piece of land not far from the city, during the past season, with the assistance of one old colored man and a horse, raised a crop of tobacco for which he received $2,500, in cash, from his merchant to-day. The lands of Virginia are rich, close to market, and can be bought for a song. Her society is as good as that of any other section, and far better than that of the wild, wild West, where every man carries his life in his hand—and why will not people come down here and invest their money? In soil, climate, water-power and mineral resources the State is unsurpassed, and there is no reason why in ten years she should not teem with a population equal to that of Pennsylvania.

KAPPA.

AFFAIRS IN CANADA.

Close of the First Canadian Parliament—The Title Dispute—The Northwest Territory—Resignation of the Adjutant-General—Militia and Fortifications.

From Our Own Correspondent.

TORONTO, Saturday, May 23, 1868.

The first Parliament of the Dominion of Canada was closed yesterday by His Excellency the Governor-General, who, after giving the royal assent to the bills that had been passed, signified his pleasure that Parliament should be prorogued until the first day of July next; that, however, was a mere matter of form, as it will not meet again until near next Winter. The session has not been particularly prolific of legislation, but that may be owing in a great measure to the fact that the local Legislatures deal with all local matters. Divided into two parts, the session extended from November to the Christmas holidays, when an adjournment took place and Parliament reassembled on the 12th of March. The whole number of bills passed is seventy-five, some of them of considerable importance and requiring lengthy discussion. Lord **MONCK** in his speech yesterday expressed regret that the measures for assimilating the criminal laws of the several Provinces had failed to pass. The fault rests with the Government, who brought them forward so late in the session that they could not receive due consideration, and the Senate justly refused to entertain them. An attempt was made to pass the Patent bill, withdrawn in the Senate, but it was soon found that the Government could not do as they wished with it, and they had to withdraw it again. The House has shown a rare spirit of independence, and the Government will be more careful in future how they act with their supporters, as it is evident that many of them will not be tampered with.

THAT TITLE BUSINESS.

The greatest absurdity that Parliament has perpetrated is the adoption of a report from a special committee of the House of Commons, recommending an address to Her Majesty the Queen, informing her that Mr. **GALT**, who declined the honor of being made a Companion of the Bath, had been unfairly treated by the notice which appeared in the London *Gazette*, revoking the honor conferred. After the adoption of the report the address was prepared, and is probably on the way by this time. There should be a limit to Parliamentary, as well as other kinds of nonsense, and it is really too much that a deliberative body like the House of Commons should make cause with a member who felt his vanity wounded by being cut off at his own request by a revocation of the title conferred upon him. No doubt he feels sore at M. **CARTIER** being made a Baronet, but that should not have induced the House to take up his case. It is to be hoped the Queen will give the petitioners the snubbing they deserve. There is some fear of our public men becoming fond of empty titles, for there is really nothing in them. The funniest part of this conferring of titles is the fact that the highest honors are almost invariably conferred upon those who have no heirs to hand them down to. Sir **ALLAN MACNAB**, Col. **TACHE**, Sir **L. H. LAFONTAINE** and Sir **GEORGE E. CARTIER** have successively had baronetcies conferred upon them, yet none of them have had sons to inherit the same. Sir **JOHN A. MACDONALD** has a son, but he is only made a Knight. Can it be possible that the bauble is given for the mere sake of pleasing the recipients? It certainly looks like it.

THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

The Governments of England and the Dominion, between them, are making a sorry mess of the arrangement for including Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territory generally in the Confederation. Six months ago our Parliament adopted an address to the Queen upon the subject, in the very terms of the British North American act, and so pressing did Ministers represent the necessity of passing it to be, that they hurried it through with the greatest haste. Several times since questions have been asked of Ministers respecting the progress of negotiations, and finally a dispatch was the other day laid before the House, from which it appears that this country will be called upon to pay an enormous sum as compensation to the Hudson Bay Company, who claim the right of holding a very large portion of the Northwest. It is hinted in the dispatch that terms will have to be made with the Company, and those terms will be hard enough. The people of Canada have been grossly misled with regard to the Northwest Territory. Years ago it was shown that the Company who have held it so long had no legal right to the monopoly. The question was argued in former Parliaments; and on the four Provinces being united, it was generally understood that so soon as the consent of the people could be obtained, the territory would be brought into the Dominion. As an excuse for the haste exhibited in acquiring the territory, the Government intimated that there was the strongest probability of its being annexed to the United States, and it was therefore desirable that no time should be lost in effecting the transfer; but six months have elapsed and the arrangement is just where it was at the beginning. Surely there must have been deception somewhere, or how does it happen that nothing has been accomplished?

THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL RESIGNS.

Adjutant-Gen. **McDOUGAL** has sent in his resignation, and all sorts of conjectures are hazarded as to the cause. It is well known that he framed a Militia bill, which the Minister of Militia so emasculated that its author was unable to identify it when it appeared in print, and possibly that may have had some effect upon him. The Ministerialists say that he long ago made up his mind to the step he has taken, which is very probable, but there can hardly be any doubt that he has come to the decision because of something or other in connection with the performance of his duties. It has been conceded that the Adjutant-General was in every respect qualified for the position he held, but as he was purposely brought from England to take charge of the Militia Department, it is not surprising that his term of office has been so brief. It is possible that his successor will be an officer of militia, as it must now be sufficiently apparent that imported Adjutant-Generals don't thrive so well on Canadian soil as at home.

THE MILITIA AND FORTIFICATION BILLS.

The first of these measures has been sadly mutilated. It was a travesty of a better bill at first, and has been so amended since that even the Minister of Militia can hardly know it as the measure he introduced. The most of the alterations have been made by himself after consultation with the Ministerial supporters who objected to it in its original form. An attempt was made, but without effect, to strike out the conscription clause. It was then proposed by a Ministerialist to reduce the salary of the Adjutant-General $600, and the deputies the same, which was carried against the Government by a vote of 61 to 60. The vote being taken over again on another point, there was a tie, but one vote was struck from the Ministerial side. Another motion was made to restore the original salaries of the deputy agents, but the Ministry were left in a minority of four, and they gave up the fight. A week ago it had been decided to fix the pay of officers during the annual drill at 50 cents per day, the same as the men; but it has since been advanced to double that amount. The opposition to the resolutions providing $5,500,000 for fortifications having been carried by an overwhelming majority, no objection was urged to the bill founded upon the same, and it passed without difficulty. These two measures have met with much opposition out of Parliament in certain quarters, but it seems the chief desire was to secure as economical a law as possible. The fortifications, it has been contended, are not required; but others insisted that if the country was worth keeping it was worth protecting, and the only way to do that was by means of fortifications and an improved militia law.

The Erie Slaughter.

Special Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PORT JERVIS, Friday, May 22, 1868.

The gloom which has hung over this place since the morning of that terrible catastrophe at Carr's Rock, which filled our hotels with the dead and dying, converting them into hospitals, is rapidly passing away, and the town once more assuming its wonted cheerfulness.

But seven of the wounded remain at the Delaware House, the others having sufficiently recovered to enable them to be taken home. The remaining sufferers are doing well and will be able to leave in a week or two. The following are their names: **J. C. JEWETT**, New-York City; Mrs. **C. BEARDSLEY**, New-York City; **MILES A. RAY**, Middletown, N. Y.; **C. C. DONAHUE**, Titusville, Penn.; **H. T. KINGSLEY**, Scotland, Conn.; **J. B. FLOYD**, Waverly; **J. S. RANNEY**, St. John's, Mich.

The last victim of the slaughter is Mrs. **SCOFIELD**, of New-York, who was removed to her home some days ago and died two days afterward. The list of dead now numbers twenty-eight. There is still further reason to believe that there are others unaccounted for. A little child, about five months old, was found at the wreck, and no one claiming it the child was adopted by Mr. **CHARLES DREW**, of this village. A gentleman informed me to-day that shortly after the accident a man in the employment of the express company at Elmira was here in search of a child which answered in description to the one above mentioned, but that he did not succeed in finding it. He stated that he placed a mother and child and an old lady in the rear sleeping car, and as he could find no trace of them he supposes they were burned. It is probable that the child adopted by Mr. **DREW** is the missing one.

H. B. CORWIN, of Urbana, Ohio, who was reported among the dead, has turned up safe and made an affidavit that the body supposed to be that of himself is that of **PATRICK FITZGERALD**, of the same place.

The work of laying steel rails on the Delaware Division is progressing; 3,000 rails of this class have been furnished since the accident.

A coal train ran off the track four miles from Lackawaxen, on the Hawley Branch, on Wednesday last. Seventeen cars were thrown down an embankment, but no one was injured. The old story—a broken rail!

The Late Harriet Livermore.

From the Bridgeport (Conn.) Standard, May 22.

Those of our readers who are familiar with **WHITTIER**'s poems, and especially with his beautiful Idyl "Snow Bound," will recollect the graphic portraiture interwoven in his description of the fireside circle of a New England home, and commencing with the lines:

> Another guest that winter night
> Flashed back from lustrous eyes the light—

Many have been the conjectures whether this sketch had an original in real life, or was the simple creation of the author's genius. The writer of this was informed by Mr. **WHITTIER**, that the likeness was drawn from nature, the subject being a lady, the recent announcement of whose decease has suggested this reminiscence. This lady was Miss **HARRIET LIVERMORE**, of an aristocratic and wealthy family of Philadelphia. She died in that city a few days since at the advanced age of 81 years. It is said that an enforced separation from the object of an early attachment, through the authority of her parents, gave an eccentric development to an intellect otherwise brilliant and well balanced, the result of which was a career remarkable for its romantic adventures. She became more particularly an enthusiast in religious matters, and became a firm believer in the early restoration of the Jews and the second coming of the Saviour. Some thirty or forty years ago, we believe, she promulgated her views on these subjects in public lectures throughout the country, addressing audiences of the first respectability and culture, in the principal cities of the Union. So intense was her devotion to these ideas, and so implicit her faith, that the time had arrived for their realization, and she visited Jerusalem on three different occasions, in order to be present and witness their consummation. The last of these journeys was made when she had attained the age of seventy years, and was prosecuted under great privations and hardships. In a variety of ways she sought to facilitate the accomplishment of the promised return of the Jews to Jerusalem, by advocating their cause not only with her pen, and by public lectures, but through personal intercession with the authorities of different countries. She wrote, we believe, several works upon the second coming of the Savior, "Millenial Triumphs" being the only one that we are now able to recall. She was also a contributor to the periodical literature of her day, and at one time wrote for the *Southern Literary Messenger*, under the name of the "Lonely Pilgrim." These are a few incidents in the life of this gifted though eccentric woman, as nearly as the recollection of our reading enables us to recall them, and are in the main, we believe, correct.

This is the original of the episode in "Snow Bound," spoken of above; and what more fitting epitaph for the "Lonely Pilgrim" than the lines in which **WHITTIER** has embalmed the memory of a truthful yet erratic devotion:

> It is not ours to separate
> The tangled skein of will and fate,
> To show what metes and bounds should stand
> Upon the soul's debatable land.

American Geographical and Historical Society.

On last Saturday evening the newly elected Council of the American Geographical and Historical Society met at their new rooms in the Cooper Institute for the purpose of organising for the ensuing year. **WM. REMSEN**, Esq., was temporarily called to the chair.

On motion of Mr. **REMSEN**, the Hon. **F. A. CONKLING** was unanimously elected as permanent Chairman of the Council for the coming year, and **E. R. STRAZINCKY** as Secretary. After transacting the usual amount of routine business, the Secretary presented the following very interesting letter from Mr. **E. H. PERKINS**, United States Consul at St. Croix, West Indies:

UNITED STATES CONSULATE, ST. CROIX, W. I., }
Monday, April 20, 1868. }

SIR: Her B. M. ship *Sphinx*, Capt. R. A. HAMILTON, has recently visited these waters for the purpose of ascertaining if any difference has been made in the soundings by the late earthquakes.

Capt. **HAMILTON** informs me that he has discovered no change. I inclose a rough sketch, copied from his deep sea soundings, which may be of some interest to the Society, not only on account of the particular object for which he was sent here by the Admiralty, but also as showing the geological formation of these islands and the practicability of a cable. He remarked to me "that he thought the depth would make those who were thinking of a cable think twice about it as a paying concern! The 1,000 fathoms off Ham's Bluff, *without bottom*, was within one and a half miles of the shore, and proves St. Croix to be the apex of an immense submarine mountain.

I am with great respect your obedient servant,
E. H. PERKINS,
U. S. Consul and *ex officio* Member American Geological and Statistical Society.

To the Secretary American Geological and Statistical Society, New-York.

On motion of the Hon. **CHARLES P. DALY**, it was resolved that the thanks be presented to Mr. P. for his highly interesting and valuable communication, and that the same be published in the forthcoming journal of the Society's transactions.

On motion, the Council then adjourned.

THE REMAINS OF COL. DYCKMAN.—The body of Col. **GARRETT DYCKMAN** lay in state at the City Hall from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. yesterday, and was visited by a large number of citizens. About 4 P. M. the Hawkins Zouaves, under Col. **RUSH C. HAWKINS**, arrived at the City Hall, and shortly afterward the funeral *cortége* left the hall and proceeded to the depot of the Hudson River Railroad. The members of the Common Council, of the Independence Lodge of Free Masons, and a large number of friends of the deceased escorted the body to the depot, from whence it was conveyed to Cortland Town, where the obsequies will take place.

Messrs. **WHEELER & WILSON**, No. 625 Broadway, expose in their window the original Gold Medal awarded them at the Paris Exposition, for Sewing and Button-hole Machines; the only gold medal for this branch of manufacture, over eighty-two competitors.—*Sunday Dispatch.*

Phalon's "Paphian Lotion."
"PAPHIAN LOTION."
Removes all ERUPTIONS, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, MOTH-BLOTCHES, TAN, &c., and renders the SKIN SOFT, FAIR and BLOOMING. SOLD by all DRUGGISTS.
PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP."
PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP."
For the TOILET, NURSURY and BATH, will not CHAP the SKIN. PHALON & SON, No. 571 Broadway.—*Advt.*

Extraordinary Improvement in Artificial Teeth.
From Watson's Weekly Art Journal.
Dr. M. LEVETT has always ranked among our first dentists, and dentistry owes much to his scientific researches and inventions, but his new invention of Suction Cellular Plate, in combination with a reticulated gold web and rubber base, for artificial teeth, comes nearer to perfection than any we have seen. It is so light as hardly to be a weight in the hand, and at the same time is extremely elastic and strong. By a series of air cells it is held immovable in the mouth, and is so small and compact that it does not interfere with speech or taste. It is in short the lightest, the most cleanly, and the firmest denture that was ever put in the mouth, and consequently we commend it over all others.
No. 27 (late 26) East 20th-st.,
Fifth house from Broadway.
[*Advertisement.*]

Trade Mark for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO. Stamped on base of every article.
Our goods are heavily plated on the finest Nickel Silver, *and we guarantee them in every respect superior to the best Sheffield plate.*
GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
Silversmiths and Manufacturers of Fine Electro-Plate.
Providence, R. I.

The Gorham Ware, *indisputably superior to the finest Sheffield Plate,* for sale at retail, by
STARR & MARCUS,
No. 22 John-st.

Starr & Marcus,
No. 22 John-st., up stairs,
continue to make a specialty of the
GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S SOLID SILVERWARE,
embracing all their NEWEST and CHOICEST PRODUCTIONS in DINNER, TEA and DESSERT SERVICES, with a varied selection of ornamental and useful pieces; also, a very extensive stock of Forks, Spoons and Knives of NOVEL DESIGN and UNSURPASSED FINISH, which to purchasers present the following inducements:
1. The quality guaranteed by (U. S. MINT ASSAY) every piece bearing their trade-mark, thus:
2. Embracing the most decided talent in all their various departments for DESIGNING, MODELING DIE-SINKING, CHASING, ENGRAVING and FINISHING, they produce wares which at once appeal to the most cultivated TASTE for UTILITY, BEAUTY and FINISH.
3. Facilities for manufacturing in LARGE QUANTITIES ONLY THE FINEST GOODS, enabling them to reduce the labor prices to the LOWEST MINIMUM STANDARD.

The Celebrated
GORHAM PLATED WARE.
A full assortment of the freshest patterns *at prices established by the manufacturers.*
ADAMS, PRICE & CO., No. 20 John-st.

A Chemical Fact for the Ladies.
The natural fluid which nourishes and sustains the hair is almost chemically identical with BURNETT'S COCOAINE, a combination of purified and deodorized cocoa-nut oil, with a vegetable stimulant. New-York office, No. 592 Broadway.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 45 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Janes, Kirtland & Co.,
Nos. 10 and 12 Reade-st., corner of Centre.
FOUNTAINS AND GARDEN VASES at wholesale and retail.

Colgate & Co.'s
LAUNDRY SOAP is cut in pieces of ECONOMICAL and convenient size for use. For sale by leading grocers and at the salesrooms of the manufacturers No. 55 John-st.

Every Man his own Mineral Spa.—Each invalid can go to Germany to drink the Seltzer Water, but he can carry a portable Seltzer Spa with him wherever he goes, in the shape of a bottle of TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT, and produce the effervescent duplicate of a glass of the original fluid, in two minutes. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Chickering's, Waters', Bradbury's, Lindeman & Son's, and other first-class new Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons, for rent and rent applied if purchased; or for sale on monthly installments, at WATERS & CO.'S, No. 481 Broadway.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N. Y.

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers of every variety ready made and made to order, at moderate prices, at C. C. RICHMOND'S, No. 573 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

EDGAR—UNDERHILL.—At Yonkers, on Wednesday, May 20, at the residence of the bride's father, **ROBERT EDGAR**, Esq., of this City, to **ELEANOR**, second daughter of Edward Underhill, Esq., of Yonkers.

HALL—NEWMAN.—On Wednesday, May 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. L. R. Stevens, Mr. **THOMAS R. A. HALL** to Miss **JOSEPHINE NEWMAN**. No cards.

OVERTON—BOWROSAN.—On Wednesday, May 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, by J. B. Hardenbergh, D. D., **CHARLES C. OVERTON** to Miss **RACHEL K. BOWROSAN**, both of this City. No cards.

SANDS.—At sea, in the Bay of Bengal, near Calcutta, on Tuesday, Jan. 7, **EDITH**, wife of Mahlon Sands, and daughter of the late Robert B. Minturn.

The funeral service will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, 6th-av. and 20th-st., on Monday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock.

DIED.

ALLEN.—On Sunday, May 24, at 3½ A. M., at the residence of her son-in-law, E. W. Nichols, Brooklyn, L. I., Mrs. **ELIZABETH ALLEN**, in the 82d year of her age, relict of the late Jacob Allen, of Newark, N. J.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from the Second Presbyterian Church, at Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 2 P. M. Trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st., at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages in waiting at the Centre-st. Depot.

BEDELL.—On Sunday morning, May 24, **WILLIAM WORTH**, eldest son of Wm. and Sarah S. Bedell, aged 17 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 319 West 55th-st., on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, for interment.

DE PEYSTER.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1868, Capt. **FREDERIC AUGUSTUS DE PEYSTER**, late Governor of the Sailors' Snug Harbor, Staten Island.

The funeral service will be held at Christ Church, New-Brighton, Staten Island, on Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 1½ P. M. Boat leaves foot of Dey-st. at 12½ P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at New-Brighton landing. The remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

DALLY.—On Friday, May 22, of Bright's disease of the kidneys, **JESTEEN C. RAGUE**, wife of James O. Dally, of this City.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of Holland Lodge No. 8, F. & A. M.; Jerusalem Chapter No. 8; Cœur de Lion Commandery No. 23, F. & A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 335 East 18th-st., at 3 P. M. on Monday, May 25. The remains will be temporarily deposited in the 2d-st. Cemetery.

FREEMAN.—At Hackensack, N. J., suddenly, on Friday evening, May 22, **JOHN FREEMAN**, in the 61st year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family, and of his son-in-law, Richard Stout, Jr., are invited to attend his funeral from the Northwest Reformed Church, Rev. H. D. Ganse, 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on Monday, the 25th inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M.

GORDON.—On Tuesday, May 19, at Delhi, Delaware County, N. Y., **SAMUEL GORDON**, Jr., aged 29 years.

LACEY.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, May 24, **CLARA**, daughter of Fredk. and the late Caroline Lacey, aged 9 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from No. 84 Remsen-st., on Tuesday, the 26th inst., at 9½ o'clock A. M.

LAWRENCE.—At Flushing, L. I., on Thursday, May 21, at the residence of her brother, John W. Lawrence, **ANNA W. LAWRENCE**.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from St. George's Church, Flushing, on Monday, May 25, at 1 o'clock P. M.

MILLER.—At Brooklyn, L. I., on Sunday afternoon, May 24, **ELIZABETH B.**, eldest daughter of Joseph A. and Anne Elizabeth Miller, formerly of Philadelphia.

Notice of the funeral to-morrow.

PECK.—At Utica, N. Y., on Thursday, May 21, **SARAH M. BROWN**, wife of Ralph Peck, in the 21st year of her age.

RAYMOND.—At Plainfield, on Saturday, May 23, **EDWARD MILTON**, son of John and Jennette Raymond, aged 21 years.

Funeral services at 11 o'clock on Wednesday, from his father's residence, Plainfield, N. J. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

TERBELL.—In this City, early on Sabbath morning, May 24, in the 68th year of her age, Mrs. **MARY CAROLINE STOKES**, widow of the late Jeremiah Terbell.

Funeral services on Tuesday at 1 o'clock P. M., from No. 239 East 52d-st.

THORNE.—On Saturday, May 23, **LUCY S.**, only child of G. W. and E. A. Thorne.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence, No. 122 East 28th-st., on Monday, May 25, at 2 P. M.

VAN VORST.—At the residence of her parents, on Saturday, May 23, **MARGARET HILTON**, daughter of Hooper C. and Josephine A. Van Vorst, aged 4 years and 10 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at No. 10 West 49th-st.

ZABRISKIE.—On Sunday, May 24, **SUSAN V. C. ROMEYN**, widow of the late George Zabriskie, in the 79th year of her age.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WOOL, WOOL.
Wanted—To take the entire charge of a large wool commission business, in Chicago, an active man, with good business qualifications, having a thorough knowledge of and experience in the wool trade, and, also, a large and valuable acquaintance with woolen manufactures.
For the right man, this is a rare chance to engage in a well established business, with flattering prospects.
Address, with references, Box No. 5,720 Post-office.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF
PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER SUITES,
AT F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.
Retailing at manufacturers' prices.
All goods warranted.

PURE WATER.
The DIAPHRAGM FILTER, manufactured by ALEXANDER McKENZIE, No. 35 4th-st., is the kind of porous filter to which I alluded in my recent report to the Croton Board. I consider the artificial sandstone, which constitutes the filtering medium, to be an excellent article for the purpose. The instrument is quite durable, and requires to be reversed occasionally to insure its action.
JAMES B. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.
Material sent to the country, and workmen who can apply water usefully with economy. Particular attention paid to the repairs of houses during the absence of families in the country by ALEXANDER McKENZIE & CO., Plumbers and Gasfitters, No. 35 4th-st., New-York.

TO FARMERS AND GARDENERS.
Double refined poudrette, made from night-soil, blood, bones and offal of New-York City, is a fertilizer of extraordinary power, and one needed to force crops to maturity this late season. CHEAPER than any other fertilizer, it will mature a crop TWO WEEKS EARLIER, and increase the yield from one-third to one-half. Price $25 per ton. Apply to the Lodi Manufacturing Company, No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

HIRAM YOUNG & REED,
MANUFACTURERS OF SILVER-PLATED WARE,
No. 8 Maiden-lane.

OXYGEN AND PURE HYDROGEN GAS.—Process Tessie du Motay and Marechal of Metz, France. Licenses for States, counties or towns for sale. Apply to STERN, STEVENS & FRENCH, No. 22 Nassau-st., New-York.

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 50 cents per hundred.

BALLOU'S FRENCH-YOKE SHIRTS, ready made and to order, wholesale and retail, removed from No. 403 to No. 691 Broadway.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, cor. of 23d-st. and Broadway, and get a box of beautiful French Note Paper. Five quires for $1, stamped.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

READY THIS DAY,
"CAMORS,"
FROM THE FRENCH OF "OCTAVE FEUILLET,"
AUTHOR OF
THE ROMANCE OF A "POOR YOUNG MAN."
Says a well-known critic, "I candidly believe that the translators of 'CAMORS' will open to American readers a field entirely new to them and yet teeming with a luxuriance of the richest flowers of romance and philosophy."
Another adds, "No book ever published in America combines equally incisive analysis of character with the thrilling interest of romance. It has the awful tragedy of the ancient Greeks, vailed by the graceful folds of modern French drapery."
12 mo., fine paper, beveled boards, 388 pages. $1 75.
BLELOCK & CO, Publishers,
No. 453 Broome-street, New-York.

AGENTS WANTED.
The new volume of the "ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA," the most important book of the year, is nearly ready. It is a work indispensable to every merchant, mechanic, farmer and professional man. Agents wanted everywhere to canvass for it. Sold only by subscription. No book will pay an experienced or competent agent so well as this. Exclusive territory and liberal terms. Address,
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, New-York.

"GOOD BOOKS."—EDUCATION OF THE Feelings and Affections, by CHARLES BRAY, of London, $1 75; Emphatic Diaglott, containing the original Greek text of the New Testament, $4; Pope's Essay on Man, illustrated, $1; Æsop's Fables, beautifully illustrated, $1; Oratory, or The Extemporaneous Speaker, $1 50; Life in the West, by N. C. MEEKER, $2; Food and Diet, with observations on the Dietetical Regimen, by Dr. PEREIRA, $1 75; New Physiognomy, with over 1,000 illustrations, $5; The Illustrated Phrenological Journal for June, 30 cents.
S. R. WELLS, Publisher,
No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

BOOSEY & CO'S CHEAP MUSICAL PUBLICATIONS.—Complete Oratorios and Masses in full vocal, cores with organ or piano-forte accompaniment, Tutors for all instruments, and "The Musical Cabinet," a complete library of vocal, piano-forte and dance music, in sixty volumes, all 50 cents each. Other important musical works equally cheap. Specimen copies mailed on receipt of price. Catalogue mailed free. Liberal discount to music and book trade.
BOOSEY & CO., No. 644 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

Fisk & Hatch

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 Nassau-street,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES, and give especial attention to the conversion of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES INTO THE NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Holders of the Sixes of 1881, and Five-twenty Bonds of 1862, and May 1, 1865, may now realize a liberal difference by exchanging them for the new 5-20s of 1865-7. We are prepared to make these exchanges upon the most favorable terms.

Deposits received and collections made.

FISK & HATCH. No. 5 Nassau-st.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue letters of credit, for travelers' use, on the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.

ALSO, MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER OF MONEY ON CALIFORNIA, EUROPE AND HAVANA.

WILLIAMS & GUION,
NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
issue circular Letters of Credit through
ALEXR. S. PETRIE & CO., LONDON,
AVAILABLE FOR TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE, &c.

Sterling Exchange at sight and sixty days.
Orders for Stocks, Bonds and Merchandise executed in London, by Cable or mail.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 12 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS.

Make advances on American securities and cash coupons on demand. Bills on the United States or England bought and sold. Circular credits cashed.

Letters for Americans in Europe addressed to our care will be promptly delivered or forwarded.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York.

Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c.
Also, commercial credits.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

NEW-YORK,
NEWFOUNDLAND AND LONDON TELEGRAPH STOCK FOR SALE.
Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.

$1,000 REWARD.

Stolen from my iron safes, between Saturday night, 23d inst., and Sunday morning, 11 A. M., 24th inst., the following:

1 5-20 United States Bond for $1,000, No. 119,901.
1 5-20 United States Bond for $1,000, No. 128,201.
1 5-20 United States Bond for $1,000, No. 139,304.
1 5-20 United States Bond for $1,000, No. 119,010.
1 cluster-diamond ring, 8 stones.
1 cluster-diamond pin, 6 or 7 stones.
1 gold watch and chain.
3 solitaire diamond studs.
$500 in Post-office and Internal Revenue stamps of various denominations up to $5.

ALSO,
25 shares Glen Cove Starch Manufacturing Co.

The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the stolen valuables, or proportionably for any part thereof.

GERARD BETTS, No. 7 Old Slip.
NEW-YORK, May 25, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WARSAW RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, May 14, 1868.

NOTICE TO THE BONDHOLDERS AND shareholders of the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railroad Company of Illinois. You are hereby notified that a meeting of the bondholders and shareholders of this Company will be held in this City on the 15th day of June next at the office of the Company, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, to vote upon the question of the extension of the road from La Harpe to Burlington, Iowa, and from Warsaw to Quincy, Illinois, to connect with the Government bridges at those places, and to authorize the Board to contract for the building of the same, and to issue sinking fund bonds of the Company bearing interest at eight per cent., at the rate of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) per mile upon such extensions or branches for said purpose, or upon any other plan that may be presented you at said meeting for the purpose of raising the necessary funds for building the extensions, and upon any other subject that may be offered for consideration at said meeting.

Per order of the Board.
CHARLES L. FROST, President.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 13, 1868.

AT AN ELECTION FOR MANAGERS, held at this office on TUESDAY, the 12th inst., pursuant to public notice, the following-named gentlemen were duly elected Managers of the Company for the ensuing year, viz.:

CHARLES N. TALBOT,	LE GRAND B. CANNON,
EDWARD J. WOOLSEY,	JAMES R. TAYLOR,
G. TALBOT OLYPHANT,	THOMAS DICKSON,
ABIEL A. LOW,	O. DE F. GRANT,
ROBERT L. KENNEDY,	JOHN JACOB ASTOR,
JAMES M. HALSTED,	THOMAS CORNELL,
W. J. HOPPIN.	

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Managers, held this day, GEORGE TALBOT OLYPHANT, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President.

By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 13, 1868.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, held on the 12th inst., an ordinance was adopted authorizing an increase in the capital stock equal to fifty thousand shares. That increase will be apportioned among such persons as shall be stockholders on the 1st proximo, in the ratio of one new share for every two than held by them.

The first installment will be twenty per cent., and will be due and payable in cash at the office of the Company on the 10th of June proximo. The succeeding installments of ten per cent. each on the 10th of each month thereafter, until and including October.

The transfer books will be closed from the evening of June 1 until the morning of the 10th.

By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CHICAGO, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company who are opposed to a perpetuation of the official term and powers of the present managers, by means of the recent act of the Iowa Legislature, which was secured by the acceptance of conditions onerous and unjust, who believe in the right of shareholders to hold meetings in accordance with the charter and by-laws of the Company, to manage their own property and to elect their own Trustees, and who are in favor of such a change in the administration as may secure to the owners of the property some regular income out of the earnings, are requested to send their proxies for the election to be held at Chicago on the 3d of June next, to either of the undersigned, who will furnish blanks on application.

U. A. MURDOCK, Continental National Bank.
HENRY BLOOD, care Jay Cooke & Co.
D. P. MORGAN, No. 29 William-st.
GEORGE J. FORREST, No. 19 Nassau-st.
WM. H. APPLETON, No. 92 Grand-st.
NEW-YORK, May, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 270 WEST 30TH-ST., NEW-YORK, May 9, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Hudson River Railroad Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 270 West 30th-st., New-York City, on MONDAY, June 8, 1868. Polls will be open from 12 M. until 2 P. M., and as much longer, not beyond the setting of the sun on the same day, as the Inspectors may find necessary to receive the votes of electors presenting themselves. The transfer books will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M. on the 19th day of May, until 9 o'clock A. M. on the 9th day of June.

AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OF CINCINNATI, CINCINNATI, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati, by vote of the shareholders, on the 8th day of April, 1868, and taking effect this day, is closing up its affairs.

The holders of notes, and other creditors of said bank, are requested to present such notes or other claims to the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, organized under the Free Banking Law of Ohio.

CHAS. B. FOOTE, President.
HUGH COLVILLE, Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CINCINNATI, CINCINNATI, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Commercial Bank of Cincinnati, organized under the Free Banking Law of Ohio, has this day purchased all the assets and business of the Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati, now closing its affairs, and under the same management will continue business as heretofore.

Notes and claims against the Commercial National Bank will be paid by this Bank on demand.

CHAS. B. FOOTE, President.
HUGH COLVILLE, Cashier.

OFFICE CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE AND ASHTABULA RAILROAD CO., CLEVELAND, O., May 17, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Cleveland, O., on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 30th inst. until the 11th day of June next.

GEO. B. ELY, Secretary.

PEORIA AND BUREAU VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The holders of the seven per cent. bonds, falling due first August next, are hereby notified that the Treasurer is authorized to exchange the capital stock of the Company at par for such bonds as may be surrendered to him prior to the first day of July next. Accrued interest on the bonds will be allowed to the holder. This Road is under a perpetual lease, and has always paid semi-annual dividends of four per cent. in August and February, besides accumulating a surplus.

C. W. DURANT, Treasurer,
No. 13 William-st., New-York.

CITY OF KEOKUK 8 PER CENT. NEW BONDS.—Interest and principal payable at the Central National Bank, New-York. Total issue only $300,000.

These bonds UNDER GUARANTEES and a THREE-FOLD SECURITY, held by Henry A. Smythe as trustee, may be regarded as amply secured, and a safe first-class investment. A small amount for sale. Apply to

WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.
Central National Bank, New-York.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INS. CO., No. 114 Broadway, NEW-YORK, May 11, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the North American Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 25th day of May inst.

The polls will be open at 12 o'clock, and will close at 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board.

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SHELDEN AND COLUMBIAN COPPER COMPANY OF MICHIGAN, NO. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, May 20, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, will be held at the office of said Company in New-York, on TUESDAY, June 2, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., in accordance with article five of the by-laws.

S. J. EDWARDS, Secretary.

DOUGLASS MINING COMPANY OF MICHIGAN, OFFICE NO. 22 WILLIAM-ST.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, in New-York, on MONDAY, June 1, at 3 o'clock P. M., in accordance with article five of the by-laws.

S. J. EDWARDS, Secretary.
MAY 20, 1868.

FINANCIAL

LETTERS OF CREDIT

For Travelers Abroad.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(The same as an Incorporated Bank,)

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Issue letters of Credit to travelers on JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., Paris, available in all the principal towns and cities in Europe.

Four per cent. Interest allowed on Deposits.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
CORNER OF NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

And execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.

JAY COOKE & CO.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICES No. 135 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, and
No. 151 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

CASH CAPITAL, - - -	$2,000,000 00
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1868,- -	$3,623,896 87
LIABILITIES. - - -	$107,490 55

DESIRING TO DEAL DIRECTLY WITH ITS CUSTOMERS, THIS COMPANY WILL HEREAFTER MAKE A REBATE FROM THE PREMIUM, ON RISKS IN THE CITY, EQUAL TO THE COMMISSION HERETOFORE PAID AS BROKERAGE.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, Pres.
A. F. WILLMARTH, V.-Pres.
D. A. HEALD, 2d V.-Pres.
J. H. WASHBURN, Sec.
GEO. M. LYON, Ass't Sec.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Ass't Sec.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO

FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.

All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, May 23, 1868—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Registered '81....	114½	115	5-20 Coupon, '67..	110⅛	110⅜
Coupon, 1881....	114¾	115	10-40 Registered..	104¾	105
5-20 Regist'd '62..	106⅞	107⅛	10-40 Coupon......	104⅝	105
5-20 Coupon, '62..	110	110¼	Gold..............	139⅝	139⅞
5-20 Coupon, '64..	108⅜	108⅝	June, 7.30........	108⅛	108¼
5-20 Coupon, '65..	108⅜	108⅝	July 7.30.........	108⅛	108¼
5-20 C.'65, JanJuly	110⅜	110½			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

ST. LOUIS 6 PER CENT. BONDS.

Bonds have 20 years to run. Interest payable May 1 and November 1, at THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK. The subscribers' authorized agents for the sale of these bonds offer a limited amount at 85 and accrued interest.

GILMAN, SON & CO.,
No. 47 Exchange-place.
JAMESON, SMITH & COTTING,
Nos. 14 and 16 Wall-st., New-York.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO

BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS, &c.

Buy and Sell all issues of U. S. BONDS at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE 7-30 Notes, May 23, 1868, as follows:

For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $7 86 DIFFERENCE.
For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $1 66 DIFFERENCE ON EACH $1,000.

No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

THE CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY SEVEN PER CENT. CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, SECURED BY A SINKING FUND PAYABLE 1ST NOV., 1900.

The undersigned offers for sale $100,000 of the above-described bonds, which are secured by a mortgage on the franchise and the entire property of the Company to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company Trustees.

The bonds carry interest from the 1st November, 1867.

R. G. ROLSTON, President,
No. 26 Exchange-place.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Green Mountain Gold Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 33 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on the 3d day of June next, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of a Board of Trustees or Directors for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

Per order, GEO. E. AIKEN, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, May 20, 1868.

NOTICE.

BUFFALO AND ERIE RAILROAD CO., BUFFALO, May 20, 1868.

The annual election for thirteen Directors of this Company, and three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held at the Secretary's office, in the City of Buffalo, on TUESDAY, the 23d day of June next.

The polls will be opened at 11 o'clock A. M. and remain open one hour.

The transfer books will be closed on the 8th day of June, and remain closed until after the election.

HENRY L. LANSING, Secretary.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 88 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, May 18, 1868.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST DUE June 1, 1868, on the preferred stock of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company, (reorganized and consolidated,) will be paid, free of Government tax, on and after that date, at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., New-York. The transfer books of the preferred stock will be closed on May 23, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopened on June 4, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of Executive and Finance Committees.
E. D. HAMMOND, Secretary.

NOTICE.—ST. LOUIS, ALTON & TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the bondholders and stockholders of this Company will be held at their office, in the City of St. Louis, on MONDAY, the 1st of June next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the election of thirteen directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business which may be brought before them. The transfer books of the Company will be closed on FRIDAY, the 1st of May next, and will be opened on TUESDAY, the 2d of June.

Dated ST. LOUIS, April, 1868.
By order, H. C. BRYANT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND NEW-YORK RAILROAD COMPANY, SYRACUSE, May 13, 1868.

THE INTEREST DUE JUNE 1, 1868, ON the second mortgage bonds of the Syracuse, Binghampton and New-York Railroad Company will be paid at maturity, at the Continental National Bank, in the City of New-York, on presentation of the coupons.

O. WELCH, Secretary.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, NO. 146 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 16, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THE class of Trustees whose terms expire, &c., will be held, pursuant to the charter, at the office of the Company, as above, on MONDAY, June 1, 1868, at 12 o'clock noon.

J. M. STUART, Secretary.

MENDOTA MINING COMPANY OF LAKE SUPERIOR.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Mendota Mining Company of Lake Superior will be held at the office of the Company, No. 37 Wall-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th of June next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the election of Directors and other business.

CHAS. J. WELLS, Secretary.

THE DEFERRED ANNUAL MEETING of shareholders in the Knowlton Mining Company for the choice of Directors and the transaction of any other legal business, will be held at No. 44 Exchange-place, on SATURDAY, May 30, 1868, at 2 o'clock. By order.

F. W. OAPEN, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders in the National Patent Wood Preserving Company will be held on the FIRST MONDAY of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M., in the office of the Company, No. 68 Broadway.

MAY 18, 1868. J. RICHD. BARRET, President.

FINANCIAL.

TENNESSEE COUPONS,

DUE JULY 1,

WANTED BY

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

NO. 38 WALL-ST.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 18, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stock and Bondholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Chicago, on Thursday, the 4th day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of Saturday, the 2d of May, and reopened on the morning of Monday, the 8th of June.

JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av., and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight. Open daily from 10 to 3. SIX PER CENT interest on $5 to $5,000. Assets, $4,711,998 98.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free of tax, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before June 1, will draw interest from June 1.

R. H. MACLAY, Pres't.
R. H. BULL, Sec'y. S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-Pres't.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, May 15, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared the following dividends, payable at this office on and after the 29th day of June, to the stockholders, as shown by the books of the Company on the 11th day of June next.

Ten per cent. on the preferred stock, payable in preferred stock at par.

Ten per cent. on the common stock, payable in common stock at par.

The transfer books, now closed, will be opened on MONDAY, the 8th, and closed on WEDNESDAY, the 17th, and reopened on MONDAY, the 29th of June next.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

FORTY-SECOND-ST. AND GRAND-ST. FERRY RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 23, 1868.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. HAS been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable on and after 25th inst.

CHARLES CURTISS, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS, 22d May, 1868.

Sealed proposals for each class, separately indorsed, "Proposals for Class No. (name the class,) for the Navy-yard at (name the yard,)" will be received at this office until the 20th June next at 3 o'clock P. M., and the opening of the bids will be commenced at 10 o'clock A. M. on the following Monday, (June 22d,) for furnishing and delivering at the several Navy-yards named, the materials and articles embraced in printed schedules, which, with the form of offer and guarantee, will be furnished on application, and sent by mail, if so requested, to persons desiring to offer to contract for any or all of the classes named therein, by the commandants of the several Navy-yards, for the classes for the yards under their command, or by the Paymaster nearest thereto, or by the Bureau for any or all of the yards.

The printed schedules, with form of offer and guarantee, will be ready for distribution June 1.

To prevent confusion and mistakes in sealing the offers, no bid will be received which contains classes for more than one yard in one envelope; nor any bid which is not perfect and complete in itself according to the forms of offer and guaranty, and each individual of a firm must sign the bid and contract.

Bidders are referred to the printed instructions, which will be furnished with the schedules, and they are hereby cautioned, and particularly notified, that their offers should be made on the printed form prescribed by the Bureau, and be mailed in time to reach their destination before the time expires for receiving them; *no bid will be considered which shall be received after the period stated, and no allowance will be made for failures of the mail.* All offers must be accompanied by the bidder's license, or a certified copy thereof, and the bidder must state distinctly at what Paymaster's office he desires all his bills to be paid.

To guard against offers being opened before the time appointed, bidders are requested to endorse on the envelope above the address, and draw a line under the endorsement, thus:

"*Proposals for Class No. (name the class) for the Navy-Yard at (name the Yard,)*"

"To the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Washington, D. C."

The certificate to the gaurantors' responsibility must be certified to by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the district in which they reside.

The schedule will state the times within which articles will be required to be delivered. If any articles are named in the schedules which are not known to be in common and general use, the bidders will ascertain promptly whether such articles can be procured or not, and if they cannot be obtained, the fact must be reported to the Bureau at once, before bids shall be received.

The sureties must sign the contract, and their responsibility be certified to by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the district in which they reside.

All offers not made in *strict conformity* with the instructions accompanying the schedules will, at the option of the Bureau, be rejected.

The classes of this Bureau are numbered as follows:

Class No. 1, Bricks; No. 2, Stone; No. 3, Yellow Pine Timber; No. 4, Yellow Pine Lumber; No. 5, Oak and Hard Wood; No. 6, White Pine, Spruce, Juniper and Cypress; No. 7, Lime, Hair and Plaster; No. 8, Cement; No. 9, Gravel and Sand; No. 9½, Moulding and Firesand and Fireclay; No. 10, Slate; No. 11, Iron, Iron Spikes and Nails; No. 12, Steel; No. 13, Pig Iron; No. 14, Files; No. 15, Paints, Oils and Glass; No. 16, Ship Chandlery; No. 17, Hardware; No. 18, Stationery; No. 20, Hay and Straw; No. 21, Provender; No. 22, Charcoal; No. 23, Belting, Packing and Hose; No. 24, Sperm and Lubricating Oils; No. 25, Iron Work, Piping, &c.; No. 26, Augers; No. 27, Anthracite Coal; No. 29, Bituminous Cumberland Coal; No. 30, Semi-bituminous Broad-top Coal; No. 31, Copper and Composition Nails; No. 32, Machinery and Tools.

NAVAL ASYLUM.

Class No. 1, Clothing; No. 2, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.; No. 3, Provisions; No. 4, Groceries; No. 5, Dry Goods; No. 6, Bread, &c.; No. 7, Tobacco; No. 8, Coal; No. 9, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.; No. 11, Lumber; No. 12, Firewood; No. 13, Provender; No. 14, Miscellaneous; No. 15, Hardware; No. 16, Stationery.

The following are the classes, by their numbers, required at the respective Navy-yards and Naval Asylum:

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Nos. 6, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 27, 29, 32.

BOSTON.
Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9½, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29, 31, 32.

NEW-YORK.
Nos. 1, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 23, 25, 26, 27, 30.

PHILADELPHIA.
Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 23, 24, 31, 32.

NAVAL ASYLUM.
Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 32.

NORFOLK, VA.
Nos. 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 27, 29.

PENSACOLA.
Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 23, 24.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE ROCK ISLAND RAPIDS OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until 12 M., WEDNESDAY, June 10, 1868, for excavating and removing the rock and other obstructions from the bed of the Mississippi River at the Rock Island or Upper Rapids, by means of coffer-dams and subaqueous blasting or chiseling.

Contractors will be required to furnish all boats, machinery, &c., and to perform all the labor necessary in the prosecution of the work. There are *about* 50,000 cubic yards of rock to be removed, distributed unequally at different points on the rapids, and the work must be done during low or moderate stages of the water, interfering as little as possible with the navigation of the river.

Contractors will state the price per cubic yard at which they propose to do the work, which will be let in sections of such length as the engineer in charge may determine.

Persons proposing to contract are requested to visit the ground before sending in their bids.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal. Each bid must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that the party or parties proposing will enter into contract upon receiving the awardment. Blanks for proposals of the form required, together with form of guarantee, will be furnished at this office on application.

The Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and no bid will be considered unless the party offering it shall give satisfactory evidence that he is trustworthy and has the necessary skill and experience to perform the work.

Proposals will be indorsed "Proposals for removing obstructions at the Rock Island Rapids," and addressed to Brevet Maj.-Gen. J. H. WILSON, U. S. A., Lieut.-Col. 35th Infantry, Davenport, Iowa.

Parties desiring further information can obtain the same by calling at the U. S. Engineer Office, corner of Main and 2d sts., Davenport, Iowa, where maps, plans, specifications and quantities of work will be shown to all who wish to examine them for the purpose of making proposals.

J. H. WILSON, Lieut.-Col. 35th Infantry,
Brevet Major-Gen. U. S. A.
U. S. Engineer Office, Davenport, Iowa, May 18, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Fifteenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm-sts., until WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of June, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for repairing and painting Grammar Schools, Nos. 10, 35, and 47, in said Ward. Specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor. Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Repairs, &c." Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

C. D. BROWN, M. D.,
H. A. TAILER,
OTIS D. SWAN,
J. D. OLIVER,
EDWARD SCHELL,
Board of Trustees, Fifteenth Ward.
Dated MAY 19, 1868.

ARMY BUILDINGS, COR. GREENE AND HOUSTON STS., NEW-YORK, May 22, 1868.

PROPOSALS (IN DUPLICATE) WILL be received by the undersigned, until 10 A. M., MONDAY, 25th inst., for—

500 barrels PORK—MESS or PRIME MESS—of the new crop, Western packed, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels, with two iron hoops.

1,000 barrels first quality kiln-dried CORN MEAL. The brands and place of manufacture to be stated in the bids.

The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., same as stated in previous advertisements from this office.

C. L. KILBURN,
Bvt. Brig.-Gen. and A. C. G. S.

SHOW CASES OLD AND NEW OF ALL descriptions sold at the lowest prices by HOFFMAN AMERSCH, No. 148 Chatham-st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 25th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of DAVID J. NEVIN, of the City and County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 23, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN DAVIS, Jr., of the City, County and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 23, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN HENRY HAM, of the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, and State of New-York, who has carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 23, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 19th day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ASHER FRANK, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 23, 1868.

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, ss.:—In bankruptcy.—By virtue of the power and authority given by the District Court of said district, the subscriber will sell at public auction on the 8th day of June, 1868, at 10 A. M., upon the front steps of the Court-House, in Rochester, New-York, all the right, title and interest of WILLIAM W. CARR, a bankrupt, in and to the following described property, to wit: A claim against Samuel P. Ely and George H. Ely, held by J. C. Stone & Co., note given 1856, for $3,700; Hucim Peet's note given J. C. Stone & Co., in 185–, for $160; judgment against one Williams, of New-York, in favor of J. C. Stone & Co., about $800; judgment against one Church, in favor of J. C. Stone & Co., for about $600; note given J. C. Stone & Co., by one Dougherty, for about $1,000; note given said firm by Chicago residents, names unknown, for about $3,700; account against one Geary in favor of said firm, about $400; claim against William Rankin, in favor of bankrupt alone, about $175; also in fifteen shares of Western Union Telegraph Stock and in a policy of insurance for $2,000, in Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, both held by David Dows & Co., of New-York.—Dated Rochester, May 21, 1868.

DE L. CRITTENDEN,
as Assignee of
WILLIAM W. CARR, a Bankrupt.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen.—In the matter of SIMON SCHWAB, a bankrupt.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York the 19th day of May, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Simon Schwab, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my25-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SOLOMON MELA, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Solomon Mela, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 11th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., (corner of Nassau,) Rooms 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 9th day of May, 1868.
my11-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THEODORE DE WITT, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Theodore De Witt, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 2d day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 9th day of May, 1868.
my11-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DAVID W. CANFIELD and HALSTED P. FOWLER, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by David W. Canfield and Halsted P. Fowler, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of June, 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 9th day of May, 1868.
my11-1aw3wM GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
F. C. BOWMAN, Attorney, No. 7 Beekman-st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THOMAS McSPEDON, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Thomas McSpedon, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 9th day of May, 1868.
JAMES DAVIS, Assignee,
my10-1a3wwSu* No. 30 Pine-st., Room No. 14.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern district of New-York.—In the matter of SEAMAN FIELD, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Seamen Field, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 1st day of May, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN P. SON, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of John P. Son, of New-York City, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated at New-York City, May 8, 1868.
FRANCIS C. BOWMAN, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM No. 7 Beekman-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANDREW W. FISH, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Andrew W. Fish, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ANDREW D. MELICK, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Andrew D. Melick, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 1st day of May, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WALTER S. SPARKS, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Walter S. Sparks, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.

Dated at the City of New-York, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EDWARD McGILL, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Edward McGill, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.

Dated at the City of New-York the 18th day of May, A. D. 1868.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL G. WILKIN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Samuel G. Wilkin, of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, in the State of New-York, who has carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the time of filing his petition herein in the City, County and State of New-York, within said district, and who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the said District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN W. EASTON, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Nathan W. Easton, of New-York City, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York City, May 8, 1868.
FRANCIS C. BOWMAN, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM No. 7 Beekman-st., New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 2d day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of BERNHARD RUDOLPH, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 23, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN C. RAHMING, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by John C. Rahming, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 23d day of June, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of May, 1868.

my25-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALEXANDER FREAR, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, by Alexander Frear, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 19th day of June, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on 20th day of May, 1868.

m25-1aw-3wM* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JABEZ HARRIS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Jabez Harris, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 23d day of June, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of May, 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

my25-1aw3wM*

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN F. ORCUTT, a bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by John F. Orcutt, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 16th day of June, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of May, 1868.

my25-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES E. STEVENSON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by James E. Stevenson, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 19th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of May, 1868.

my25-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES W. WOODHULL, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt, having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 18th day of June, A. D., 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, May 23, A. D. 1868.

my25-1aw3wM* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 940.—IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ELIAS L. ALLEN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Elias L. Allen, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt on his own petition, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act and that the 9th day of June, A. D., 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated at the City of New-York, on the 15th day of May, A. D., 1868. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
S. C. MOUNT, Attorney for petitioner, No. 117 Nassau-st., New-York City. my18-1aw3wM*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL SCHUSTER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court—Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers, of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his Office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

Dated New-York, 16th day of May, A. D. 1868.
my18-1aw3wM* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 1,091.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES J. RICHARDS and JAMES A. FLEURY, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles J. Richards and James A. Fleury, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 371.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AUGUSTUS SEARL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Augustus Searl, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868.
JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE A. DE LOYNES, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George A. De Loynes, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated New-York, the 4th day of May, A. D., 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,057.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ANDREW KUNZLER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.:—At the City of New-York, the 6th day of May, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Andrew Kunzler, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my11-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,290.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. RUSSELL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaac T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William H. Russell, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HERMAN BAETJER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Herman Baetjer, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.—Dated at the City of New-York the 18th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DANIEL L. GRIFFITH, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Daniel L. Griffith, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM WILSON, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William Wilson, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.—Dated at the City of New-York, the 14th day of May, A. D., 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
my18-1aw3wM* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES M. SIMPSON, bankrupt.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 20th day of May, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles M. Simpson, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my21-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 25th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SIGMUND LICHTENSTADTER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM M. LEAKE, of the City, County and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 15th day of May, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ELIAS BACH, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MAY 25, 1868.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM W. TRACY, JAMES WILLSON, THOMAS J. STRONG, and JOSEPH U. ORVIS, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of the creditors of each of said bankrupts, will be held on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the Act of Congress, entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867.—Dated New-York, May 21, 1868.

BENJAMIN Y. PIPPEY,
WILLIAM . WILSON,
JOHN BYERS,
Assignees.
my25-1aw2wM*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSHUA B. HYDE, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt, having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, to appear on the eighteenth day of June, A. D., 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at chambers of the said District Court, before ISAAC DAYTON, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. Dated New-York, May, 23, A. D., 1868.

my521aw3wM GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of COTTON W. BEAN and WILLIAM WILSON, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupts having applied to the Court for a discharge from their debts, and each of them having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupts should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts, and to each of them.—Dated New-York, May 23, 1868.

my25-1aw3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GUSTAV ZERWECK, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Gustav Zerweck, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
my25-1aw3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN Protestant woman as lady's maid and seamstress or nurse; can cut and fit and dress hair, &c., or would teach children German and would travel; City or country; good references. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking, creams, pastries, jellies, meats and soups; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit; has no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 31 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG lady a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit, and is willing to assist in the chamberwork; is willing and obliging; the best of City and country reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 113 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to take care of children and do upstairs work; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; has the best City reference. Call at No. 30 7th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as first-class waitress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing; is willing and obliging; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 21 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART CAPABLE girl to do cooking or general housework; is neat, economical and respectful; an excellent washer and ironer, and highly recommended. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AMERICAN girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and nursing; good City reference. Can be seen at present employer's, for two days, No. 206 West 29th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV., 25th-st., situations for a large number recommended excellent cooks, laundresses, ladies' maids, nurses, cooks, washers and ironers, houseworkers, girls of all nations, for City and country.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS lady's maid and seamstress; is a first-class hairdresser; would like to go traveling for the Summer; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 267 West 19th-st., on Monday.

WANTED.—A LADY DESIRES TO FIND A situation as nurse for a reliable Protestant woman, who has lived with her for ten years, and is capable of taking entire charge of a baby from its birth. Apply for two days at No. 35 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business; can give good City reference; would prefer the City if suited. Call Monday and Tuesday at No. 139 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class cook; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing, or go in the country. Call at No. 406 9th-av., near 35th-st., second floor, front.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW woman, to get the washing of a few more ladies and gentlemen at her own house; has no objection to go out by the day. The best City reference. Call, all the week, at No. 344 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as child's nurse; good reference can be given. Can be seen at No. 261 West 35th-st., near 8th-av., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH LAUNDRESS, with excellent City reference, a situation in the City or country; does up linen in style, fluting and finery; or as thorough chambermaid, and do fine washing; wages $14. Call at No. 3–3 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS GIRL A SITUATION to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; is fully competent for either situation, and will go to the country if required. Call at No. 1,288 Broadway, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid or waitress, plain sewer or taking care of children; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 341 East 34th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as nurse and seamstress; City or country; good reference. Call at No. 48 East 30th-st., between the hours of 9 and 3, Monday.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS and chambermaid or plain sewer, by a Protestant girl thoroughly competent. Apply at present employer's, No. 144 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and first-class waitress, in the City or country; best of reference. No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as nurse and seamstress; understands her business thoroughly, and is well recommended by former employers. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class laundress; is thoroughly competent and well recommended. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A TAILORESS, WORK IN families to cut and make boys' clothes; also ladies' polonaise and walking dresses. Address or call at No. 151 East 58th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERMAN girl to do general housework. No. 8 Eldridge-st., between Canal and Division sts., basement.

TO EMPLOYERS OF FIRST-CLASS female help in City and country.—Please notice they can be supplied with first-class girls of all nations and professions, in each and every station of household work, as housekeepers, family seamstresses, nurses, linen and store-room women, pantry, cleaning and kitchen girls, smart chambermaids and waitresses, competent laundresses, first-class cooks and bakers, invalid nurses, good plain cooks, washers and ironers, lady's maids to travel, and smart girls for general housework; Protestants and others, with good references; will be found willing and obliging; private families, hotels, first-class boarding houses, watering places and summer resorts, can be supplied without delay by favoring us with a call at Mrs. WESLEY'S Select Employment Agency, No. 107 4th-av., near 12th-st., first floor, up stairs.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 404 6TH-AV., NEAR 25TH-ST.—A Scotch meat and pastry cook, a Protestant infant's nurse and seamstress, laundresses, chambermaids and houseworkers for country; also, colored help. Families and Summer houses supplied.

SERVANTS.—THE NEW-YORK EMPLOYMENT Agency, No. 1,288 Broadway, near 34th-st., is the largest and best in the City for obtaining first-class male and female help.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as first-class laundress; has a daughter 18 years old who would go as parlor-maid and assist in the pantry, or chamberwork, or take care of children; City or country; the best of City references. Call at No. 40 Bond-st., their present employer's, Monday and Tuesday.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation in a small private family; is a good plain cook and an excellent washer and ironer; best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 220 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as nurse; has taken care of children for the past nine years; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 9 Patchin-place, West 10th-st., between 6th and Greenwich avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl to take care of children and do chamberwork and waiting; is a good plain sewer and willing to go in the country; has good reference; can be seen at her parents, No. 292 10th-av., between 28th and 29th sts., for two days; first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH Protestant woman, a situation as good family cook; good baker; understands the care of butter and milk; country or City; good references. No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT widow woman, a situation as good plain cook, washer and ironer; can make good good bread, and will do general housework; City or country; best of reference. No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as nurse and to do light chamberwork, or as nurse and plain sewer; best City reference. Call on Monday at No. 344 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NICE, TIDY and respectable girl to take care of children; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at No. 161 Perry-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as children's nurse; understands taking care of a baby; has seven years' reference. Can be seen at No. 224 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT woman, a situation in a religious family as seamstress and to make herself generally useful; City reference given. Apply at No. 490 2d-av., second floor.

MALES.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a single young man in City or country; thoroughly understands the care and treatment of horses, harness and carriages; understands gardening; 15 years' experience; is honest, sober, faithful, industrious, careful City driver; the best of City reference. Address G. M., Box No. 198 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom and coachman; his testimonials as to character and capability will be found most satisfactory; is a celebrated trainer of every class of young colts, which his reference will attest. Address J. C., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a very competent young man; sober, industrious and respectful; has long experience; has the very best reference, both City and country. Can be seen or address D. S., coachman, private stable, No. 18 East 27th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a steady young man; has good City reference; wishes to go in the country with a private family; will make himself generally useful. Address E., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SOBER STEADY PROTESTANT man a situation as coachman and gardener or farmer, or to make himself useful; good careful driver, and understands the care of stock, &c. Good references at No. 329 4th-av. near 25th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY a single young man; is thoroughly experienced in grooming and driving horses; is willing to make himself useful; can do gardening; is highly recommended by last employer. Address H, Box No. 211 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single, sober man; thoroughly understands his business; City or country; will be found willing and obliging; good City reference from his last employer. Address J. B. L., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GERMAN coachman, who understands the care and management of horses, harness, carriages, &c., a situation; can milk, and is willing to assist in the vegetable garden; wages moderate. Address F. O., Box 159 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; would assist in house or garden if required; is recommended as a superior driver from his last employer. Address W. C., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; is a good driver; can also assist in gardening work and make himself generally useful; good references given. Address, for two days, R. MILLER, Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, TO GET A situation for his coachman, who is a first-class man, understands care of horses and all connected with them. Call or address M. C., at Coleman's saddlery store, No. 1,252 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a first-class man; the best of City reference from his last employer. Call at WRIGHT'S saddlery, No. 305 4th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS GARDENER, groom, driver, &c., (single, Protestant)—a situation; good reference given. Call on or address GARDENER, No. 63 New-Bowery, New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a colored single man who understands the business; has no objection to the country; can give good reference. Address B. W. L., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A private family; the applicant is young, willing and efficient; first class City references given. Apply at Mrs. SANDER'S Office, No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman and groom; would assist in small garden; can milk; has good reference. Address T. T., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MAN EMPLOYMENT; he perfectly understands the breaking and training of young colts. Call or address H. M., No. 23 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, INDUSTRIOUS man, a situation as watchman; understands engines and boilers; reference given. Address DAVID DAVIS, No. 14 Lewis-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a thoroughly competent man with the best City reference. Address THOMAS, Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman. Apply at R. CAMPBELL'S, for M. W., No. 50 4th-av., for one week.

CARPET OR UPHOLSTERY SALESMAN.—Wanted, by a young man, a situation in either of the above departments, with upward of ten years' experience in the trade; can furnish first-class references. Address E. C., No. 281 Hudson-st.

HARDWARE.—WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN of considerable experience a situation in the wholesale trade; first-class testimonials. Address Z. Y., No. 281 Hudson-st.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS

ON DEMANDE—UNE FEMME DE CHAMBRE Française, qui veut retourner en Europe. S'adresser Clarendon Hotel, entre neuf heure et Midi, Lundi et Mardi, matin-chambre No. 88.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED! AGENTS!

To sell John S. C. Abbott's LIFE OF GEN. GRANT.

This work contains a fine steel engraving of the father and mother of the General, and is otherwise very handsomely illustrated. The best selling work in the market; price suited to the times. B. B. RUSSELL, Publisher, No. 55 Cornhill, Boston.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A LARGE NUMBER of first-class competent girls with good references; American, English, Welsh, Scotch, German, French, Irish, Protestant and others, in each and every station of household work; housekeepers, family seamstresses and nurses, ladies' maids to travel, competent chambermaids and waitresses, laundresses, first-class cooks and bakers, linen and store-room women, pantry, cleaning and kitchen girls, good plain cooks, washers and ironers, and smart girls for general housework; girls notice they can be supplied with good situations and highest wages in City and country without delay at Mrs. WESLEY'S Select Employment Agency, No. 107 4th-av., near 12th-st., first floor, up stairs.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS TO GO a short distance in the country; one as good plain cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; the other as waitress and laundress; they must bring good reference from their last employer. Apply for two days at No. 106 East 37th-st., near Park-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK; ONE WHO understands baking, is willing to go to the country and can bring good references from her last place. Apply at No. 32 Lafayette-place on Monday, between 9 and 11 o'clock A. M.

BOY WANTED IN A LAW OFFICE.—Wages $4 a week. Address in applicant's handwriting, (stating age and residence,) Box No. 1,836, New-York Post Office.

WANTED—50 CARPET SEWERS. NONE BUT experienced hands need apply to

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.
Entrance on 9th-st.

WANTED—A GOOD ENGLISH PROTESTANT nurse for a child; must have no objection to country or to travel; unexceptionable references required. Address A. C., Box No. 86 Post Office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT laundress to go to Newport. Apply this day at Mrs. SANDERS' office, No. 45 3d-av., before 11 o'clock.

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID, WHO WILL assist with the washing; Protestant preferred. Call between 9 and 10 A. M. at No. 25 East 22d-st.

FIRST-CLASS MILLINERS AND TRIMMERS for ladies' hats wanted immediately; highest wages paid. Inquire at Nos. 31 and 31½ Division-st.

$10 A DAY FOR ALL—STENCIL TOOL SAMPLES free. Add's A. J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vt.

HOTELS.

MOUNT MANSFIELD HOTEL,
STOWE, VT.

This elegant hotel, with ample accommodations for 400 guests, is now open for their reception. It is completely furnished throughout with every convenience and luxury for the comfort and pleasure of its guests, to which are added a large livery stable of fine horses, billiard-tables, bowling-alleys, café, &c. Its situation, in a beautiful village at the foot of Mount Mansfield, the noblest mountain in New-England, is one of the most delightful that can be found, combining, as it does, splendid scenery with walks and drives unequaled. The route is via Vermont Central Railroad, leaving cars at Waterbury Station. Full information cheerfully given by W. H. H. BINGHAM, President Mount Mansfield Hotel Company. Post Office address, Stowe, Vt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL FOR THE EXclusively operative treatment of hernia, hemorrhoids, fistula, stricture, varicocele, cataract, and deformities of the face and eyes, under the exclusive control of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D. During the past twenty years more than 5,000 cases have been treated, most of them successfully. It is the invariable rule to pronounce a case curable or otherwise at the first examination. The best accommodations are provided. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at Dr. D.'s residence, No. 42 5th-av.

SHIPPING.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:

MANHATTAN, COLORADO,
MINNESOTA, NEVADA, } Building.
NEBRASKA, IDAHO.
MANHATTAN........WEDNESDAY, May 27
MINNESOTA........WEDNESDAY, June 10
COLORADO........WEDNESDAY, June 24
NEBRASKA........WEDNESDAY, July 1

From Pier No. 46 North River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.

Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.
MALTA........May 28
TRIPOLI........June 4

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK:
Cabin........$80 Gold.
Steerage........$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.

For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.

For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. E. CUNARD.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
RUSSIA leaves........WEDNESDAY, May 27
SCOTIA leaves........WEDNESDAY, June 3
JAVA leaves........WEDNESDAY, June 10
CHINA leaves........WEDNESDAY, June 17
CUBA leaves........WEDNESDAY, June 24
AUSTRALASIAN leaves........WEDNESDAY, July 1
Chief cabin passage........$130
Second cabin passage........80
TO PARIS.
Chief cabin passage........145
Payable in gold.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

EUROPE........LEMARIE....SATURDAY, May 30
ST. LAURENT....BOCANDE....SATURDAY, June 13
NAPOLEON III....CARBY....SATURDAY, June 27
VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT....SATURDAY, July 11

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.

American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.—The Inman Line, under contract with the United States and British Governments for carrying the Mails, intend dispatching their steamers as follows:

CITY OF LONDON........SATURDAY, May 30
ETNA (via Halifax)........MONDAY, June 1
CITY OF BALTIMORE........SATURDAY, June 6
CITY OF BOSTON........SATURDAY, June 13
CITY OF CORK (via Halifax)....MONDAY, June 15
CITY OF ANTWERP........SATURDAY, June 20

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate MONDAY, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.
Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE,
favorite Clyde-built passenger Steamers, sail every SATURDAY from Pier No. 20, North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

HIBERNIA	May 30	COLUMBIA	June 20
EUROPA	June 6	CALEDONIA	June 27
IOWA	June 13	BRITANNIA	July 4

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $16 .
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; Intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York, to HENDERSON BROTHERS.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.

THE STEAMSHIP PENNSYLVANIA, CUTTING, will leave SATURDAY, May 30, at 12 M., from Pier No. 47 North River.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM DIRECT TO BREMEN.

The elegant first-class steamship
QUAKER CITY, C. WOLF, Commander,
will sail for Bremen direct on SATURDAY, May 30, from Pier No. 13 North River.
Rates of passage: First cabin, $90; second cabin, $60; steerage, $28—gold. For passage apply to
LEXOW & VOIGT, Agents.
No. 2 New-Chambers-st.
Or on the pier to CHAS. BUSHOR.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO GERMANY.—The famous first-class steamship QUAKER CITY, Capt. C. WOLF, will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for Bremen direct, SATURDAY, May 30.
Rates of Passage.—First Cabin, $90; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $28; gold. Apply for freight to RUGER BROS., No. 103 Pearl-st., New-York.
For passage to A. ADLER, 138 Court-st., Brooklyn, and V. PRECHT, General Agent, 40 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, July 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

NEW-YORK AND MEXICAN MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.
SAILING EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
NEVADA, Capt. W. MEGILL.
VIRGO, Capt. J. DEAKEN.
The NEVADA will leave Pier No. 17, East River, on WEDNESDAY, June 3, at 10 A. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS.
No. 44 Beaver-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, May 28.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. ADAMS, June 4.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, June 11.
All letters must pass through the Post Office.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. R. HARTSON, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, on THURSDAY, June 18, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
For engagements of freight or passage apply to
GEO. R. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR MOBILE.

FERNANDINA AND THE GULF PORTS.
The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch
The first-class steamship
FLAG, Capt. BAXTER,
for Fernandina, on SATURDAY, May 23, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting at Cedar Keys, via Florida Railroad, with the fine steamship MARY, for MOBILE.
Cargo delivered, without lighterage, at Mobile in one week.
Insurance guaranteed at 1½ per cent.
Bills lading furnished and goods forwarded free of commissions to all points on line of Mobile and Ohio Railroad.
Also, through passage-tickets and bills lading issued in connection with railroads in Florida to all places in the interior, and with steamers to points on the St. John's River.
Insurance to Fernandina, 1 per cent.
Superior passenger accommodations. Apply to
I. K. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 174 Chambers-st.
Mobile agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT and RICHMOND.
New and elegant side-wheel steamships
ISAAC BELL, HATTERAS, ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA and NIAGARA.
One of the above first-class ships will be dispatched every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, connecting with the Seaboard Inland Air-Line, Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line, South-Side and Petersburg Railroads, and Richmond and Danville and Virginia Central Railroads, taking freight and granting through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest.
Bills of lading signed on the pier up to the hour of sailing. For freight or passage, having elegant stateroom accommodations, apply to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner Dey-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE.—Cabin passage, $15. Measurement goods 10c. per foot, and lower than by any other line. The A1 fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA, CROWELL, Commander, will sail on SATURDAY, May 30, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Bills of lading signed for all points in the interior. Agents in Charleston, RAVENEL & CO., forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
The MATANZAS will sail on the following Saturday.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

RATES OF PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED AND AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
FOUR TIMES A MONTH,
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
JUNE 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. PARKER.
Steamer leaving July 9 connects closely with steamer JAPAN, leaving San Francisco Aug. 3 for China and Japan.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH,
or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., at noon.
JUNE 5—Steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with new steamship OREGONIAN.
JUNE 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.

These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA, VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to New-Zealand and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 9th and 16th of each month. First and second-class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $364 for first-class, and $218 to $243 for second-class, payable in United States gold coin.
Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.
Arrangements are completed for the carriage of a limited quantity of merchandise on through bills of lading; freight payable here.
For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent.
No. 23 William-st., New-York.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN FREIGHT, TO CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

90 cents per cubic foot, 1¾ cents per lb.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer ARIZONA sails on MONDAY, June 1, at noon.
Her freight reaches San Francisco about 12 days in advance of shipments by North American Steamship Company's departure of June 5.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:
CORTES........WHITMAN SATURDAY, May 30.
GEO. CROMWELL....VAILL....SATURDAY, June 6.
MARIPOSA........KEMBLE...SATURDAY, June 13.
GEO. WASHINGTON.GAGER....SATURDAY, June 20.
Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For passage or freight apply to the agents,
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR BERMUDA.

The first-class steamship
COMMANDER, PLUMMER, Master,
will be dispatched from Pier No. 13 North River, on TUESDAY, May 26, at 3 P. M.
For passage, having superior accommodations, or freight, apply to
THOMAS J. OUTERBRIDGE & BRO.,
No. 112 Front-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., for Greenport and all way-stations except Willow Tree, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Northport passenger trains and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
3 P. M. Express train for Riverhead, and for Greenport SATURDAYS only.
4 P. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Hempstead and Glen Cove.
5:30 P. M., North Islip passenger train and all way-stations.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point for Northport at 9:30 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 5:05 P. M. To take effect April 25, 1868.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.

On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburg and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.
Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburg, Penn."
J. B. MONTGOMERY,
Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
7:30 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburgh, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South. By this train sleeping coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Rutherford Park, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York; also, at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, May 11, 1868, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North. Drawing-room Cars from New-York to Rochester, connecting with Sleeping-cars for West, via either North or South Shore Line.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
11:30 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. Drawing-room cars attached at Albany.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:15 and 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:32 and 6:32 P. M. The 5:15 freight and 1:22, 4:22 and 5:32 P. M. passenger run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

MARBLE MANTELS.

THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,

Manufacturers of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
BILLIARD TABLE BEDS,
PLUMBERS' SLABS,
Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds.
MARBLEIZED SLABS
for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c.
Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.
ELEAZER JONES, Manager,
Middle Granville, N. Y.,
Warehouse and Show Rooms,
No. 40 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels, of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTLES FROM our own quarries. Hudson River Slate Company, No. 25 Park-row, New-York.

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS—Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th st

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A THREE OR FOUR STORY HIGH-stoop good house, with improvements, in good location; price moderate. Address Box No. 2,133 Post Office, with description and price.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

On 5th-av., near 8th-st., house and lot in fee, about 26½x100, $80,000.
ALSO FOR SALE
On 5th-av., below 14th-st., house and lot, with extra lot and stable, $125,000.
ALSO FOR SALE
On 5th-av., near 22d-st., house and lot, 26x120, $115,000.
ALSO FOR SALE
On 5th-av., a large corner below 40th-st.
ALSO FOR SALE
Several first-class residences on 5th-av.
AND TO LEASE
On 5th-av., below 14th-st., about 90 feet front—10 years for business purposes. Rent, $30,000 per annum.
ALSO TO LEASE FOR 21 YEARS,
A first-class business corner on 5th-av., near Fifth Avenue Hotel, about 24x100.
Apply to HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

FINE BUILDING LOTS.

For sale, a single vacant lot on 40th-st., north side, 120 feet west of Madison-av., 25x100, $16,000.
ALSO,
For sale, a full size lot on 45th-st., north side, 250 feet east of 5th-av., at $15,000.
ALSO,
For sale, the northeast corner of 11th-av. and 58th-st., 100x100. Price $20,000.
Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON WEST 23D-ST., NEAR PIKE'S Opera House, a large and elegant house, with ground running through to 24th-st., 25x198.9. Price $75,000.
ALSO, FOR SALE,
On 8th-av., near Pike's Opera House, a large property, finely located, about 49x83 feet, at $50,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

MANSION AND TWELVE LOTS OF ground, running from 131st to 132d-st., lying between the Harlem River and the "Southern Boulevard," to let furnished, for sale, or will be exchanged for City property. LEWIS B. or FRANK G. BROWN, No. 58 Broadway.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR SALE on 13th-st., two doors from 5th-av.—An elegantly furnished three-story brick house, with high stoop, also with brown-stone trimmings, basement, sub-cellar and attic, all in thorough repair; will be sold cheap. Inquire of GIDEON DAVENPORT, No. 119 Nassau-st., Room No. 4.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—A first-class brown-stone house on 30th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, completely furnished, with or without the furniture; ready for immediate occupation. For permits apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

HARLEM—FOR SALE ON 124TH-ST., NEAR 6th-av. Boulevard, a new three-story high stoop brick house, finely and completely built by day's work; all modern improvements; splendid neighborhood. WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT BROWN-STONE house in 42d-st., near 5th-av.; four story, high stoop; 22x60x¾ block; to be sold on account of owner's removal to the country. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR 6TH-AV., three-story brown house, in fine order, 20x50; lot 100; rents for $2,500; can be had cheap.
WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN WEST 21ST-ST.—A four-story house of brown stone, with high stoop, between 6th and 7th avs., for sale; in good order, and title perfect. Address G., Box No. 751 Post Office.

EIGHTH-AV.—FOR SALE, TWO LOTS EAST side of 8th-av., between 129th and 130th sts., fifty feet north of 129th-st. Apply at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, THREE-STORY high-basement house on Washington-av., Brooklyn, modern improvements, in prime order and immediate possession. Price $8,500. W. H. WELLS, No. 41 Liberty-st., second floor.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

ON THE BANKS OF THE HUDSON— FOR SALE—One of the most desirable situations on the Hudson, comprising 20 acres.
It has a beautiful river and land view, the latter extending from the Highlands to the Catskill Mountains.
It is located on high ground and in a first-class neighborhood, and within one mile of the depot at New-Hamburgh.
It is tastefully laid out, has plenty of shade trees, and a long and beautiful drive from the main entrance, and convenient access from side entrance. A new and large stable has recently been erected on the premises. Persons desiring a country residence will do well to examine this property. Apply to
DARIUS R. MANGAM,
Pres. National Trust Co., No. 326 Broadway.

CHEAP RENTS.—EVERY ONE DESIRING to reap some permanent benefit from money paid for house room, should go at once and examine the property I offer for sale in the First and Second Wards of Elizabeth, N. J., called Elizabethport, on such easy terms that almost any one can secure a home; new houses on full lots from $1,400 upward; also, good lots at $200 and upward; payments monthly, quarterly or yearly, to suit purchasers; twenty-two trains each way, also boat; only forty minutes by cars from Liberty-st., North River; commutation tickets $50 per year, sixteen cents daily; excursion tickets forty-five cents. Full particulars given at my offices, No. 51 Cedar-st., New-York, or 2d-st., near Broadway, Elizabethport.
E. R. KELLOGG, Executor.

FOR SALE—A NEAT COTTAGE IN NEW-Jersey, ten rooms, in perfect order, good neighborhood, healthy and eligible situation, within one hour of the ferries, and on the line of the Paterson and Newark Railroad, soon to be completed, which will reduce that time to 35 minutes. The grounds are one acre and one-fifth in extent, and are stocked with choice fruits, large and small; fine shade and ornamental trees, and are handsomely laid out. Small stable, &c. For further particulars apply to H. J. WINSER, New-York *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—NEAR SING SING—A HANDSOME place of nearly 40 acres; the house is finely located in full view of the river, and standing on high ground is cool and remarkably healthy; it is completely furnished in every department; has a bath-room, laundry and hot and cold water in unfailing abundance; there is a farmer's cottage, ample stable room, and other outhouses; a fine piece of woods, a large garden and fruits of all kinds, &c., &c. Apply to F. W. WORTH, No. 46 Broad-st., second floor, front.

A FINE FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT for sale, 1½ hours from New-York by the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, on the Raritan, 145 acres excellent land, sloping to the south. The improvements on the property are a mansion, with 13 rooms in fine order; new farm-house, green-house, stables, carriage-house, barns, &c.; very fine garden, well stocked with small fruits; grounds in good order, with plenty of shade; only one mile from depot; fine drives and healthy location. Apply to A. D. HOPE, No. 103 Liberty-st.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT DOBBS' FERRY FOR SALE.—A first-class frame house, filled in, 14 rooms, gas and water throughout, billiard room, conservatory, &c.; two acres of ground tastefully laid out in lawn and garden; fine fruit, shade and ornamental trees, excellent kitchen garden, &c.; good stable for four horses; very fine views up and down the river. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or to JOHN B. KITCHEN, at Duncan, Sherman & C.'s.

ORANGE, N. J.—ON SLOPE OF MOUNTAIN, sites of 4 to 30 acres; orchard and woodland; magnificent views, surrounded by handsome residences, on Northfield-road and Mountain-av.; one mile from station; one hour from New-York; also, sites on top of mountain, adjoining Gen. McClellan and Dr. Marcy. Apply to BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, or A. P. PILLOT, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE BRICK HOUSE IN THE town of Washington, New-Jersey, 40 miles from New-York, 5 miles south of New-Brunswick, and 2 miles from South River Station, by Camden and Amboy Line. For particulars inquire of WM. B. HODGSDON, No. 167 Broadway, N. Y., at Fireman's Fund Insurance Company.

FOR SALE—ON FORT HILL, STATEN ISLAND, 25 minutes from the City, an elegant house, with about half an acre of land; house two stories and French roof, built in the best manner and of the best materials, with modern improvements: fine and extensive view upon all sides.
Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—210 acres, with mansion and farm-houses, barns, and all necessary outbuildings, situate about two miles from Williams bridge; fine view of Long Island Sound. Apply at No. 170 William-st. No agents need apply.

A CHOICE FARM FOR SALE, OR might be exchanged for Brooklyn or City property; 63 acres; large and excellent buildings and fruits; fine scenery; near depot and village; 35 miles from New-York, in Rockland County.
W. H. MELICK, No. 421 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

NORTHERN NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—A superior farm, 130 acres; large fine house and outbuildings; 20 acres timber, 11 to fruit; $16,000, or exchange for place at or near Paterson or Passaic. W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

LONG BRANCH.—FOR SALE, FURNISHED or unfurnished, upon the seaside, below the Stetson Hotel, a handsome residence, with 2½ acres of ground, ready for occupancy at once. Apply to LEWIS B. or FRANK G. BROWN, No. 85 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J., within one mile of depot; house 16 rooms, furnished, if desired, and about 6 acres of land; price $19,000; also, house, 13 rooms, about 2 acres land; price $10,000.
L. K. MILLER, No. 192 Broadway.

A FARM OF 136 ACRES FOR SALE— Situated four miles from Plainfield, one hour and fifteen minutes from New-York; comfortable buildings; $9,000, $3,500 cash. A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

VILLA PLOTS IN HUDSON CITY, N. J., FOR SALE.—High ground and neighborhood unexceptionable. Apply to C. P. NICOLL, second house above the reservoir, Bergen Wood-av.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—AARON WOLFF, Jr., plaintiff, against JAMES T. WORTHINGTON, defendant.—Summons for a money demand on contract—Com. not served.—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 191 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of nineteen hundred and fifty dollars and ninety-one cents, with interest from the 7th day of December, 1867, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, March, 1868. C. A. HENRIQUES, Plaintiff's Attorney.
The complaint in the above entitled action was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, New-York.—Dated New-York, May 23, 1868.
C. A. HENRIQUES, Plaintiff's Attorney,
my25-law6wM* No. 191 Broadway.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—CITY and County of New-York.—JOSEPHA PFEFFER, Plaintiff, against PHILIPP PFEFFER, Defendant.—Summons for Relief.—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office No. 231 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated May 8, 1868.
JNO. J. FREEDMAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
The summons and complaint in this action has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York on the 23d day of May, 1868.
JNO. J. FREEDMAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
my25-law6wM*

DWELLINGS TO LET.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.

To let, for one or three years, a newly-furnished dwelling house, with about four acres of land; location high; size of house, 50x50 feet; gas in every room; water, dumb waiter, &c.; ice house filled; good garden spot; plenty of shade trees; large barn and carriage house; stable accommodations for five or more horses; half a mile from depot; sixteen trains daily. For further particulars, apply to GEO. W. FORSYTH, Esq., at Morristown, or of P. P., between 12 and 2 o'clock, at No. 128 Broadway, Room No. 1.

TO LET—FOR THREE YEARS, A SPLENDID country residence of about 10 acres on North Hempstead Harbor, L. I. The house is large and commodious, containing 21 rooms; is heated with hot air and contains gas and water conveniences throughout; on the premises, besides all the necessary outbuildings, are a grapery, a greenhouse and a trout pond; in front of the mansion is a fine lawn with an extensive water front and a beautiful grove of locusts, evergreens and other choice trees; there is an abundance of fruit of many varieties on the place; or the place will be sold with the balance of the farm, (in all about 96 acres,) on which are a farm-house and other buildings. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED—AT BEDFORD, WESTCHESTER County, N. Y., for four or six months, a very desirable Summer residence, lately occupied by Wm. H. Lounsbery, situated on the Boston turnpike 40 miles from New-York via Harlem Railroad, and four from Bedford Station; stage twice daily; location splendid, neighborhood healthy and unsurpassed. There is a fine garden with an abundance of fruit; fishing, hunting and bathing; stables, outbuildings, horses if desired. Rent moderate. For particulars apply to H. C. PALMER, Office of the Broadway and 23d-st. line of stages, between 27th and 28th sts. or of Phineas Lounsbery, near the premises.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT FOR RENT.—Will be leased for one or more years, the family residence of the late Thomas H. Leggett, in the village of Flushing, L. I. The dwelling is a large two-story double house, with wing attached. The grounds are ample and richly ornamented, comprising over six acres, with large gardens, lawns, &c., a good barn, carriage-house, work-shop, hennery, icehouse, and in fact all the surroundings of a first-class private residence. The furniture will also be let with the place, and early possession given. With best of schools, churches and society, and easy access to the City, this offers a rare opportunity to a gentleman of leisure or business. Apply to J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—FURNISHED, A COUNTRY RESIDENCE on Staten Island, one mile from Vanderbilt Landing on the Richmond road; beautifully situated with a very fine view and handsome grounds in perfect order; ice-house filled; carriage and horse, cow, poultry, &c.; can be seen and possession given at any time. Inquire at first toll gate on the Richmond road, or at No. 124 5th-av., before 12 M., or between 2 and 3 o'clock.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A LARGE AND commodious residence in the City of Paterson, situated in York-av., fifteen minutes' walk from the railway station, with three acres of ground, cold grapery, garden beautifully laid out; splendid cow, horses, carriages; also cottage for man; can be rented by the year; possession at once. M. S. CARRICK.

TO BE LET FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS or until April 30, 1869.—A furnished house with six bedrooms, dining-room and parlor, kitchen, &c. The garden is planted for the season. Horse cars to and from the City every 15 minutes, from 6½ A. M. to 9½ P. M. A capital heater in the basement. Rent for the whole term $800. Inquire at the Post Office.

TO RENT FOR THE SUMMER—THE residence of the late F. Garrettson, on Clifton Point, at Rhinebeck, suitable for a large family, for the Summer, at a very low rent. Apply to the owner, LOUIS A. EHLERS, Rhinebeck, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

TO RENT—NEAR NEW-YORK, AND EASY OF access, a handsome house 90 feet square, suitable for a first-class boarding house or a family hotel; fully furnished: on the shore, and commanding an extensive view of the Bay. For particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-street.

TO LET—DURING HIS ABSENCE IN EUROPE, the splendid residence of John Taylor, at Bay Side, Flushing; elegantly furnished, baths, stables, icehouse, ten acres, ornamental grounds.
R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st.

TO RENT LOW—A THREE-STORY HIGH-stoop brown-stone house in 78th-st., near 4th-av.; has just been put in thorough order, painted and papered; garden in rear. R. WILLIAMSON, President, Bull's Head Bank.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, A FURNISHED house on the Palisades; eleven rooms; use of piano included; terms $150 per month. Inquire of W. D. FRICKE, No. 42 Stone-st., New-York, or of J. H. STEVENS, Closter, N. J.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR, TWO furnished houses at Rye, N. Y.; one directly on the water; most delightfully situated. Apply to HENRY A. KELLEY, No. 43 White-st.

LAKE MAHOPAC.—TO LET—A LARGE house completely furnished, including linen and silver, overlooking the lake; carriage house, &c. JAS. E. WHEELER, No. 111 Broadway.

DESIRABLE FIRST-CLASS HOUSES to let for the season at Saratoga Springs; $300 to $1,200. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—FOR THREE MONTHS, June, July, and August, a Minister's home; pleasantly located and furnished; use of piano, library, weekly papers, &c. Address Rev. R. B. YARD, Newark, N. J.

TO LET—PART OF HOUSE NO. 472 WEST 22d-st., in a fine neighborhood, and having modern improvements. Inquire on premises.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET FOR 5 months. Apply on the premises, No. 42 Tompkins-place, Brooklyn.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET ON STATEN Island. Apply to CHARLES E. CATLIN, No. 25 William-st.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, NO 20 Union-place, corner of East 15th-st. Apply at the bank on the premises.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

Nos. 38, 39, and 40 Park-row.
On second, third and fourth stories. They are large, spacious, and splendidly lighted from front and rear. The building is thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.
Inquire of GEO. JONES, *Times* Office.

TO LET—SPLENDID LIGHT LOFTS IN NO. 21 Fulton-st., near Fulton Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

TO LET—NO. 207 WATER-ST., NEAR FULTON Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NO-tice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:
First—For building sewers in Broadway, between Forty-sixth and Forty-ninth streets, and in Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth streets, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.
Second—For building sewer in Seventy-seventh-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.
Third—For building sewers in Tenth-avenue, from Fifty-first-street to and through Fiftieth-street to near Ninth-avenue.
Fourth—For building sewers in Allen-street, between Canal and Rivington streets, and in Grand-street, between Centre and Elm streets.
The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on
First—Both sides of Broadway, from Forty-sixth to Forty-ninth-street; also, both sides of Forty-seventh-street and Forty-eighth-street, from Seventh to Eighth-avenue.
Second—Both sides of Seventy-seventh-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue.
Third—Both sides of Tenth-avenue, from Forty-ninth to Fifty-first-street; also, both sides of Fiftieth-street, from Ninth to Tenth-avenue.
Fourth—Both sides of Allen-street, from Hester to Canal-street, and from Rivington to Delancey-street; also, both sides of Grand-street, from Centre to Elm-street.
All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to JACOB F. OAKLEY, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
Board of Assessors.
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, }
NEW COURT-HOUSE, May 15, 1868. }

STEAMSHIPS ATLANTIC AND WESTERN METROPOLIS.—Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in the condition of a mortgage on the steamships ATLANTIC, BALTIC, and WESTERN METROPOLIS, executed and delivered to us by the New-York and Bremen Steamship Company, and bearing date the 21st day of March, A. D. 1867, we shall, under and by virtue of the power in us vested by the said mortgage, sell at public auction on the 26th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer, the said steamships ATLANTIC and WESTERN METROPOLIS, together with all and singular their respective engines, machinery, boilers, masts, bowsprits, sails, boats, anchors, cables, ship and cabin furniture, plate, and all other necessaries thereunto appertaining and belonging.
Dated NEW-YORK CITY, May 4, 1868.
CHARLES LULING & CO.,
Mortgagees.

SUPREME COURT—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-second-street, from the Fourth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York.—Notice is hereby given that the bill of the costs, charges and expenses incurred by the proceedings in the above entitled matter, will be presented for taxation to the honorable George G. Barnard, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 1st day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
JAMES H. COLEMAN, }
WILLIAM V. BRADY, } Commissioners.
JAMES B. NICHOLSON, }
Dated, NEW-YORK, May 20, 1868.

OFFICE CLERK COMMON COUNCIL, }
No. 8 CITY HALL, NEW-YORK, May 22, 1868. }

THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMON Council, together with the heads of departments of the City and County Governments, are respectfully requested to meet in Room No. 8 City Hall, on SUNDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 P. M., to participate in the funeral obsequies of the late Col. GARRETT DYCKMAN.
GEORGE McGRATH, }
MICHAEL NORTON, } Aldermen.
DON ALONZO CUSHMAN, }
ANTHONY HARTMAN, }
HUGH TURNER, } Councilmen.
BRYAN RIELLY, }

OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN, }
No. 5 CITY HALL, }
NEW-YORK, May 21, 1868. }

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON STREET Openings of the Board of Councilmen will meet in Room No. 16, Chamber of the Board, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 12 M.
All parties interested in the proposed widening of Broadway, from 17th to 59th-st., are requested to attend.
JOHN HART,
BERNARD KENNY,
JAMES E. McVEANY,
Committee on Street Openings.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIG-INATED the anaesthetic use of nitrous oxide gas administer it in the manner most approved by the medical profession, do nothing but EXTRACT TEETH, and they certainly do that WITHOUT PAIN—so 20,000 patients testify. See their names at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

AMUSEMENTS.

PIKE'S OPERA HOUSE.

23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
Doors open at 7¼; commences at 8; terminates at 11.
LAST NIGHTS OF
LOST.
With its wonderful
RED CHAMBER TRANSFORMATION
To the Terrace of the Chateau.
ALSO THE STORM AND INUNDATION SCENE,
INTRODUCING RAIN OF REAL WATER,
never before attempted on any stage, and received nightly with immense applause.
Seats can be secured at the office of the Opera House; Schirmer's, No. 701, and Macoy's, No. 114 Broadway.
In active rehearsal, Watts Phillips' exciting domestic drama, entitled
THE POOR STROLLERS.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

RISTORI'S FAREWELL.
Sole Lessee and Director........J. GRAU.
Order of Mme. RISTORI'S representation:
MONDAY EVENING, May 25, SOR TERESA, at 8.
TUESDAY EVENING, May 26, MARIE ANTOINETTE, at 7½.
WEDNESDAY, SOR TERESA MATINEE at 1.
FRIDAY EVENING, MARIE ANTOINETTE.
NEW SCALE OF PRICES.—Orchestra seats, $2; dress circle, $1 50; general admission, $1; family circle, 50c.; private boxes, 4 seats, $10. Down-town ticket office, Peter's music store, No. 198 Broadway.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

SOR TERESA MATINEE,
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, May 27, at 1 o'clock.
DOORS OPEN AT 12. Matinee for the last time.
SOR TERESA.
Admission to all parts $1 50, with exception of private boxes, which will be secured at the usual prices.

FRENCH THEATRE—WEDNESDAY NEXT, May 27, benefit of MLLE. ALIX FARNAT. ADIEU PANIERS, VENDANGES SONT FAITES, comedy in two acts, by THEO. BARRIERE. L'AUTOGRAPHE, comedy in one act. Ticket offices at Schirmer's music store, No. 701 Broadway, and at the Theatre.

PANORAMA OF THE WAR.

SALLIE BROWNSON GOODRICH. EVERY EVENING, 8 P. M.; WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 2 P. M. Madison-square Hall, No. 954 Broadway, cor. 23d-st. Tickets 50 cents; reserved seats 75 cents.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

7th-av., between 58th and 59th sts.
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, May 25,
THEODORE THOMAS'
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS.
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, May 25, at 8,
GRAND OPENING CONCERT.
PROGRAMME:
1. Opening March, "Central Park Garden," Dedicated to Mr. Remsen Appleby, by Theo. Thomas.
2. Overture, "Rienzi"........Wagner.
3. Waltz, "An der schoenen blauen Donau"........Strauss.
4. Fantasie, "Daughter of the Regiment"....Donizetti.
5. Overture, "Oberon"........Weber.
6. Ave Maria, adapted to the first prelude, by Bach........Gounod. For Solo Violins, Cornet, Piano and Organ.
7. Allegro Vivace, from the Reformation Symphony........Mendelssohn.
8. Scene de Ballet, "Robert le Diable."....Meyerbeer.
9. Overture, "Pique Dame."........Suppe.
10. { Polka Mazourka, "Libelle."........ { Strauss.
{ Polka "'S Giebt nur a Kaiserstadt."........
11. Serenade, for flute and French Horn obligato...Titl. Messrs. SIEDLER and SCHMITZ.
12. Quadrille, "La Grande Duchesse."........Offenbach.
Conductor........THEODORE THOMAS.
ADMISSION TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
SEASON TICKETS, admitting to all the POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS, during the entire Summer season,
TEN DOLLARS EACH.
To be obtained at G. Schirmer's Music Store, No. 701 Broadway; at the General Ticket Office, No. 114 Broadway, and at Central Park Garden.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
The Broadway, 7th-av. and Belt Railroad cars pass the door, while the 6th and 8th av. cars are distant but a short block.

WOOD'S GYMNASIUM.

Grand Gymnastic exhibition tendered by the New-York Gymnasts to WM. McDERMIT, assistant, which will take place on SATURDAY evening, May 30. Tickets at the door. Price, 50 cents.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY WILL let two nicely furnished rooms on third floor to one or two single gentlemen, without board; terms $2 50 to $3 per week; convenient to 8th-av. or Bleecker-st. cars. Address E. M. B., Box No. 105 *Times* Office.

TO LET—A NICELY-FURNISHED ROOM suitable for one or two single gentlemen; location good and in a strictly private family, convenient to Bleecker-st. and 6th-av. cars. No. 18 Leroy-st.

THREE OR FOUR YOUNG GENTLEMEN can obtain good board, with pleasant rooms, in the upper portion of Hackensack, only two minutes from depot. For terms, address E. S. P., Hackensack, N. J.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN BE accommodated with board in a private family at Madison, N. J., where there are no other boarders. Address Box No. 5,219 New-York Post Office.

TO LET—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PAR-lor and extension bedroom; references exchanged, No. 23 West Washington-place.

NO. 165 WEST 23D-ST.—HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, for families and single gentlemen, with first-class board; private table if desired.

TO LET—WITHOUT BOARD, A NEATLY FUR-nished front bedroom. Inquire of Mrs. WILLIAMS, No. 325 East 12th-st., near 2d-av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL RENT very handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or singly. No. 110 West 22d-st.

TO LET.—TWO HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms, to single gentlemen, without board, at No. 209 Lexington-av.

NO. 108 WEST 12TH-ST., NEAR 6TH-av., nicely furnished rooms on second floor, to gentlemen only, without meals; desirable locality.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH BOARD, IN a delightful location near the ferry, on the most reasonable terms. No. 44 Essex-st., Jersey City.

NO. 156 WEST 34TH-ST.—DESIRABLE rooms with first-class table. References required.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARD—FINE LARGE FIRST-class Summer boarding house, near West Point Military Academy, on the Hudson; ample grounds; abundance fresh fruit and vegetables raised on the place; carriages and stages always within call; terms reasonable. Address A. MEARNS, Jr., Highland Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.

DESIRABLE BOARD IN POUGH-KEEPSIE can be obtained for ten weeks from July 1; ample ground, shade, comfort and quiet; library, pianos, &c.; to persons of refined and quiet tastes this opportunity is valuable. Address, early, Drawer No. 57 Poughkeepsie Post Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED BY GEN-TLEMAN and wife (farm house preferred,) in or near a pleasant village; easy of access by boat or rail. Address D. M. S., Box No. 110 *Times* Office, stating location, terms and full particulars.

DESIRABLE ACCOMMODATIONS CAN be procured for the Summer at a pleasantly located country residence, two miles from West Park, on the Hudson. Address H. E., town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

A YOUNG LADY FROM GENEVA, (Switzerland,) who teaches music and French, wishes to pass the Summer with a family in the country. Address Miss S. PORTER'S School, Farmington, Conn.

COUNTRY BOARD—IN THE BEAUTIFUL Ramapo Valley, one hour and a half from City, on New-York and Erie Railroad. For particulars call or address No. 50 West 4th-st.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—AT VA-rious places and prices, to suit all tastes and means. Call or address the Board Exchange, No. 737 Broadway.

SUMMER RESORTS.

UNION HOTEL,

SARATOGA.
POPULAR PRICES.
SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION FOR FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN.
$4 50 per day, $28 per week, $100 for four weeks.
Omnibus and Baggage Master to receive checks at station. OPEN FROM JUNE 1 TO OCTOBER 1.
Address LELAND BROTHERS,
Or S. LELAND & CO.,
Metropolitan Hotel, New-York.

STETSON HOUSE,

LONG BRANCH, N. J.

This unequaled Summer hotel opens for its third season June 1. During the past year many improvements have been made for the comfort of guests.
Rooms can be secured by letter to the hotel, or on Tuesdays and Thursdays at the Astor House, New-York.
CHAS. A. STETSON, JR.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL

Will open May 28. The annual examination of the Cadets, at the United States Military Academy, commences June 1, making this the most interesting time to visit this beautiful and romantic spot.

HARNETT'S HAMILTON HOTEL.—IS-LAND OF BERMUDA.—The traveling public of New-York, and of the United States generally, are respectfully informed that the above hotel has been erected at considerable expense, by the corporation of the town of Hamilton. The building is most pleasantly located, being situated on an eminence commanding a view of Hamilton harbor and surrounding country, and has been constructed on the most improved style, affording comfort and convenience to its occupants. Parties traveling, either for pleasure or health, will find this establishment a most agreeable as well as healthful resort. The proprietor pledges himself that no effort shall be wanting to meet the requirements of his guests.
JEREMIAH HARNETT, Proprietor.
HAMILTON, Bermuda, May, 1868.
THOMAS J. OUTERBRIDGE & BRO., 112 Front-st.

POWELTON HOUSE, NEWBURG.— This favorite Summer hotel having been thoroughly refitted and repainted under the direction of its new managers, will be opened for the season June 20. Every arrangement has been perfected calculated to please the patrons of this famous resort.
Coaches always in attendance to convey guests from the steamboat to the hotel grounds direct.
PURDY & CONLIN,
(Successors to Horatio Blake.)

CLARENDON HOTEL, SARATOGA SPRINGS.—Open from June 1 to Oct. 1. Parties wishing to engage rooms will please address CHAS. E. LELAND, Clarendon Hotel, Saratoga Springs, or Delavan House, Albany.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$20.000—WANTED IMMEDIATELY—This amount to invest in a lucrative manufacturing business; liberal arrangement and ample security on unencumbered real estate will be given. Call on or address C. T. L., care A. T. Russell, No. 137 Fulton-st.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A MAN WITH A small capital to purchase a flour and feed business, as the owner wishes to go West; will exchange for a small farm near Rahway or Plainfield, N. J. Call at No. 213 Newark-av., Jersey City.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—A LUMBER YARD with stock: situate a few miles from this city in a pleasant village; an old established business; a first-rate chance. Inquire of R. FISHER, No. 33 Bank-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON MONDAY, MAY 11, PROBABLY NEAR City Hall, small MEMORANDUM BOOK, with notes concerning Pacific Railroad Survey, of no value except to owner. Whoever will return it to DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., No. 53 Exchange-place, will be suitably rewarded.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager....MR. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 o'clock.
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
will be acted a drama in four acts, entitled
THE WHITE COCKADE.
The whole of the music, including an original overture introducing old English and Scotch airs, composed and arranged by........Thomas Baker
The Scenery by....Mr. H. Isherwood and R. H. Halley
The Properties by........Mr. Timony
Costumes and Uniforms by Messrs. Flannery and Benschoten
The Machinery by........Mr. Butler and Assistants
Characters by Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. CHARLES FISHER, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. W. J. LEONARD, Mr. E. MILTON, Mr. J. McGEE, Mr. W. H. POPE, Mr. B. DURAND, Mr. E. CASHIN, Mr. HOWE, Mr. MINTON, Mr. G. WHITE, Mr. QUIGLY, Mr. T. WARD, Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS, Miss KATE RANOE, Miss ANNIE WARD, and Miss MARY BARRETT.

CROWNING OF THE MAY QUEEN.

A Brilliant Cantata, entitled
THE FEAST OF ROSES,
WILL BE GIVEN AT
STEINWAY HALL,
ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS, MAY 25 AND 26, 1868.
BY ONE THOUSAND YOUNG LADIES,
Under the direction of PROF. L. A. BENJAMIN.
Tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats, 75 cents. Commence at a quarter to 8.

OLE BULL'S

LAST GRAND CONCERTS,
(prior to his departure for Europe) will take place in
STEINWAY HALL
ON
SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS,
May 30, June 1 and 2.
A number of popular artists will assist.
An entire change of programme for each performance.
Admission, $1: Reserved Seats, $1 50.
Tickets can now be secured at the Music Stores of Mr. G. Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway; Schubert & Co., No. 820 Broadway; Rullman's Theatre Ticket Office, No. 112 Broadway, and at the Box Office of the Hall from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily.

TERRACE GARDEN.

3d-av., 58th and 59th sts.
PH. BERNET........Proprietor.
CARL BERGMANN
Has the honor of announcing to the citizens of New-York and its vicinity that, in compliance with the urgent solicitation of many distinguished families, he has made arrangements for the production of a series of
ONE HUNDRED
GRAND POPULAR SUMMER CONCERTS,
at the above favorite and fashionable resort, commencing
MONDAY EVENING, June 1, 1868.
In accomplishing this object, CARL BERGMANN begs to assure his patrons and the public generally that his utmost endeavors shall be exerted to render these Musical Representations in the highest state of artistic taste and classical refinement.
Arrangements have been made with the most prominent publishing houses for instant reception of the newest and most admired compositions, which will be successively presented for New-York approval.
A powerful and carefully selected orchestra is engaged, comprising many of the most celebrated members of the PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY, whose acknowledged excellence will insure to the various compositions every possible effect and grandeur.
Mr. BERNARD LISTEMANN, the eminent violinist of European celebrity, is also engaged as soloist.
The Garden has been elaborately beautified and improved, and all that taste and refinement could suggest for the comfort, convenience and enjoyment of its visitors zealously adopted.
The orchestra has been elevated and newly constructed with a strict view to acoustic requirements.
The Refreshment Department will be found superior and recherche, under the immediate supervision of the popular caterer, Mr. PH. BERNET.
The strictest order and decorum will be at all times enforced.
SUNDAY, May 31—Two extra Grand Sacred Concerts will be given, one at 3½ o'clock in the afternoon, and at 8 in the evening.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.
Season Tickets admitting one to each and every Concert during the season, $10 each. Can be obtained of—
Messrs. J. Schuberth & Co........No. 820 Broadway
Mr. G. Schirmer........No. 701 Broadway
Jordens & Martens........No. 758 Broadway
Arion Society....Germania Assembly Rooms, Bowery.
Hantz & Brothers........No. 697 Broadway
C. Rosenbluth & Co........No. 334 Canal-street
Ph. Bernet........Terrace Garden
CARL BERGMANN, Conductor.

GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

CARD.
The undersigned begs to return his most hearty and sincere thanks to all the ladies and gentlemen who have taken part in the Musical Festival, now brought to a successful close. To the solo artists no words can express his gratitude for the faithful manner in which they exerted themselves to please the public, and to the members of the chorus and orchestra no praise can be too great for their part of the work. The fact that not a single disappointment took place on the part of an artist engaged in the festival, is a sufficient earnest of the interest taken in music by all those ladies and gentlemen, and a guarantee of its future success in this City.
L. F. HARRISON.

LAUNCH.—A HANDSOME STEAMBOAT OF 256 tons was launched on Saturday from the shipyard of B. C. Terry, Keyport, N. J.; she is a fine model, and calculated for great speed; of light draft, drawing only 3 feet 9 inches when completed; she is built of the best materials, put together with galvanized bolts, and thoroughly trenailed; she is owned by J. A. CARNIE, of this City.

THE LADIES' FAIR FOR THE CHURCH of Holy Innocents, of which Rev. J. LARKIN is Pastor, will be continued until Saturday, the 30th May. The articles on exhibition will be disposed of this week.

STEAMBOATS.

THE
BRISTOL LINE.
FOR
BOSTON,
from Pier No. 40, North River, foot of Canal-st., at 6 o'clock P. M.

TRAVELING AT HALF-PRICE.
In the Grandest Boats in the world.
TO BOSTON........$2 50
TO PROVIDENCE........1 75
Meals 50 cents to $1 50.
Accommodations for 1,200 passengers.

These boats leave an hour later, and arrive in Boston ahead of all other lines.

A CHEAP AND CHARMING EXCURSION.
A. L. ANDERSON, General Manager.
G. W. TIERS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE.
To Boston, first-class........$2 00
To Providence, first-class........1 50
The new and elegant side-wheel Steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT,
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River,
at 5 P. M.,
And foot of 19th-st., East River,
at 6 P. M., daily.
Steamboat Express Train leaves Stonington at 3:30, reaches Providence at 5:15, and Boston at 6:50 A. M., in ample time for all the Eastern trains.
Up-town passengers, by taking the boat at 19th-st., East River, have one and a half hours longer at their homes, and avoid the crowded streets in the lower part of the City.
Passengers from down town, taking Avenue A or Avenue B cars, from the Astor House, or the South and 34th-st. cars, will be landed within two blocks of this Pier. The Steamers will also stop at this Pier in the morning, on the down trip to land such passengers as desire it.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at the principal hotels, at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway, D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

NOTICE.

Great reduction in fare to
BOSTON.
NORWICH AND WORCESTER LINE,
Pier No. 39 N. R., foot of Vestry-st.
On and after MONDAY, May 25, the fare to Boston by steamers CITY OF BOSTON and CITY OF NEW-YORK will be
TWO DOLLARS,
instead of $5, as heretofore.
E. S. MARTIN, Agent.

FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES
BY THE OLD FALL RIVER LINE,
BETWEEN
NEW-YORK and BOSTON, NEWPORT, FALL RIVER, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, and CAPE COD TOWNS and NANTUCKET.
Fare to Boston (Cabin)........$2 00
One of the Magnificent Steamboats,
NEWPORT, OLD COLONY, METROPOLIS, or
EMPIRE STATE,
Leaves Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.
By this route passengers can take train from Newport at 4 A. M., and arrive in Boston at 6:10 A. M., in time to connect with all Northern and Eastern trains; or rest undisturbed, breakfast on board, and take 7:45 A. M. train, and arrive in Boston at early business hours.
E. LITTLEFIELD, Agent,
NEW-YORK, April 9, 1868. No. 72 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—FARE $1 50, being $1 75 cheaper than by rail, and 75 cents cheaper than by any other line. The elegant steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, connecting with New-York Central Railroad for Buffalo and all points West, and with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Lake Champlain steamers for Montreal, Lake George, Saratoga and all stations. Also with rail for North Adams, Burlington and points East. Fare, Sunday, $2. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock P. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, May 26, 7:00 A. M.	Monday, May 25, 8:00 A. M.
Wed., May 27, 7:00 A. M.	Tuesday, May 26, 11:00 A. M.
Thursday, May 28, 8:00 A. M.	Wed., May 27, 11:00 A. M.
Friday, May 29, 9:00 A. M.	Thursday, May 28, 12:00 M.
Saturday, May 30, 1:30 P. M.	Friday, May 29, 1:00 P. M.
Tuesday, June 2, 3:30 P. M.	Monday, June 1, 1:30 P. M.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—STEAM-ers ST. JOHN and DREW—One of these magnificent steamers leaves Pier No. 41 North River, near foot of Canal-st., every evening, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 o'clock. Passengers desiring the comforts and luxuries of a first-class hotel can have their wishes gratified on these steamers, and arrive in Albany in ample time for railroad trains North and West. Freight taken at reduced rates.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburgh and Milton. THE STEAMER MARY POWELL, leaves Desbrosses-st. every afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

LLOYD'S DOCK (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER Bay (E. Norwich,) and Northport. The steamboat D. R. MARTIN, Capt. S. E. UNDERHILL, leaves Pier No. 34 East River, (Catharine-st.,) daily, at 4 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.— Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSIONS.

For Excursions and Picnic Parties—Dudley's Grove, Myers' Grove, Alderney Park and Raritan Beach Grove. Barges WALTER SANDS, WM. MYERS, WM. J. HASKET and CROMWELL. Steamboats of all kinds. Apply at the office of J. & E. MYERS, on board of barge foot of Morton-st.

FOR EXCURSIONS—SIDEWHEEL AND saloon steamboats and double-decked barges to charter: Crossett Grove, Pleasant Valley, Waters' Grove, and others to let. Apply at the Excursion office, No. 382 West-st., near Barrow. H. B. CROSSETT.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—BEGINS AT 8.

JAMES E. E. HAYES........Lessee
C. W. TAYLEURE........Business Manager
G. L. FOX........Stage Manager
DENSELY CROWDED HOUSES
Dazzled and delighted with G. L. Fox's comic Pantomime
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
The great comedian and pantomimist,
Mr. GEORGE L. FOX.
in his inimitable performance of........CLOWN.
Pantaloon......C. K. Fox | Harlequin........F. Lacy
Columbine...Mlle. Laurent | Burlesque. Miss A. Harrison
Romance. Mrs. C. Edmonds | New-Jersey....Mr. Sinclair
THE GREAT DANSEUSE, MLLE SANGALI,
in Grand Ballet. The "Champion Skaters of America," E. T. GOODRICH and Miss C. A. MOORE.
A MATCHLESS TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
MATINEES, 1½ WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager........WM. WHEATLEY
Doors open 7¼; curtain rises 7¾.
130 PERFORMANCES.
MONDAY, May 25, 1868. EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, will be presented the Burlesque Extravaganza the
WHITE FAWN.
in which will appear Jarrett & Palmer's renowned
PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 1 o'clock.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE—NOS. 728 and 730 BROADWAY.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
Unexampled success of Molineaux St. John's adaptation from the
TRIALS OF LA BELLE HELENE,
in which the Sisters,
SOPHIE, IRENE, AND JENNIE,
As PARIS, HELEN, AND ORESTES.
All the original of the celebrated composer, OFFENBACH, preserved, introducing also the exciting CAN CAN DANCE.
MR. M. W. LEFFINGWELL, nightly, as
ROMEO JAFFIER JENKINS.
MATINEE ON SATURDAY. ADMISSION, 50 CTS.

BROADWAY THEATRE—Admission 50 cents.
Last week of the brilliant engagement of
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
THIS EVENING—CHANGE OF BILL.
ALL HALLOW EVE; or, SNAP APPLE NIGHT,
LATEST FROM NEW-YORK.
Mr. and Mrs. Williams in both pieces.
FRIDAY—BENEFIT OF MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
SATURDAY—FAREWELL WILLIAMS MATINEE.
MONDAY—MATILDA HERON as CAMILLE.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Mr. W. H. WHALLEY. The drama of OLIVER TWIST a wonderful success. Thousands crowd the Theatre to witness it. Splendid scenic effects. The drama of the IDIOT OF THE HEATH.

BRYANTS' OPERA HOUSE.

Tammany Building, 14th-st.
(Adjoining Academy of Music.)
BRILLIANT SUCCESS
of the reorganization of the famous
BRYANTS' MINSTRELS.
UNSWORTH, EUGENE, SEYMOUR,
HORN, HOGAN, HUGHES, NEIL and
DAN BRYANT.
Burlesque Opera, The Stump Orator,
How to Keep Hotel.
Old Times Rocks, The Wigwam, Nell the Belle.
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.
Bryants' New Minstrel Opera House.
Box office open from 10 to 3 for sale of reserved seats.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

No. 585 Broadway. The doors surrounded at 7; insurrection begins at 8 o'clock. The great original Humorists and Vocalists of the age, Birch, Wambold and Backus' San Francisco Minstrels, every night.

AID THE BOYS IN BLUE—REMEMBER THEY FOUGHT IT OUT ON THAT LINE AND WON.

LADIES' UNION RELIEF ASSOCIATION.
AN EVENING'S ENTERTAINMENT
for the
BENEFIT OF SICK AND DISABLED SOLDIERS,
and
THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF DECEASED SOLDIERS,
At STEINWAY HALL,
On WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 27.
SOLOS AND DUET By
MISS MINNIE HAUCK AND SIG. ERRANI.
READINGS
By DOESTICKS AND ALDERMAN ROONEY.
BRO. LISTEMAN, Violin; FRD. LISTEMAN, Piano.
HON. HORACE GREELEY will preside.
Tickets $1. Reserved seats 50 cents extra; to be had at the door. Commencing at 8 o'clock.
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT:
Mrs. J. A. Kennedy, Mrs. W. F. Havemeyer,
Mrs. Dr. Wooster, Mrs. Dr. Clarkson,
Misses Fellows, Hale and McKibbin.
Tickets can be had at the publication offices of the *Tribune, Evening Post* and *Sun*, and at the door on the evening of the entertainment.

THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE.

For President of the United States,
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
For Vice-President,
LITTLE TOMMY TUCKER.
Subject to the approval of the People's Convention, which sits every night (when the seats can be procured) AT THE OLYMPIC THEATRE.

GREAT NATIONAL PAINTING.

THE NEW REPUBLIC;
Or, Emancipation.
A SPLENDID ALLEGORICAL PICTURE,
By the celebrated Artist,
FERDINAND PAUWELS,
Professor of the Academy at Weimer,
On exhibition at the Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

THE FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES,
Day and Evening, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET.—FREE exhibition; Parlor's Fifth Avenue Art Gallery; day and evening.

FINE ARTS.

THE COUNCIL OF WAR.

A statuette group of President LINCOLN, Secretary STANTON and Gen. GRANT, by JOHN ROGERS. Price $25.
Also,
Taking the Oath, School Examination, One More Shot, and other subjects, by the same artist, at $15 each.
These groups can be packed without extra charge, and sent to any part of the country with entire safety.
For sale by W. SCHAUS,
No. 749 Broadway, New-York.

MEETINGS.

TAXATION FOR REVENUE ONLY.—THE Executive Committee of the American Free Trade League invite the friends of Revenue Reform, based on the principle of Taxation for Revenue only, abandoning the Protective Policy, to meet at the Historical Society's hall, 2d-av., corner of 11th-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, May 26, at 8 o'clock. DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, Esq., will preside and address the meeting. Addresses may also be expected from Rev. Henry Blanchard, of Brooklyn, Messrs. Daniel C. Robbins, George Opdyke, Jackson S. Schultz, and others.

THE NINTH ANNUAL RECEPTIONS AND COMMENCEMENT of the Cooper Union for the advancement of Science and Art, will take place as follows: Reception of the Female Art Department THURSDAY, 8 P. M.; Reception of the Male Art Department FRIDAY, 8 P. M.; NINTH ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT in the large Hall, on SATURDAY evening, at 8 o'clock.
ABRAM S. HEWITT Secretary.

ASTROLOGY.

CAUTION.—LOOK OUT—GOOD NEWS FOR all. The never-failing Mrs. S. VAN HORN, just arrived from Europe, reveals past, present and future; shows you a correct likeness of husband or absent friends; also your thoughts as you enter the room; causes speedy marriages and gives lucky numbers; fee 25 to 50 cents; gentlemen not admitted. No. 40 3d-av., below 10th-st.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS clairvoyant, tells the name and shows the likeness of future husband; brings together those long separated; lucky numbers. No. 144 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES. PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggists No. 153 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits. Her Circular to the Married sent free.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIATELY by Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. A cure in from one to five days of gonorrhoea, gleet, strictures, syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Be wise in time. Dr. POWERS' are the only medicines on earth to cure private diseases; all others drive the virus in the blood. Confidential consultation free.

DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office, No. 20 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at No. 6 City-Hall place.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of thirty-two years devoted to the treatment of diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. COOPER to make speedy cures. The victims of misplaced confidence can call with the certainty of being cured.

AFFLICTED REQUIRING MEDICAL ADVICE in all special diseases, also nervous and physical debility, speedily and effectually cured by Dr. WEST, 548 B'way. Consultations strictly private and confidential.

LADIES REQUIRING PRIVATE MEDI-cal assistance should consult Dr. ALLEN, No. 42 St. Mark's-place, a regular, long-established and successful practitioner; elegant rooms for nursing.

LADIES' SURE ASSISTANT IMMEDIATELY— Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st., with or without medicines. Can return same day. Certain at one trial.

YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD RE-gained by using Dr. Powers' Elixir, and unfortunates cured without mercury positively. Office, 191 Stanton-st.

RELIEF TO LADIES IN TROUBLE, BY DR. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. His medicines act immediately. Confidential circular sent by first post.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility. 60 pages, gratis.

GREAT FIRE ON NORTH RIVER.

Destruction of the Neptune Steamship Company's Docks.

THE PROPELLER OCEANUS BURNED.

Heavy Damage to Shipping and Piers---Aggregate Loss Nearly $500,000.

One of the most destructive river fires recorded of this City for the past three years occurred yesterday afternoon, at the docks of the Neptune line of steamers, running between New-York, Providence and Boston, resulting in the complete destruction of the offices and storehouses of the Company, as well as of one of their steamers, and besides causing a vast amount of additional damage to piers and to other steamers and shipping lying in the slips, the aggregate value of the property destroyed reaching nearly $500,000.

The fire bells rang out an alarm at 1 P. M., and the firemen were prompt in their answer thereto, being impelled to unusual speed in their movements toward the scene of the fire by the sight of the huge volume of dense black smoke which sprang, as if by magic, from the pier-heads at the foot of Robinson-street. This column of smoke soon attracted the attention of those pedestrians who had been allured into the streets by the apparent clearing away of the rain clouds, and they made all possible haste to the scene of what promised to be an extensive and exciting fire. Those, too, who had gathered near the City Hall to witness the funeral ceremonies of the late Col. DYCKMAN also ran across Broadway toward the fire, thus bringing three or four thousand persons to the ground a few minutes after the flames had made their appearance. Engine Company No. 29 was the first to reach the scene, and the members of the Company soon had a stream of water playing on the buildings situated on the bulkhead of Pier No. 26, the flames at that moment having forced their way from the office of the Company and were rapidly crossing the entrance to the pier. So light and inflammable were the materials composing these buildings and storehouses that the raging element found ample food, despite the recent rainstorms, and in a very few minutes after the arrival of the steamers the entire front of the buildings standing on the bulkheads of Piers Nos. 26 and 27, between Murray, Robinson and Barclay streets, were on fire. In less than twenty minutes after the sounding of the alarm the firemen had several powerful streams playing on these frame edifices, and, despite the fact that they were all full of fierce and scorching flames, the intrepid hosemen stood their dangerous ground bravely, and fought the fire back inch by inch. But although these streams prevented the spread of the flames landward and leeward, the firemen were unable to save the pier occupied by the Company, as it was impossible to reach that spot from the shore. This pier was housed over with a light frame building, which soon caught fire, and the flames ran down the entire length of the pier in less than thirty minutes, thereby endangering the safety of the Company's propellers *Electra*, *Metis*, *Thetis* and *Oceanus*, besides the barge *St. Stephen*, the sloop *Lochiel* and the large side-wheel steamer *Nautilus*, of the old Stonington line, all of which lay in the slips on either side of Pier No. 27. The propeller *Oceanus* being nearest the bulkhead and lying to the leeward of the pier, soon caught fire among her upper works and was speedily covered with a sheet of flame. Indeed, so rapidly did the fire progress on this steamer that it was impossible to get near her in time to make an effort to haul her out into the stream. The other propellers and steamers being to the windward were comparatively safe, and the efforts of the tugs *Seth Low* and *S. E. Babcock* were directed to the rescuing of these vessels, a fleet of row-boats being actively employed in the slip between Piers No. 27 and 28 passing over hose lines and firemen to the propeller *Metis*, then on fire in several places on the larboard side. The steamer *Nautilus* and propeller *Electra* were hauled off in safety by the two tugs and the ferry-boat *Hoboken*, which had just discharged a load of passengers to swell the crowds surrounding the scene. The two little tug-boats then pulled the propellers *Metis* and *Thetis* away from the burning pier, and the flames were extinguished by the firemen with shore hose lines and the hand pumps on board those vessels. The *Metis* sustained severe damage on the larboard side of her hull and upper works, while the *Thetis* escaped with a severe scorching along the line of the deck.

By the time these steamers were rendered safe the flames had expended nearly all their force on the devoted pier and buildings thereon, completely destroying the storehouse on the wharf, and all the freight stored therein, progressing to the very end, where it found new food in the shape of hay and other inflammable materials, causing fresh but needless alarm, as it was supposed another of the steamers had caught fire and was swinging around the pier head. Those firemen stationed in West-street maintained their ground, and in time completely extinguished the fire in the Company's offices and warehouses along the bulkhead, the Insurance Patrol rescuing, meanwhile, such merchandise as could be reached, though, fortunately, there seemed to be but little on storage at the time. As soon as a footing could be gained by the leading hosemen on No. 27, they followed up the fire with their pipes and forced their way steadily up the pier, seemingly forgetful of the dangerous condition of the charred and trembling timbers which had formed the framework of the pier storehouse. Several of the brave fellows had narrow escapes from injury by the frequent fall of timbers and beams.

Between the Neptune pier and that occupied by the Hoboken Ferry Company, there is a short pier, formerly used by the Shrewsbury steamer *Meta*, and on this the firemen had gained a footing, when it was discovered that the propeller *Oceanus* had broken loose from her moorings on the other pier, and drifted down to the small pier. The efforts of the firemen were immediately directed to subdue the torrent of flame which poured over her side and vomited from her red-hot smoke-stack. Finding that the hosemen could not all get to work on the *Oceanus* from this short pier, District Engineer BRANDON called on the Captain of the barge *St. Stephen*, then being being hauled off the lower Barclay-street pier, with the schooner *Lochliel* by the tug *Quickstep*, and desired the use of the barge for sustaining the extra lines of hose intended for operation on the bow of the *Oceanus*. As the barge Captain refused compliance, Engineer BRANDON assumed the responsibility of the hour and seized the vessel for the use of the Fire Department. The wisdom of this action was soon made apparent, as the increased number of streams brought to bear upon the *Oceanus* soon rendered the safety of the lower pier an assured fact.

While the fire was at its height, the pier outside of the ferry slip (known as Pier No. 26) was crowded with a dense mass of human beings, who, despite the apparent danger and the intense heat, maintained their ground there until dislodged by the Police, when the work was nearly all over. The action of the Police in so long permitting this, was most reprehensible, as it was feared during the earlier stage of the fire, that the flames would extend themselves to this pier, and thereby cut off the escape of several hundred persons.

Inside the Hoboken ferry house an excited crowd had gathered, several persons paying their fares simply to gain a more advantageous position from which to view the progress of the fire, although the number inside soon grew so large that very few could see anything from the blockaded windows of the ferry-house. The ferry-boat being engaged in rescuing the imperrilied vessels, those desirous of crossing the river were unwillingly detained for over an hour awaiting the leisure of the steamer. The stolid indifference of the ticket-taker, as he placidly took the fares unmindful of the proximity of the fire, was in marked contrast to the excited manner of the crowd of passengers who worried him with questions regarding the probability of crossing the river.

The origin of the fire is at present unknown, though it began in the office, near the entrance to the pier. THOMAS KINLEY, of 250 Greenwich-st., states that the flames evidently originated from the heater, though he was not positive on the subject, as he had been engaged in assisting the employes in removing the books from the offices of the Company, and that of ISAAC ODELL, the agent. The losses occasioned by this destructive fire can only be approximated, as the exact figures could not be possibly gained yesterday. The Company probably lose $300,000 on the steamer *Oceanus*, which was almost entirely destroyed, and the other propellers lying in their slips, besides additional losses on the pier and other storehouses owned by them. Messrs. Duncan & Le Cato, S. F. Bogart & Son, Warner & Co., J. W. Suydam, J. Clarkson, Green & Walling, J. H. Palmer and Philpitt & Betts, all produce merchants, occupying the lower portion of the Steamship Company's buildings, and those adjoining, had their premises completely gutted by the flames or water, the greater part of their individual stocks being either severely damaged or destroyed.

Too much praise cannot be given the firemen for their persistent and successful efforts to check the progress of the fire, as they worked with great gallantry. District Engineers BRANDON, ORR, BATES, SULLIVAN and CONLEY were on the ground and aided each other in directing the movements of their subordinates. Fire Commissioner GALLOWAY was also present on the ground.

The Police were not at all as effective as they usually are, the force on the ground being limited to the off platoon of the Third Ward, consisting of some sixteen men in uniform and a few in plain dress. These men had no superior officer to direct them, as all of the Sergeants had failed to make their appearance, and Capt. GREER was unfortunately absent for the time, else this neglect would probably not have occurred. There were none of the reserves from the neighboring Precincts, as is usual when large fires occur, and the consequence was that the crowds did nearly as they pleased, thereby greatly impeding the movements of the firemen, two sections of whom had arrived in response to the repetition of the alarm. Had there been any superior officer to handle the force of police on the ground much confusion would have been avoided during the earlier moments of the fire, and the firemen would have been enabled to save more property than they did. Had Pier No. 26 caught fire when so many persons were on the pier-head, a frightful loss of life must have ensued, and it would have required the services of but three or four policemen to have cleared the pier at the time when the danger seemed imminent. Just when the confusion was at its height, Capt. MOUNT, of the Seventeenth Precinct, came on the ground as a spectator, but when he found that there were no Sergeants present, he assumed temporary command, and soon cleared the crowds away from the vicinity of the fire and drove them off the adjacent piers, thereby restoring order and gaining the thanks of the Fire Engineers.

By 5 o'clock the fire was effectually extinguished, the propeller *Oceanus* only exhibiting some slight signs of flames at that hour. There was apparently no danger, however, of her communicating the fiery element, or of its further extension from any cause.

Officer JOHN MCCONNELL, of the Third Precinct, who was on duty on the Neptune pier, was cut off by the flames, and for a time reported missing. It was subsequently ascertained that he had escaped on board the schooner *Lochiel* as she was pulled out of the slip.

THE TURF.

Horses in Training—Pending Engagements.

NO. II.

MR. JACOB PINCUS' stable contains eight thoroughbreds of extraordinary high quality. As he laid down in his box we did not at first recognize an old acquaintance in *Metairie*, but when he rose we were struck with his fine appearance and the great improvement visible in him. Few that saw the race will forget the splendid style he beat Capt. MOORE's flying filly *Fanny Cheatham*, and a large field, at the Jerome Park Fall Meeting last year, in very fast time, and his able trainer feels sanguine he will not be found wanting this season. He has grown and thickened amazingly, and now presents the ideal of a magnificent thoroughbred race-horse. His engagements at present are in the Westchester Handicap and Saratoga Cup. He is owned by Mr. ECKERSON. In the adjoining box stands *Maid of Honor*, the filly that Mr. CAMERON imported at two years old, along with *Hampton Court*, and who won the Two-year-old Stake at the Paterson Fall Meeting the same year, beating a large field. She is now owned by Mr. A. BELMONT, and has wonderfully improved in appearance, having thickened considerably and put on a good deal of muscle. She possesses a great turn of speed, but her *forte* is as surely not staying. She is engaged in the Fordham Stakes, the Jockey Club Handicap and the Westchester Handicap. *Fenian*, an aptly-named chestnut two-year-old colt, by *Mickey Free* out of *Spiletta*, (the dam of *Spinola*,) belonging to the same liberal patron of the turf, and formerly called *Leonardo*, when owned by Mr. JEROME, is a promising and well-bred youngster. His engagements are the Hopeful Stakes, Two-year-old Sweepstakes, the Nursery Stakes, Belmont and Champion Stakes of 1869, Saratoga Stakes of 1868 and Travers Stakes of 1869. Jointly owned by Mr. BELMONT and Mr. CAMERON, stands in the next box, the two-year-old imported bay colt *Glenely*, by *Citadel*, dam *Bapta*, by *Kingston*, a youngster of unexceptionable blood and fine racing-like appearance; he is engaged in the Nursery Stakes at Jerome Park, Saratoga Stakes, Belmont and Champion Stakes of 1869, and Travers Stakes of 1869. *Australia*, a chestnut three-year-old filly, by imported *Australian*, out of *Undine*, by *Yorkshire*, belonging to Messrs. BOWIE & HALL, is a fine-shaped filly, and at Trenton, where she ran second to Mr. SANFORD's fleet filly *La Polka*, she showed that she possessed a great turn of speed; she is engaged in the Three-year-old Sweepstakes, Ladies' Stakes and Champion Stakes at Jerome Park, and the Sequel Stakes at Saratoga. *Tasmania*, an appropriately-named chestnut filly, by *Australian* out of *Mattie Gros*, by *Lexington*, two years old, is owned by Mr. JOHN PURDY, is engaged in the Hopeful Stakes and sweepstakes of $200 each, for two-year olds, at the Jerome Park Meeting. Next to her, and owned by the same gentleman, is the two-year-old bay filly by *Lexington* out of *Edith*, (the dam of *Stonewall Jackson*,) engaged in the Two-year-old Sweepstakes at Jerome Park. A chestnut colt by *Uncle Vic* out of *Dolly Carter*, three years old, and vastly improved since we first saw him at Saratoga, last Summer, was the last one in the string; his only engagement is in the sweepstakes for three-year olds at this meeting. All the horses in this stable look well, and will doubtless distinguish themselves during the coming season.

DR. WELDON'S STABLE,

which was the next we visited, comprises nine horses, all of which are as well known on the turf as their philosophic trainer, although success has not attended them so frequently as his pluck and perseverance justly deserve. Perhaps this season fortune has a shower of her favors in store for the popular Doctor, and it may be in his string that he may possess a second *Lightning*. The Doctor first introduced us to *Aldebaran*, who looks well, but carries, we thought, too much flesh; but we know that he loves to have his horses in good condition with a long campaign before them. *Aldebaran* is only engaged in the Feather Stakes at present. *Local*, the five-year-old chestnut, son of *Lightning* and *Maroon*, has made wonderful improvement since he first came into Dr. WELDON's hands, and this Spring he looks remarkably well; his engagements are in the Westchester Cup and Feather Stakes. Standing next to him is the Derby winner of 1865, the gray colt *Richmond*, who is again in training, having perfectly recovered from the lameness he last season was suffering from. He looks and goes well, and seems to retain his fine turn of speed; his only present engagement is in the Westchester Handicap, and sweepstakes for all ages at Saratoga. *Sleety*, a four-year-old bay filly by *Rogers*, dam *Angeline*, by *Albion*, often disappointed her backers last year, but she looks greatly improved since she came into the Doctor's stable. *Flora McIvor*, by *Lexington*, out of *Floride*, ran very respectably last year, and now looks well and fat; her only engagements are the Westchester Handicap, and sweepstakes at Saratoga. The pony-built *Jubal* next passed in review, and the stout-built son of *Balrownie* and *Jubal* looks well; he has no engagements, nor has his next neighbor, *Billy Conner*. *Bonnie Braes*, bay filly by *Balrownie*, out of *Pasta*, three years old, purchased by Mr. ECKERSON at Mr. WATSON's sale, is a remarkably good-looking, racing-like filly, and may win one of her three engagements—the Sweepstakes for Three-year Olds, the Ladies' Stake, and the Travers Stakes at Saratoga. Last came the evergreen *Zigzag*, whose name is so inseparably associated with steeple-chasing and hurdle-racing in this country, and with the lamented DENIS REEDY. *Zigzag* is a well-bred horse, and his present owner, Mr. ECKERSON, has entered him in the Jockey Club Handicap, two miles, to test his merits on the flat. Whether he will resume his former profession of jumping, we do not know. The old favorite of the public is looking better than we have seen him for two seasons past. We were shown a portrait in oil, painted by Mr. SCOTT for the owner, which is one of the most striking likenesses of the horse we have ever seen, and a perfect *fac simile* of the famous old steeple-chaser.

MAJOR BACON'S STABLE

contains four very highly bred and valuable imported two-year olds, belonging to Mr. R. W. CAMERON; the well-known old racer, *Captain Moore*, also owned by Mr. CAMERON, and a brown three-year-old filly belonging to the Major himself. Mr. CAMERON has this season given up training his horses in private, but dividing his stable has consigned one part to the care of the veteran Major, and the other to DAVID MCCOUN at Madison, N. J. In Major BACON's lot, we were shown *Inverglass*, an imported two-year-old brown filly by *Old Calabar* out of *Juniper* by *Bay Middleton*. *Old Calabar* was by *King Tom* out of *Bel Esperansa's* dam, and was considered the best two-year old of his day, having won all his engagements, which were the Biennial, Produce, Criterion, Clearwell and Glasgow Stakes at Newmarket in magnificent style. He was a leading favorite for the Epsom Derby, but unfortunately broke down in training a month before. This filly is just recovering from an attack of influenza, and consequently is doing little work, and will not run at the first Spring meeting. She is engaged in the Hopeful Stakes, the Two-year-old Sweepstakes, the Nursery, Belmont, Ladies' and Champion Stakes of 1869 at Jerome Park; the Saratoga Stakes of 1868 and Travers Stakes of 1869 at Saratoga. Next to him and just convalescent from the same complaint is *Invercauld*, a well-shaped racing-like brown filly, two years old, by *St. Albans*, out of *Eleanor* by *Voltigeur*. We admired this filly vastly at the sale of Mr. CAMERON's yearlings last Fall, and if good looks and good blood go for anything, she is bound to race. Her sire, *St. Albans*, by *Stockwell* out of *Bribery*, was one of the stoutest and fastest race horses of his year, winning at three years old the two principal handicap races, the Great Metropolitan and the Chester Cup, and the Doncaster St. Leger. Unfortunately he was not engaged in the Derby, or the "Blue Riband of the Turf" would doubtless have fallen to him. Her engagements are identical with those of *Inverglass*, but methink it hardly likely that she will run before the Saratoga Meeting. The next shown us was the two-year-old imported bay filly *Inverness*, by *Macaroni* out of *Elfrida* by *Faugh a Ballagh*. This is a fine, lengthy, well-shaped filly, with unexceptionable pedigree, combining the *Glencoe* and *Sir Hercules* strains of blood. *Macaroni*, her sire, was by *Stockwell*, and was the winner of the Two Thousand Guineas and Derby, but was not entered for the St. Leger. The first of his produce in England that has started came out this Spring, and won very cleverly. It would be a singular coincidence should *Inverness* prove equally successful in her *début* on the American turf. She is engaged in the Nursery, Two-year-old Sweepstakes, Belmont Stakes of 1869, Ladies' Stakes and Champion Stakes of 1869, the Saratoga Stakes for two-year olds, and the Travers Stake of 1869, at Saratoga. *Glen Nevis*, a two-year-old brown colt by *Ouiston*, dam *Volucris* by *Voltigeur*, is a fine, rangy, well-formed colt, and looks finer than any of the others. He is engaged in the same two and three year old events as the others above noticed. A good-looking three-year-old brown filly, by *Bill Cheatham* out of a *Glencoe* belonging to the Major himself, was next shown us. She is only engaged in the Ladies' Stakes of 1868. The last in this string was the evergreen bay horse *Captain Moore*, by *Balrownie*, dam *Jenny Rose*, who, for so many years, bore the canary-colored jacket and cap of Mr. WATSON to the front, but is now owned by Mr. CAMERON, who purchased him at Mr. WATSON's sale this spring. The *Captain* is looking fine and vigorous as ever, and, if his leg stands, he may yet score additional victories to his credit. At all events, he will be an admirable schoolmaster for the young ones in the stable.

CAPT. MOORE'S STABLE.

The formidable stable of this experienced Kentucky turfman and trainer comprises eight horses, and their high quality makes them especially dangerous in any of the races for which they may be engaged. Capt. MOORE's string only arrived at Jerome Park last week, having made an early commencement of the racing campaign by taking part in the meetings in Mobile and New-Orleans, and carrying off the lion's share of the purses and stakes there. At Mobile, with *General McMahon*, *Fanny Cheatham*, *Stonewall Jackson*, and *Privateer*, he won the four events he started for, and at New-Orleans he won two races with *Privateer*, two with *General McMahon*, and one with *Beacon*. The Captain has, consequently, commenced the season auspiciously, and tempted by the rich prizes at Jerome Park, has brought on his valuable stable. It comprises *Stonewall Jackson*, *Fanny Cheatham*, *Privateer*, *Beacon*, *General McMahon*, gray colt by *Lexington*, dam by *Grisette* by *Glen Cove*, three years; and two two-year olds by *Daniel Boone*, belonging to Mr. COTTRILL, of Mobile. Except the *Grisette* colt, who had contracted cold on the long journey by rail from Louisville, all the other horses are in excellent health, and, as might be looked for, far more advanced in condition than horses in the Eastern stables. *Privateer*, five years, has never yet run East, but his brilliant performances on the Southern turf make him a formidable antagonist in any race for which he may be started. His only engagements are in the Feather Stakes and Westchester Cup at the approaching Jerome Park Meeting. *Fanny Cheatham*, four years, and undoubtedly the best filly of her years, looks remarkably well, and will be very difficult to beat in the Westchester Cup, should she represent her stable, which has also *Privateer* and *Beacon* entered for it. *Fanny* is also engaged in the Saratoga Cup, in which she will have to meet the great *Kentucky*. *Beacon* looks and moves well, and has three engagements at this meeting—the Westchester Cup, Feather Stakes and Jockey Club Handicap. *Stonewall Jackson*, five years, looks fit enough now to run for his only engagement here, which is in the Fordham Stakes. The three-year-old gray colt out of *Grisette* is a fine-looking colt of great promise, and highly thought of by his clever owner, who has entered him for the sweepstakes for three-year olds at this meeting, the Belmont Stakes and the Champion Stakes. He was entered by his breeder, Mr. ALEXANDER, for the Travers Stakes at Saratoga, but the death of his nominator of course renders the entry void. *General McMahon* has filled out considerably since last year, and now looks fine. He is engaged in the Fordham Handicap only at this meeting at the present time. Of the two two-year olds by *Daniel Boone*, one is a chestnut filly out of *Lilie Ward* by *Lexington*, engaged in the Two-year-old Sweepstakes and Hopeful Stakes, and the other a chestnut colt out of *Maggie G.* by *Brown Dick*, with the same engagements as the first named. They are remarkably fine, racing-like youngsters, and will doubtless give a good account of themselves before the season is over.

In addition to the above stables, there is that of young Mr. WALDRON, who trains for Mr. CHARLES BATHGATE, and contains ch. c. *Alpha*, 2 years, by *Lapidist*, dam *Pauline*; br. f. by *Balrownie*, dam *Verbena*, 2 years, and b. h. by *Lexington* out of *Kate Hayes*, 6 years; but as we had not an opportunity of seeing them, we are unable to give a detailed description of them. The stables of E. THOMPSON, containing *General Duke*, *Bayonet*, *Luxembourgh* and *Banshee*, and Mr. SWIGERT's, (formerly Mr. ALEXANDER's,) are daily expected.

Breakdown of a Black-mailing Device—The Swindler Handsomely Checkmated.

Mr. REUBEN SWAN, doing business at No. 330 Broadway, received a letter from an unknown source on Friday, accusing him of some shameful transaction or act, and demanding the loan of $50 as hush-money. Mr. SWAN, having nothing to fear from exposure, took counsel with the Police, and laid a trap for the unknown black-mailer by answering the note and making an appointment with him, which was kept by a man giving the name of HENRY CLAY JENKINS, aged 26, and residing at No. 172 Division-street. He was arrested by Officer LEWIS, of the Fourteenth Ward, yesterday morning, and was arraigned before Justice HOGAN at the Tombs to answer the charge. In making his affidavit relating the above facts, Mr. SWAN exhibited the following correspondence:

MAY 22, 1868.

Reuben Swan, Esq., with Lathrop & Co., No. 330 Broadway:

SIR: I write this note as a matter of business, and trust, as a business man, it will receive your immediate attention. I write in behalf of a second person who is in pressing want of $50 to leave New-York for the West. His reason for calling on you is because you can aid him, and he feels you must, to save your character, name, position; in fact, all a man holds dear in honor before his fellow-men. When I say that I have the clearest and most damning evidence of your vile and disgusting practices, I speak only the truth. You can see in one moment that I am fully posted as to how you stand, and know when I say *our* demand must be promptly met, which makes all further talk unnecessary. I am on intimate terms with the EARLES. One word with the proof I have would drive you from their house, and I give you warning if our demand is not met I would not hesitate an instant as to my course. I don't care to see you; send $50 directed to me, and I give you my word as a *man* I would trouble you no more, and would not now, only I am in pressing want for other parties. This is not black-mail; I am not in that business; it's a kind of favor *you must grant*. Send sealed envelope containing sum mentioned to these initials, "For M. E. W., No. 131 Hester-street Saloon." It's the quietest place I can think of to transact business like ours. I trust I've said all that's necessary, and I can only wait for your reply expected by *six o'clock to-night.*

NEW-YORK, May 23, 1868.

M. E. W.: Your note came safe to this date, and, as you must know, I feel a delicacy in the matter of your knowledge of me, therefore shall beg an interview before loaning you the money, for how am I to know who I am in confidence with? You can see me to-night at the corner of Broadway and Canal, between 6 and 7 o'clock, or at Earle's Hotel Sunday morning at 9 A. M. Trusting this will be satisfactory until we meet, I am, R. S.

MAY 24—8 A. M.

Yours of yesterday was received. I was at place appointed, corner of Broadway and Canal-street, on time, but failed to see you, on account of Stone, I suppose. I cannot meet you in the morning; business calls me to Brooklyn to-night. I don't know as our interview will be of any avail, though I am perfectly willing to meet you at any time or place. My plan is made, and by your acting your part in an honorable way, you will find we are gentlemen. I give my word. Answer our demand, and never again will I disturb you; it's only under existing circumstances that I do so now. I start West to-morrow night, I hope, and cannot say when I return. I drop all interest in the matter after amount asked is paid, and will put no one on you, letting your secrets be dead for all of me. If convenient, send by bearer who knows not the contents of this, or who he has the honor of calling on, $50. If that sum is not convenient, some amount that is, and name earliest hour for payment of balance. I am in pressing want of money just now, therefore so imperative. M. E. W.

We hold your note of to-day; will return if you wish it.

The Magistrate held JENKINS for trial on this charge in default of bail.

American Bible Union—Sermon by Rev. J. W. Sarles.

Yesterday Rev. J. W. SARLES, of Brooklyn, delivered a sermon at the First Mariners' Baptist Church, before the American Bible Union, his text being the 11th verse of the 8th chapter of St. Luke—"Now the parable is this: The seed is the word of God."

After explaining the circumstances under which this parable was spoken by our Lord, he said that the word was not likened to a root or a branch, or the fruit of a tree, but to the seed. The Word was the beginning, and from it all things must spring, as the plant sprang from the seed. All through the divine book a close connection was maintained between the Word and the Kingdom of Heaven. It was stated over and over again that without the Word we could not hope to obtain the kingdom. The Word had grown up and was increasing, and multiplying, and spreading itself through all nations, until now there is scarcely a country on the globe where those who will, may not have the Word preached unto them. He trusted that the time was not far distant when, through the efforts of the Bible, union and kindred societies, the Gospel would be carried to the very uttermost parts of the earth. He prayed that time might not be far distant, and that the enlightening, softening and reclaiming power of the Holy Spirit might fall on those who were now in the bonds of darkness.

Rev. Dr. COLWELL was then introduced as one who is spreading the seed in the old slave-pens of Richmond. Dr. COLWELL related many interesting experiences of his Ministry in the South. The minds of the freedmen, he said, appeared to have been specially prepared for the reception of the Word. They hungered for it, and those who were able to read it for themselves were indeed proud and happy. He thought that the preaching of Ministry would have more effect if it were confined to and based on the Gospel. A good work was being done among the six millions of poor whites and blacks in the South. In many large cities the baptisms average two hundred per month.

A collection was then taken up, and the congregation were dismissed with the benediction.

Meeting of Hebrew Christians.

A public meeting of Hebrew Christians was held at Room No. 24, Cooper Institute, last evening, for the purpose of presenting the claims of the Messiah to their inquiring brethren. Brief addresses were made by a number of gentlemen present, who took the ground that the evidences and results of Christianity could not be successfully disputed. The meaning of the term Pentecost was also explained both in its literal and typical sense, the object being to show that the dispensation of divine mercy, as recorded in the New Testament, was intended to supersede the dispensation of the law, which forms so important a feature in the Hebrew faith. The speakers dwelt at some length on the life, death and resurrection of Christ, with a view of convincing their hearers that He was the true Messiah.

Preliminary arrangements were then made for holding an anniversary meeting of the Brotherhood, after which the exercises closed with the Benediction.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

HEAVY BURGLARY IN OLD-SLIP.—At an early hour yesterday morning the Police found the street door of the store of GERARD BETTS & Co., No. 7 Old-slip, wide open, having been sprung by burglars after they had robbed the safes in the office. It is supposed that some one of the gang secreted himself in the building on Saturday night, and that the burglars then forced open the doors of a small safe in the office with a large screw, in which safe they found the keys belonging to a larger safe standing near the door. They must have unlocked the outer door and broke in the inner one with a crowbar or jimmy, after which they escaped with four $1,000 United States bonds, twenty-five shares of the Glen Cove Starch Manufacturing Co., valued at $1,000, besides a gold watch and chain and a set of diamond jewelry valued at $1,000, together with $500 worth of revenue and postal stamps, making the aggregate value of plunder $6,500. No trace was left by the thieves as to their identity beyond the fact that the detectives believe the burglary to be the work of professional cracksmen. Mr. GERARD BETTS, the owner of the stolen property, offers a reward for the return of the property, the details of which will be found in our advertising columns.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.—The Central Park meteorological report for the week ending May 23, gives the following record—Barometer: Observed heights, maximum, 30.093; minimum, 29.642; mean, 29.642; difference, or range, 0.451. Thermometer: Maximum at 4 P. M. of 22d, 70 degrees Fahrenheit; minimum at 5 and 7 A. M., of 19th, 48; difference, or range, 22 degrees. During the week the wind traveled 1,214.65, or averaging 173½ miles per day. Rain fell on 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 23d. Duration of actual raining 72 hours and ten minutes, falling to the depth of 3.185 inches.

LARCENY FROM THE ASTOR HOUSE.—Private Detective DEVOY, of the Astor House, arrested PHILIP PHAFFMAN, the upholsterer employed in that hotel for the last twenty-five years, on a charge of stealing two carpets, valued at $120, and owned by the hotel proprietors. When arraigned before Justice HOGAN the prisoner was held for trial. He is 52 years of age. It is alleged that the accused stole other carpets, but those mentioned in the complaint were the only two found in his possession.

THE MORGUE.—There was brought to the Morgue, Sunday, May 24, from the foot of Thirty-eighth-street, East River, the body of an unknown man; skull completely bare. Had on black cloth pants, gray cloth pants, plaid vest, plaid woolen shirt, white cotton shirt and brogans. Body too much decomposed to be placed on the Morgue.

CHURCH CONCERT.—The senior Bible class of the Forsyth-street Methodist Church will give a concert at their church on Wednesday evening. Among the talent announced to assist are Mr. W. J. HILL, the celebrated tenor; the Tremaine Brothers, and Mr. J. G. PEARSON. The affair promises to be eminently successful.

DISCOVERY OF THE BODY OF CAPT. A. DE PEYSTER.—The body of Capt. A. DE PEYSTER, late Governor of the Sailors' Snug Harbor, Staten Island, who has been missing since the 23d of January last, was found on Saturday at Port Johnson, Hudson County, New-Jersey.

SALE OF THE COZZENS COLLECTION.—The sale of the Cozzens Paintings at LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & Co.'s Salesroom in Clinton Hall on Friday evening, realized $40,638.

GRANT CLUB.—A Grant Club was organized on Saturday evening at No. 106 Sixth-avenue. Mr. F. A. CONKLING was elected President, and OWEN W. BRENNAN and ERASTUS C. BENEDICT, Vice-Presidents.

ITEMS.—JOHN HUNT was severely injured by a bar of iron falling on him on board of the steamer *Manhattan*, at Pier No. 46, North River....FRANK TUNOH had his foot crushed by machinery on the steamer *St. Euterpe*, while off Sandy Hook....A woman, supposed to be MARTHA ROSS, from a Greenwich Savings Bank deposit book found in her possession, was picked up in an insensible condition, the result of a fall. She was taken to Bellevue....FRANCIS DEVINE and JOHN W. ELLER fought in a shanty in Twenty-ninth-street, on Saturday night, when DEVINE was severely wounded in the head by his opponent with a hatchet. ELLER was arrested....The canal-boat *Elmira*, loaded with coal, lying at Pier No. 23, East River, had a hole stove in her bottom during the storm on Saturday, and sunk during the night....The remains of an unknown man were found in the East River, near Thirty-eighth-street, yesterday, and removed to the Morgue for identification.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

PROBABLE MURDER.—About 9 o'clock last night CHRISTOPHER DREYER, a bar-tender at the liquor store corner of North Fourth and Third streets, E. D., was stabbed in the right breast by a man named HASTED, and the wound will probably prove fatal. It seems that HASTED was employed by the proprietor of the place to do some carpenter work during the past week, and that frequent disputes occurred between him and the bar-tender in relation to drinks. Last night the dispute was renewed, when HASTED drew a formidable knife and plunged it into DREYER's breast. He then deliberately walked away, but will probably be arrested this morning. DREYER's injuries will probably prove fatal.

FIREMEN'S FIGHT.—About 7 o'clock last evening, during an alarm of fire, a sanguinary fight took place between the members of Engine Company No. 7 and Hose Company No. 8, in Grand-street, E. D., during which several persons were badly injured, and a man named CAMPBELL was run over and shockingly mutilated.

NEW-JERSEY.

POLITICAL.—A mass-meeting to ratify the nominations made at Chicago, is to be held in Jersey City on an early day. The Council of the Union League of Bergen City, at their meeting on Friday night, adopted resolutions with reference to the action of the Republican National Convention. They indorse the nomination of GRANT and COLFAX, and will fight on that line all Summer to elect them; indorse the platform of principles adopted by the Convention, especially those resolutions pledging the Government to carry out the Congressional plan of reconstruction, to maintain "inviolate the faith of the nation to its creditors, and demanding that the protection of the United States be extended to all citizens traveling abroad. A committee of the League was appointed to make arrangements for the holding of a public meeting to ratify the nominations and inaugurate the campaign for the Summer. "The Pennington Council" held the first ratification meeting of the campaign in Newark on Friday night, at which stirring speeches were made, songs sung, and great enthusiasm prevailed. A ratification meeting is to be held at the Opera House, in Newark, on Tuesday evening of this week, at which it is expected that CORTLANDT PARKER, Esq., the New-Jersey delegate to the Chicago Convention, will be one of the speakers.

DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Yeestrday afternoon, about 1 o'clock, as a colored man named EDWARD MORGAN, residing at No. 43 Academy-street, Newark, was crossing the canal bridge at Plane-street, in that city, he was set upon by two young ruffians who knocked him down and rifled his pockets of a wallet containing a small amount of money. Before the fellows had time to escape, Officers ALLEN and BERGEN came up and attempted to take them into custody, when they were set upon by some twenty of the friends of the thieves and were badly beaten. While the *mêlee* was in progress word was sent to the Police station and a squad of the reserve force was sent to the assistance of their fellow-officers, but upon their approach the ruffians fled, with the exception of three, whom Officers ALLISON and BERGEN succeeded in detaining. The names of the prisoners, who were committed to await examination, are CHARLES DEMPSEY *alias* Edward Ellis, PATRICK COX and JOHN ESCH. The pocket-book was subsequently recovered.

BREVITIES.—A youth who recently left Newark with $1,300 belonging to his employer, JAMES B. SAYER, has been found at his home in Pennsylvania. The money was restored....Capt. WACKERSHAM and Col. WM. WARD, of Newark, while attending the Convention at Chicago, last week, had their pockets picked. Capt. WACKERSHAM lost a gold watch and a considerable amount of money....The receipts at the German fair, in Newark, last week, to aid in erecting a Hospital, amounted to $3,000. The fair will continue open until Wednesday evening.

A USEFUL DUMMY INDIAN.—At 12:30 o'clock yesterday morning an attempt was made to rob the cigar store of JOSEPH H. THEIS, at No. 226 Grove-street, Jersey City. The thieves forced the front door by breaking the fastening to the lock and also a bolt, but in opening the door a dummy Indian was knocked down, making such a racket that Mr. THEIS, who was asleep in the room directly overhead, was awakened by the noise. The thieves did not tarry.

HOBOKEN RACES POSTPONED.—Owing to the continuance of unfavorable weather and the consequent unfit condition of the course, the fourth annual Spring meeting at Hoboken, announced to take place on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday of this week, has been postponed to Thursday, 28th, Friday, 29th, and Monday, June 1.

AN OLD LANDMARK GOING.—The old "Hoboken House," at the Hoboken ferry, and which at the times of the "Atlantic Garden," was the great popular resort for New-Yorkers in dog days, is doomed by the march of improvement, and will be numbered among things of the past. The house has been closed and is to be sold at auction sale, and on ground upon which it stands will be erected buildings for the occupancy of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company.

GRAND LARCENY.—Complaint was made before Justice WHITE, of Hoboken, by a German named AUGUST BRUEZT, charging PETER WIELL, a porter in BUSCH's Hotel, with having stolen from his room a quantity of wearing apparel, valued at $80. A warrant for the arrest of the accused was issued, but up to last evening the officer was unable to ascertain his whereabouts.

HOBOKEN FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.—The following officers of the Hoboken Fire Department Fund have been elected for the ensuing year: President, PETER RITTER; Vice-President, HERMAN H. SCHMIDT; Treasurer, CHARLES CHAMBERLAIN. The amount of money on hand at the present time is $8,367.

ADDITIONAL STREET RAILWAY FACILITIES.—The line of cars which were withdrawn from the route running from the Hoboken Ferry through Grove-street to the Jersey City Ferry, have commenced running again.

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Broadway, e. s. cor. 38th-st., 78x100	$88,000
Bowery, w. s., 75 ft. s. Great Jones-st., 25x100	48,250
Delancey-st., s. s., 33 ft. w. of Cannon-st., 16x75	6,000
Lewis st., w. s., 58 ft. n. of Stanton-st., 22x50	4,250
Avenue B, n. w. cor. 6th-st., 20x93	8,300
Lexington-av., e. s., 60 ft. s. of 54th-st., 20x80	16,000
5th-st., n. s., 93 ft e. of Avenue B, 24x97	9,000
34th-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of 7th-av., 25x98	14,400
40th-st., s. s., 147 ft. w. of 2d-av., 18x98	14,600
41st-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of 8th-av., 25x98	5,960
47th-st., s. s., 400 ft. e. of 8th-av., 50x100	12,000
57th-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 2d-av., 100x100	14,000
62d-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x100	7,000
64th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 11th-av., 150x100	15,000
65th-st., n. e. cor. 1st-av., 100x100	13,000
65th-st., n. s., 400 ft. w. of 5th-av., 75x100	16,500
71st-st., n. s., 375 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x102	6,500
73d-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x102	800
111th-st., n. s., 370 ft. w. of 3d-av., 150x101	10,500
114th-st., n. e. cor. 3d-av., 100x100	22,500
119th-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x100	21,000
128th-st., s. s., bet. 4th and 5th avs., 25x99	9,000
123d-st., n. s., 425 ft. w. of 7th-av., 50x99	3,425
154th-st., n. s., 350 ft. e. of 8th-av., 250x100	3,500
2d-av., e. s., 25 ft. n. of 78th-st., 25x100	$8,400
2d-av., e. s., 76 ft. n. of 78th-st., 25x100	3,200
3d-av., w. s., 25 ft. s. of 70th-st., 25x95	9,000
10th-av., s. w. corner 108th-st., 100x100	5,570
Leases.	
Broadway, No. 1,384, 3 years	$1,000
North Moore-st., s. e. corner Greenwich-st., 21 years, 25x100	2,500
13th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 2d-av., lot 26x50, 20 yrs	250
West 24th-st., w. s., 2 and 4 Theatre, 10 1-6 years	10,000
West 26th-st., No. 105, 10 years	600
2d-av., No. 902, store. 3½ years	900
3d-av., No. 292. 3 years	2,800
6th-av., No. 288, 7 years	1,100
6th-av., No. 407, 5 years	1,440
KINGS COUNTY.	
Brooklyn.	
Baltic-st., n. s., 375 ft. w. of Smith-st., 25x100	4,800
Bergen-place, 100 ft. w. of Hoyt-st., 50x90	3,600
Bergen-place, 150 ft. w. of Hoyt-st., 25x99	1,800
Court-st., e. s., 19x80	7,500
Eldert-st., n. w. s., 95 ft. s. w. of Evergreen-av., 95x100	1,375
Hicks-st., w. s., 128 ft. s. of Clark-st., 27x125	30,845
Jefferson-st., 175 ft. e. of Broadway, 61x100	1,850
Kent-st., 124 ft. e. of Franklin-st. 20x100	2,000
Lafayette-av., n. s., 67 ft. w. of Oxford-st., 22x100	15,500
McKibbin-st., n. e. cor. of Smith. 25x100	6,000
McKibbin-st., s. w. cor. of Smith, 25x100	7,500
Orchard-st., e. s., 245 ft. s. of Norman-av., 25x100	800
Orchard-st., e. s., 150 ft. n. of Norman-av., 25x100	1,150
Oakland-st., e. s., 204 ft. n. of Van Cott-av., 25x100	650
Prince-st., w. s., 413 ft. s. of Willoughby-av., 20x85	4,000
Ross-st., s. w. s., 35 ft. s. w. of Wythe-av., 18x31	500
Scholes-st., n. s., 50 ft. w. of Morrel-st., 25x100	6,400
St. Felix-st., e. s., 185 ft. s. of DeKalb-av., 60x85	4,200
Wyckoff-st., s. s., 120 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	5,125
Wilson-st., e. s., 95 ft. n. of Kent-av., 22x100	1,000
Winfield-st., s. e. s., 200 ft. s. e. of Bushwick-av., 20x100 Margaretta-st., s. e. s., 200 ft. s. e. of Bushwick-av., 20x100	460
Winfield-st., s. e. s., 24 ft. n. e. of Bushwick-av., 20x100 Margaretta-st., s. e. s., 24 ft. n. e. of Bushwick-av., 20x100 Evergreen-av., cor. Evergreen-av., 3 lots, 60x100	1,300
Suydam-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of Willow-st., 25x95	400
Suydam-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of Willow-st., 25x95	2,500
Carlton-av., e. s., 23 ft. n. of Willoughby-av., 21x100	7,000
Franklin-av., w. s., 25x100	4,800
Gates-av., s. s., 425 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 20x100	9,500
Montrose-av., n. s. 50 ft. e. of Leonard-st. 25x100	10,150
Vanderbilt-av., w. s., 145 ft. s. of Green-av., 50x100 Clermont-av., e. s. 145 ft. s. of Green-av., 50x100	6,800
8th-st., n. s., 336 ft. n. e. of 4th-av., 21x100	500
4th-av., w. s., 87 ft. s. of 16th-st., 22x103	400
Leases.	
Throop-av., between Ellery-st. and Park-av., store and dwelling, 3 years	$228
Atlantic Docks, No. 4, 5 years	2,500
Warren-st., n. w. cor. Classon-av., 5 years	35
20th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of 6th-av., 5 years	20
NEW-JERSEY.	
Bergen.	
Wedlon-st., s. s., corner Stuyvesant av., lot 96x100	$1,500
Bramhall-av., E. P., 25x100	
West View-av., s. w. s., near West Side av., 75x146	1,275
Bergen Point.	
Union-av., w. s., 13 ft. s. of Oatland-av., 145x172	1,500
Hudson.	
Scott-st., s. s., 24x105	$500
Highland-av., 75x100	1,400
Franklin-st., e. s., 25x100	650
Hudson-av., e. s., 100x60	4,000
South-st., n. s., 35.5 ft. w. of Pierce-av., 20x100	2,500
Bergenwood-av., w. s., 75 ft. n. of Mandeville-st., 23x100	400
St. Paul-av., 25x104	775
Jersey City.	
Pavonia-av., n. s., 175 ft. w. of Meadow-st., 25x100	$4,050
Jersey-av., e. s., 50 ft. s. of South 7th-st., 17x61	7,800
Erie-st., w. s. 75 ft. n. of South 1st-st., 25x140	5,000
Erie-st., w. s., 74 ft. s of South 4th-st., 13x75	2,500
Jersey-av., e. s., 33 ft. s. of South 7th-st., 16x61	7,700
Grand-st., n. s., No. 54, 25x100	3,500
Union.	
Bergen line road, near John Crawley, 10x100 Bergen line road, near John Crawley, 75x100	$950
Weaertown.	
New-York & Paterson plankroad, e. s., 8-10 acres	$1,300

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PARIS, Saturday, May 23—11:15 A. M.

Specie continues to flow to the Bank of France. The bullion on hand this week is fully 18,000,000 of francs greater than last week.

LONDON, Saturday, May 23—11:15 A. M.

Consols open at 94¾@94⅞ for money, and 93¾@93⅞ for the account, ex dividend.

American Securities open at the following quotations:

United States Five-twenty Bonds	71⅝@71¾
Erie Railway Shares	45¾
Illinois Centrals	96

FRANKFORT, Saturday, May 23.

United States Five-twenty Bonds open at 76⅜@76⅝ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, May 23—11:15 A. M.

COTTON—The market opens steady, and the sales of the day will probably reach 8,000 bales. The following are the opening quotations:

Middling Uplands	11⅛d.
Middling Orleans	11⅞d.

BREADSTUFFS—The market opens dull. Corn, 38s. 6d. ⅌ quarter for new Mixed Western. California Wheat is quiet at 14s. 10d. ⅌ cental; No. 2 Red Western is dull, and has declined to 13s. 5d. Oats, 3s. 10d. ⅌ bushel. Peas, 46s. ⅌ 504 lbs. Flour, 35s. ⅌ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 110s. ⅌ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork, 85s. ⅌ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard, 68s. ⅌ cwt. Cheese, 52s. ⅌ cwt. for the best grades of fine. Bacon, 48s. ⅌ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Resin 6s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. for Common North Carolina, and 12s. for Medium. Tallow 44s. 6d ⅌ cwt. Turpentine 30s. ⅌ cwt. Refined Petroleum firmer at 1s. 2d. ⅌ gallon; Spirits Petroleum 7d. ⅌ gallon.

LONDON, Saturday, May 23—11:15 A. M.

Sugar is a shade easier at 27s. 9d. ⅌ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Linseed Oil £35 ⅌ ton. Linseed Cakes £10 10s. ⅌ ton. for Thin Oblong, for feeding. Sperm Oil £96 ⅌ ton.

LONDON, Saturday, May 23—2 P. M.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange invariably close earlier on Saturday. The following sales, just made, are the closing prices of the week:

Consols for money	94¾@94⅞
Consols for account	93¾@93⅞
U. S. Five-twenty Bonds	71⅝@71¾
Erie Railway Shares	45¾
Illinois Centrals	95¾
Atlantic and Great Western	32⅛

FRANKFORT, Saturday, May 23.

Bonds close a shade easier at 76⅜@76⅝ for the old issue.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, May 23—2 P. M.

COTTON—Cotton closed steady, with rather more doing. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales. The closing quotations are as follows:

Middling Uplands	11⅛d.
Middling Orleans	11⅞d.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 38s. 6d. ⅌ quarter for New Mixed Western. Wheat, 14s. 10d. ⅌ cental for California White; Red Western has declined to 13s. 4d. Oats, 3s. 10d. ⅌ bushel. Peas, 46s. ⅌ 504 lbs. Flour, 35s. ⅌ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 110s. ⅌ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork is firm at 85s. ⅌ cwt for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard quiet at 68s. ⅌ cwt. Cheese, 52s. ⅌ cwt. for the best grades of fine. Bacon, 48s. ⅌ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Resin, 6s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. for Common North Carolina, and 12s. for Medium. Tallow, 44s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. Turpentine, 30s. ⅌ cwt. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. ⅌ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 7d. ⅌ gallon. Sugar dull at 27s. 9d. ⅌ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Linseed Oil, £35 ⅌ ton. Linseed Cakes, £10 10s. ⅌ ton. Sperm Oil, £96 ⅌ ton.

ANTWERP, Saturday, May 23.

Petroleum closed at 43½f. ⅌ bbl. for Standard White.

HAVANA, Saturday, May 23.

The following are the closing prices of merchandise for the week ending to-day: The Sugar market is unsettled; Nos. 10 to 12 is quoted at 7½@8 reals; Nos. 15 to 20 at 8¾@10 reals ⅌ arroba. Muscovadoes inactive at last quotations. MOLASSES SUGAR, 6@7½ reals for No. 7 to 10. MOLASSES firm at 5@6 reals for clayed, and 6½ reals for common or Muscovado. FREIGHTS slightly declined. SHOOKS, 9@10 reals. HOOPS dull at previous prices. FLOUR, at $12@$13. LARD, 19@19½c. ⅌ lb. for tierce, and 20c.@21c. in 25-lb. tins. LUMBER, $18@$20 ⅌ 1,000 feet, for White Pine, and $23@$24 ⅌ 1,000 feet for Pitch Pine. POTATOES, $5 50@$6 ⅌ bbl. TALLOW, 12c. @12½c. ⅌ lb.

Domestic Markets.

CHICAGO, Saturday, May 23.

FLOUR active and more or less firm; Spring Extra, $8@$10 50. WHEAT moderately active and declined 3c.@3½c.; No. 1 at $2; No. 2 at $1 90 @$1 90½. CORN active and declined 1c.; No. 1, at 89½c.; No. 2 at 88c. OATS tame at a decline of ½c.@¾c.; sales at 69½c.@69¾c. RYE, small business; No. 2, in store, 81c.@83c. BARLEY nominal and neglected. PROVISIONS firmer, but quiet; Mess Pork, $28 50. LARD, 18½c. SWEET PICKLED HAMS steady at 17½c. BULK MEATS inactive and firm. LIVE HOGS active and firmer; Common to medium, $7 87½@$8 55; fair to good smooth, $8 62½@$9. COTTON dull and unchanged. RECEIPTS to-day—7,000 bbls. Flour, 5,500 bushels Wheat, 48,000 bushels Corn, 44,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—1,800 bbls. Flour, 39,000 bushels Wheat, 135,000 bushels Corn, 124,000 bushels Oats.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, May 23.

The mining share market is buoyant, with an upward tendency. Ophir, 165; Gould and Curry, 415; Savage, 146; Chollar Potosi, 210; Hale and Norcross, 106; Crown Point, 112; Yellow Jacket, 1,110; Empire Mill, 220; Imperial, 207; Kentuck, 420. Legal tenders, 71½. Wheat, $2 05@$2 15.

OSWEGO, Saturday, May 23.

FLOUR in good demand, with a declining tendency; sales 2,200 bbls. at $10 75 for No. 1 Spring; $12 50 for Red Winter; $13 25 for White; $14 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and market drooping; sales 1,800 bushels Amber Michigan at $2 72. CORN quiet and nominally lower. PEAS in demand; sales 6,800 bushels Canada at $1 54, in bond. CORNMEAL $2 50 ⅌ cwt. MILLFEED dull; Shorts, $32; Shipstuffs, $36; Middlings, $38 ⅌ ton. CANAL FREIGHTS—Flour 40c., Wheat 9½c., Corn 8c. to New-York. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 84c.; to New-York, 92c.; to Albany, 42c. LAKE IMPORTS—40,300 bushels Wheat, 33,500 bushels Corn, and 1,400,000 feet Lumber. CANAL EXPORTS—22,700 bushels Wheat, 26,800 bushels Corn, and 1,700,000 feet Lumber.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, May 23.

TOBACCO active; Lugs, $6 25@$8 50; Dark Leaf, $8 50@$10; Factory Leaf, $10@$14; Medium to Good Bright, $14@$20. HEMP firm; Undressed, 45c.@50c.; Dressed, $2 60. FLOUR extremely dull; medium and low grades declined 25c.@50c.; Superfine, $7 25@$7 50; Double Extra, $9 50@$10 50; Treble Extra to Fancy, $11 25@$14 50. WHEAT dull; Fancy White and Red, $2 82@$2 85; Prime to Choice, $2 70@$2 75. CORN dull and inactive; Choice White, 90c.@92c. OATS firm at 80c.@82c. BARLEY—Common Spring, $1 50. RYE quiet at 87c.@90c. PROVISIONS very dull. Mess PORK, $29. BACON nominal. LARD dull; small business; sales at 19c. for tierce. RECEIPTS to-day—1,600 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 6,500 bushels Corn, 1,300 bushels Oats.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON in light demand; Middlings, 30c. PETROLEUM feverish. FLOUR dull, but Winter Wheat is held firmly; Superfine, $8 50@$9 25; Extra, $9 25@$10; Northwestern Extra Family, $10 25@$11 50; Pennsylvania and Ohio do., $10 75@$12 25. WHEAT in limited demand; Red, $2 80@$2 85; White, $2 90@$3 10. RYE, $2 15@ $2 20. CORN dull and declined 1c.; Yellow, $1 25; sales 30,000 bushels Mixed Western on secret terms. OATS steady—Western, 92c.; Pensylvania, 95c.; Southern, $1 @$1 05. GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged.

BUFFALO, Saturday, May 23.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 5,000 bushels; Corn, 73,000 bushels; Oats, none; Flour, 1,800 bbls. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 10,000 bushels; Corn, 103,000 bushels; Oats, 70,000 bushels. FREIGHTS—Wheat, 13½c.; Corn, 11c.; Oats, 7½c., to New-York. FLOUR dull at $10 25@$10 50 for city ground. WHEAT quiet: sales 15,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago at $2 10—an extreme price; buyers generally holding off. CORN—But little offered and sales small at $1 for mixed Western. OATS dull; sales 135,000 bushels Western at 79c. Other articles unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, May 23.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT unchanged. CORN firm at 88c. for Ear. OATS firmer; closing at 81c. RYE dull and unchanged. COTTON firm but quiet; Middling held at 29c. MESS PORK held at $28 50, but not salable better than $28 25. BULK MEATS dull; holders offer to make concessions; Shoulders can be bought at 12½c.; Sides, 14½c.; Clear Sides, 16½c. BACON firm at 14c.@17c.@17½c. for Shoulders, Clear Rib and Clear Sides. Sugar-cured HAMS, 19c.@20c. LARD held higher, at 18½c., buyers 18¼c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON quiet and dull; Middlings 29½c.; sales 150 bales; receipts 101 bales; exports 1,605 bales. Sterling Exchange 152½@154½. New-York Sight ⅛ ⅌ cent. premium. Gold 140⅜. SUGAR firm and unchanged. FLOUR unchanged; Superfine $8 87½. CORN firm at $1 03@ $1 05. OATS easy at 80c. HAY easier at $18@$20. PORK quietat $29 50. BACON—Shoulders 14c.; Clear Sides 18c. LARD steady; Tierce 19½c.; Keg 20½c.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON unchanged. FLOUR unchanged, and nothing doing. WHEAT dull and scarce, but no quotable change. CORN steady; White, $1 13@$1 16; Yellow, $1 22@$1 24. OATS steady; Western, 88c.; Maryland, 90c.@94c. RYE dull; Western, $2 05@$2 10. MESS PORK firm at $29 50. BACON quiet; Rib Sides, 16½c.; Clear Sides, 17½c.; Shoulders, 14½c. HAMS, 21c.@22½c. LARD dull at 19½c.@20c.

TOLEDO, Saturday, May 23.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT—White has advanced 1c; Amber unchanged; sales White Michigan at $2 89: Amber $2 61. CORN dull and lower; sales No. 1 at 94c@94½c.; Rejected 93c; buyers' option, May, 94c.@94½c. OATS firmer; 73½c. offered, 74c. asked. RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 8,500 bushels Corn, 1,800, bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Saturday, May 23.

FLOUR dull and lower; Choice Extras lower at $9 50; Medium at $8 60@8 87½. WHEAT unsettled; No. 1 at $2 03; No. 2 at $1 93. OATS quiet. CORN 89c for new. RECEIPTS to-day—1,800 bbls Flour, 58,000 bushels Wheat. 13,000 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls Flour, 6,500 bushels Wheat.

LOUISVILLE, Saturday, May 23.

TOBACCO—Sales 97 hhds, lugs to fine leaf $6 75@ $16. FLOUR—Superfine $8@$8 75. CORN 92c@95c. OATS 83c@85c. WHEAT $2 50@$2 55. RYE $2 10@$2 15. LARD 18¾c@19c. MESS PORK $28 50. BACON—Shoulders 14c; Clear Sides 18c; Bulk Shoulders 13½c; CLEAR Sides 17c. COTTON 28c@28½c.

MEMPHIS, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON dull at 29c.@30c. for Middling; receipts, 32 bales; exports, 347 bales. FLOUR unchanged. PORK, $29 50. BACON—Shoulders, 14c.; Clear Sides, 18c. LARD, 19c.@21c. CORN, 97c.@$1. OATS, 85c.

WILMINGTON, Saturday, May 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE declined; sales at 42½c. RESIN—Pale firm and lower grades weaker; Common $2; Extra $2@$2 56; Pale $5@$7. COTTON quiet. TAR firm at $3.

MOBILE, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON—The market closed firm; sales 150 bales Middling at 28½c.; receipts 60 bales; exports 831 bales.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON quiet, holders asking 30c. for Middlings; sales 104 bales; receipts 391 bales; exports, coastwise, 27 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Saturday, May 23.

COTTON firmer; sales 170 bales Middlings at 28½c. @29c.

SAVANNAH, Saturday, May 23.

COTTON firm but quiet; no sales; Middlings 30c.@ 30½c.; receipts 226 bales; exports 1,235 bales.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, May 23.

Stocks firm. Pennsylvania State Fives, 99; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 28⅜; Reading Railroad, 46¾; Pennsylvania Railroad. 52¼. Gold, 139¾.

[Advertisement.]

"WHAT TO DO."—The question, "What can I do best?" occurs to every one, and the choice of a life pursuit is the most important step in every man's history. Success or failure, riches or poverty, fame or infamy, happiness or misery, depend on the choice of a calling, or the occupation in which a person engages. One may shine in the law, another in medicine, another in divinity; one is inventive; another prefers agriculture, commerce, mechanism or manufacturing. Phrenology "puts the right man in the right place." Why not consult it? See *Phrenological Journal* for June; only 30 cents. Address S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

The burglar his own informer. The opening of each window and door rings a bell in your sleeping-room. The Burglar Alarm Telegraph is applied invisibly, and without damage; it is worth looking at. E. HOLMES, No. 201 Broadway.

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[Advertisement.]

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY seldom fails to cure a cough or cold.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Saxonia	May 26	New-York	Hamburg.
Russia	May 27	New-York	Liverpool.
Manhattan	May 27	New-York	Liverpool.
Malta	May 28	New-York	Liverpool.
Hansa	May 28	New-York	Bremen.
Quaker City	May 30	New-York	Bremen.
City of London	May 30	New-York	Liverpool.
Cella	May 30	New-York	London.
Hibernia	May 30	New-York	Glasgow.
Europe	May 30	New-York	Brest.
FOR HAVANA.			
Columbia	May 28	New-York	Havana.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

TUESDAY.

Mails for Europe, *via* Southampton and Hamburg, by the *Saxonia*, close at the General Post Office at 12 M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier foot of Third-street, Hoboken, to 1:45 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P.M.
Western Mails	5 A. M., 3:30, 4:36 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at	1:30 P. M

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Cleopatra, from New-Orleans—W. B. Finch and wife, Miss Lillie Tompkins, Miss Laura Tompkins, Mrs. T. L. White, Mrs. S. Bowman, Mrs. A. Benjamin, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Robertson, C. Loeffler, Mrs. C. Loeffler, Miss Loeffler, Mr. Hancock, J. McCrea, J. B. Rich, Martin L. Miller, W. H. Wyllis, Capt. C. D. Mehoffey, U. S. A., J. B. Mehoffey, L. F. Rogers, H. Elmensing, C. Hutching, and 25 in the steerage.

MAY 24—*In steamship Hibernia, from Glasgow*—Mr. and and Mrs. Kelly, Miss Crawford, D. W. Tompkins, Rev. John Kumear, Miss Davis, Miss Williams, David Muir, Miss Lowry.

MAY 23—*In steamship Etna, from Liverpool*—Arthur W. Senior and family, H. W. Mitchell and lady, C. N. Roberts. From Halifax—Mrs. Star, Mrs. Tucker, Capt. Coffin, Mrs. H. Fletcher and infant, Wm. Miller.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 35 | Sun sets...... 7 20 | Moon sets....10 42

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..10 26 | Gov. Island..11 15 | Hell Gate ..12 37

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, May 24.

Arrived.

Steamship Bremen, (N. G.,) Meynaber, Bremen May 9, via Southampton 12th, with mdse. and 748 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Experienced strong westerly winds, accompanied with fog and rain, most of the passage. May 19, lat. 44 19, lon. 43 40, passed steamship New-York, (N. G.,) hence for Bremen. Same day, lat. 44, lon. 44 52, passed brig Marianna, bound E. 23d, lat. 41 20, lon. 64 7, steamship Deutschland, (N. G.,) hence for Bremen.

Steamship Hibernia, (Br.,) Munro, Glasgow May 8, and Moville 9th, with mdse. and 449 passengers Henderson Bros. Experienced westerly winds the entire passage. May 21, lat. 41, lon. 60, passed ship Rob Roy, bound E. 20th, lat. 41 50, passed steamship Caledonia, hence for Glasgow.

Steamship Cleopatra, Phillips, New-Orleans May 16, and S. W. Pass 17th, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamship Lord Lovell, (Br.,) Jones, Havana May 17, with sugar to J. Lorillard. Experienced strong N. E. gales on the passage.

Steamship W. P. Clyde, Powell, Wilmington, N. C., with naval stores to Jas. Hand.

Steamship Chesapeake, Sherwood, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to J. F. Ames.

Steamship Oceanus, Davis, Providence, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Steamship Niagara, Blakeman, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to N. L. McCready.

Steamship Acushnet, Kelly, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Ferguson & Wood.

Steamer Ospray, Kenny, Providence.

Ship Ironsides, Merrill, Liverpool 43 ds., with mdse. to Nesmith & Son. Had westerly gales up to the Banks, and since that time light N. E. winds and fogs.

Ship Victory, Briggs, Liverpool April 12, with mdse. and 652 passengers to David Ogden. Has had 3 deaths among the passengers, all children under 3 years. Had very heavy weather from the English Channel up to the longitude of the Western Islands, and from lat. 42, lon. 35, had been but 12 ds. with fine weather.

Ship Free Trade, Smith, Newcastle, Eng., 52 ds., with mdse. to Samuel G. Reed. Had westerly gales up to the Banks, and since that time has had light winds and fogs.

Bark Eureka, Holloway, Antwerp March 26, with mdse. to Crandall, Umphray & Co. Had very heavy westerly gales up to the Banks; since then moderate weather, with thick fog and rain. April 17, exchanged longitudes with ship Colonist, of Liverpool, bound E.

Bark Atalanta, (N. G.,) Hagemann, Bremen 49 ds., with mdse. and 264 passengers to master. Had one birth and two deaths on the passage. Experienced heavy westerly gales.

Bark Fruiterer, (Br.,) Totten, Liverpool 64 ds., with salt to Carlisle & Son. Experienced very heavy weather during the entire passage; lost sails, carried away jib-boom, and shipped a sea which stove companion-way and did other damage.

Schr. Freedom, Blair, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Schr. Telegraph, (Br.,) Wood, Cornwallis, N. S., 12 ds., with potatoes to Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Schr. Emily Jones, Parker, Pawtucket, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Sarah Clark, Griffin, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Vapor, Bogart, Baltimore 6 ds., with coal for Boston.

Schr.-yacht Mystic, Sparkman, from a cruise from the eastward.

Schr. Charles A. Grainor, Harvey, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Mary Langdon, ——, Clinton Point, for Hartford.

Schr. Maria Fleming, Baker, Norwich.

Schr. Joseph Strickland, Clark, St. George's Bank.

Schr. Susan Burton, Burton, Bridgeport.

Schr. Empire, Lovell, Providence.

Schr. Eva, Sherman, Norwich, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Gale, Warwick, New-Haven.

Schr. E. Brainerd, Wells, Portland.

Schr. J. S. Curtis, Smith, Portland.

Schr. Eclipse, Griffin, Bridgeport.

Schr. Richard Borden, Borden, Fall River.

Schr. A. G. Hazard, Minor, Hartford.

Schr. Ann Eliza, Caswell, New-London.

Schr. F. Merwin, Bunce, Providence.

Schr. H. P. Ely, Stokes, Taunton.

Schr. Phil. Sheridan, Murphy, Providence.

Schr. Daniel Webster, Rackett, New-London.

Schr. David Currie, Reed, Portland.

Schr. Anna, Post, Newport.

Schr. E. A. Elliott, Nickerson, Pawtucket.

Schr. Monitor, Nickerson, New-Bedford.

Schr. Hester, Davis, Portchester.

Schr. S. S. Smith, Hand, Sag Harbor.

Schr. George Gilman, Chapman, Portland.

Schr. Wm. Gray, Clark, Portland.

Schr. G. A. Hayden, Churchill, Portland.

Schr. Electric, Hubbard, Portland.

Schr. Castillian, Jordan, Rondout, for Portland.

Schr. Alabama, Gardner, Newburg, for Boston.

Schr. Wm. McGee, Lawson, Virginia.

SANDY HOOK, Sunset—Wind light S. E., hazy.

BELOW—Bark Stella, (N. G.,) Steengrafe, 48 ds. from Bremen.—(By pilot-boat James Avery, No. 9.)

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, May 24—Arr. brigs Arthur Eggleso, from Goree; Acadia, Cienfuegos; R. M. Heslon, Trinidad; schr. Herbert, Port-au-Prince; steamship Wm. Kennedy, Baltimore; ship Clara Ann, New-Orleans; barks Surprise, San Francisco; Sarah Payson, London.

CHARLESTON, May 23—Arr. steamship Manhattan, from New-York.

Sld. steamships Saragossa and Charleston, for New-York.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 24—Passed up, brig Chesapeake, from Demerara for Baltimore.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23—Arr. brig Belvidere, from Yokohama.

SAVANNAH, May 23—Sld. steamships San Salvador, for New-York, and Wyoming, for Philadelphia.

Miscellaneous.

The ship Lansdowne, (of London,) Spowart, from Foo Chow, before reported at anchor at the S. W. Spit, came up to the City this morning, and reports having passed Anjiers Feb. 23, Cape of Good Hope March 25, crossed the equator April 17, in lon. 24. April 2, lat. 19 57 S., lon. 2 34 W., spoke Dutch bark Australian, from Batavia for Rotterdam, 50 ds. out; same time, spoke Br. ship Naturast, from Colombo for London, 61 ds. out. April 3, lat. 18 3 S., lon. 49 W., spoke Br. bark Ellen Browse, from Colombo for London, 53 ds. out. 19th, lat. 4 9 S., lon. 23 17, spoke Br. ship Pride of Canada, from Liverpool for Calcutta, 27 ds. out. 25th, lat. 1 50 N., lon. 23 32, saw Dutch bark Gared, from —— for Rotterdam.

Spoken, &c.

Marco Polo—N. G. bark, from Bremen for New-York, April 9, lat. 36 48, lon. 49.

Mary Russell—ship, from New-Orleans for Havre, May 12, off Gun Key.

Perseverance—ship, of Liverpool, bound E., April 22, lat. 43 50, lon 31.

Quebec—ship, of Windsor, N. S., from Liverpool for Boston, 14 ds. out, April 17, lat. 47, lon. 28 30.

Tropic Bird—bark, of Yarmouth, N. S., from Havana for Falmouth, 18 ds. out, May 18, lat. 41, lon. 66.

Foreign Ports.

At Sagua, May 11, bark Lavina, brig Angelina and schr. Lath Rich.

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PLATED WARE,

GAS FIXTURES.

GEO. H. KITCHEN & CO.,
No. 591 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

HOME WEEKLY.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 345, May 23, 1868.
67, 31, 56, 12, 15, 66, 19, 53, 14, 45, 55, 50, 29.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 346, May 23, 1868.
29, 48, 51, 72, 14, 64, 43, 19, 74, 42, 61, 18, 45.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS No. 397. May 23. 1868.
32, 8, 69, 43, 27, 1, 52, 16, 61, 74, 19, 41, 31.
PADUCAH—CLASS No. 398, May 23, 1868.
38, 8, 12, 61, 33, 29, 18, 76, 25, 10, 7, 66, 55.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
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TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

HOBOKEN RACES
Postponed on account of weather, to THURSDAY, May 28, FRIDAY, May 29, and MONDAY, June 1, 1868.
J. H. LYONS, Secretary.